



BRUSH BANDIT

**BUILT WITH QUALITY
AND DESIGN FIRST**

ATTENTION:

Depending on what replacement parts you are ordering, we will need the following information:

CHIPPER COMPONENTS

Serial Number
Model Number of Chipper

ENGINE COMPONENTS

Brand
Engine Serial Number
Engine Spec. Number

CLUTCH COMPONENTS

Brand
Serial Number
Assembly of Clutch

WHOLE TREE CHIPPER MODEL 1850 OPERATING & PARTS MANUAL

Model No: **1850** _____

Serial No: _____

DEALER:

Name: _____

Address: _____

City/State: _____

Phone No: _____

Delivery Date: _____

Engine Make: _____

Serial No: _____

Clutch Make: _____

Model: _____ S/N _____



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MANUFACTURED BY
BANDIT INDUSTRIES, INC.
6750 Millbrook Road
REMUS, MICHIGAN, USA 49340
PHONE: (800) 952-0178 IN USA
PHONE: (989) 561-2270 OR 561-2272
FAX: (989) 561-2273 ~ SALES DEPT.
FAX: (989) 561-2962 ~ PARTS/SERVICE
E-MAIL: www.banditchippers.com

IT IS VERY IMPORTANT THAT THIS FORM IS FILLED OUT COMPLETELY & ACCURATELY. IF WE CANNOT READ THE PURCHASER'S INFORMATION OR IT IS INCORRECT, OUR CUSTOMER LIST WILL NOT BE ACCURATE.

IMPORTANT - THIS FORM MUST BE RETURNED TO THE CUSTOMER DATA DEPARTMENT WITHIN TEN (10) DAYS IN ORDER TO VALIDATE WARRANTY

**Customer Data Department
6750 Millbrook Road
Remus, MI, USA 49340
Phone: (800) 952-0178 in USA
Phone: (989) 561-2270
Fax: (989) 561-2273
E-mail: www.banditchippers.com**

**WARRANTY VALIDATION FORM
(WHOLE TREE & LOADER FED CHIPPER)**

PURCHASER / OWNER INFORMATION:

Company Name _____ Contact Name _____
Mailing/Street Address _____ City _____
State _____ Zip Code _____ Country _____ Telephone Number (____) _____
E-mail _____ Machine Model No. _____ Date Put Into Service _____
Machine Serial No. _____ Machine Work Order No. _____ Machine Hours _____
Engine Make _____ Engine Serial No. _____ Machine Color _____

DEALER / SELLER INFORMATION:

Dealer/Seller Name _____ Contact Name _____
Mailing/Street Address _____ City _____
State _____ Zip Code _____ Country _____ Telephone Number (____) _____

1. _____ Customer has been instructed and understands operation and all safety aspects of operating the equipment.
2. _____ Customer has been instructed and understands that everyone within 100 feet (30 m) of machine must wear personal safety equipment (i.e. hard hat, face shield, safety glasses, gloves, ear protection, etc.)
3. _____ Customer has been instructed and understands equipment maintenance schedules, procedures, and that it is their responsibility to perform maintenance that includes periodic relief valve adjustments, retightening all fasteners as needed, periodic cleaning of flow divider, clutch and belt adjustments, etc.
4. _____ Customer has been advised and understands not to reach into the infeed hopper with hands or feet. The machine operators must always be located within easy reach of all feed control and shut down devices.
5. _____ Customer understands that this machine is designed to be "loader" fed and is to follow all feeding instructions in the manual. The customer understands that under no circumstances should the operator hand feed these machines or use anything other than a mechanical device, knuckle boom loader, or the machines loader to feed these machines.
6. _____ Customer understands the purpose of and how to operate any safety devices or guards and to never attempt to override any safety devices or guards.
7. _____ Customer has been instructed and understands to always remove the ignition key and completely disconnect battery from cables, wait for the chipper disc/drum to come to a complete stop, and to install the disc/drum lock before performing any type of maintenance on the machine. Allow all the time necessary for the disc/drum to come to a complete stop before opening the disc/drum housing or starting any maintenance or service procedures. Customer has been shown and understands the purpose of the beltshield inspection hole and to not attempt any maintenance until belts are visually confirmed to have come to a complete stop.
8. _____ Customer has been instructed and understands: To Not operate this machine without the factory approved hood pin assembly in place and padlocked. To Not operate this machine with any type of make shift hood pin. To Not operate this machine under any circumstances with the chipper hood open or unsecured.
9. _____ Customer has reviewed and understands limited warranty, and all written and visual instructions.
10. _____ Customer has received, been advised, and understands the manuals, and the Safety/Service video supplied with the chipper. A video is supplied for equipment models as available.
11. _____ All Danger, Warning and Operational decals are properly displayed on equipment and fully understood by customer.
12. _____ Customer has been instructed, understands, and agrees that all potential operators must: See the supplied video, be instructed on all the Danger, Warning and Operational decals, read the manual and follow the procedures.

I have inspected this equipment and find it in correct working condition. To the best of my knowledge, the customer and his/her personnel are aware of, and agree to the above procedures.

Signed: _____ Date: _____
(Dealer Representative)

The equipment has been thoroughly checked by the above named dealer representative, and I am satisfied with his/her instructions. I have also read, understand, and agree to reverse side of page.

Signed: _____ Date: _____
(Customer)

SAFETY PROCEDURES

WHOLE TREE & LOADER FED CHIPPERS

SAFETY ALERT SYMBOLS AND NOTATIONS

Signal Word	Likelihood of Occurrence	Degree of Potential Injury or Damage
⚠ DANGER	Will occur if warning is ignored	Severe
⚠ WARNING	Can occur if warning is ignored	Severe
⚠ CAUTION	Will or can occur if warning is ignored	Minor to Severe
NOTICE	Important, but not hazard related	Minor

THIS IS GENERAL INFORMATION REVIEW, UNDERSTAND AND FOLLOW DETAILED INFORMATION IN MANUALS AND DECALS AT ALL TIMES

⚠ DANGER

This machine is equipped with safety decals, guards and designs for your protection.

Don't ever take the machine for granted, always be cautious and careful when operating your equipment.

Read and follow all the instructions in your manual thoroughly. Your safety is dependent on your knowledge of how to operate and maintain this machine. You may obtain additional copies of this manual from your Bandit Dealer.

Before operating machine, you must have all potential operators; read and understand manuals and decals, watch the video and follow the recommendations.

Regardless of how hard a manufacturer tries to produce a safe machine, accidents still happen. Normally accidents are caused by people making mistakes. They do not read the manual, they ignore warning decals or do not use lockouts provided for their safety. This normally happens after the person has become accustomed to the machinery. In the initial start up and operation of the machinery, they are cautious, they are very careful because they do not understand the machine.

This equipment is intended for use by personnel who are experienced with similar equipment. Always operate safely. There should be at least two qualified and trained operators at the work site. They should be positioned in safe working locations, following safety procedures and instructions, and aware of each others whereabouts. There should, also, be at least two people on site during maintenance and service procedures in case an accident should occur. Never operate any machine while under the influence of drugs or alcohol.

Keep children, bystanders and animals clear of working area. Never operate equipment that is in need of repair or adjustment.

⚠ DANGER

Torn or loose clothing is more likely to get caught in moving machinery parts or tree branches. Keep such items as long hair, shirt sleeves, and shirt tails properly contained. Avoid wearing necklaces, rings, watches, and especially neckties while operating this machinery. Make sure the machine is in excellent condition, and all the guards are in place, tight and secure.

Wear all personal protection equipment and follow all safety standards per ANSI and OSHA instructions. Examples of equipment: hard hat, face shield, safety glasses, gloves, ear protection, etc. Do not wear gauntlet or secured fit gloves. Always keep a fully charged fire extinguisher with the machine while operating or servicing the machine.

⚠ DANGER

DO NOT operate this chipper or loader arm when anyone is performing any type of maintenance to the machine. Before attempting any type of maintenance disengage clutch, install clutch lock, turn off engine, wait for the chipper disc/drum to come to a complete stop, install the disc/drum lock pin, disconnect battery, make sure the ignition key is in your possession, and the loader arm, if equipped, is positioned on the ground. Failure to do this could result in serious injury or death.

⚠ DANGER

Before attempting any type of maintenance disengage clutch, install clutch lock, turn off engine, wait for the chipper disc/drum to come to a complete stop, install the disc/drum lock pin, disconnect battery, and make sure the ignition key is in your possession.

ALWAYS install the disc/drum lock pin to prevent inadvertent rotation. On disc chippers insert lock pin through lock pin tube on the belly band under hood rest. On drum chippers insert lock pin through lock pin tube on side of drum housing.

Simply slide the lock pin into the disc/drum lock tube. This is to ensure that the chipper disc/drum cannot be started while you are working inside the machine. If for some reason the chipper disc/drum would start to turn, it would simply hit the lock pin.

⚠ DANGER

Before starting the machine, take a minute to check a few things. The machine should be in an area restricted from people passing by. This area around the machine must be free of all objects that can obstruct your movement when working with the machine. The machine should be checked for loose tools or foreign objects, especially in the infeed hopper area. All tools not in use should be secured in a tool box.

⚠ DANGER

DO NOT remove the hood pin until the chipper disc/drum has come to a complete stop. The chipper disc/drum will coast for several minutes after the engine is shut down. Always wait at least several minutes.

DO NOT operate this machine without the Hood Pin in place. Do not operate the machine with any type of makeshift hood pin or an improperly installed hood pin! The Hood Pin MUST be padlocked.

DO NOT operate the machine with the chipper hood open under any circumstances.

⚠ DANGER

DO NOT run or operate this machine with any door/compartments open. Door enclosures are guards, you can be injured if open during operation.

⚠ DANGER

Never reach into the infeed hopper area of the machine, there is never any reason to. The feedwheels are designed to pull trees and brush of any length into the machine. Pulling a hand, arm, foot or entire body through the machine is much easier than pulling a tree. Do not think you will be able to pull yourself free of the feedwheels, they will not let go. There is absolutely no reason to work inside of the infeed hopper. If the feedwheels become tangled or clogged, stop the machine and wait several minutes before cleaning them out. If there are short pieces, just leave them until feeding longer pieces. While the long pieces are feeding, simply toss the short pieces on top of them. The longer pieces will take them on into the machine.

If there is larger diameter wood, try to feed it with smaller diameter wood. Start a small diameter limb which will partially open the feedwheels. Once the feedwheels are partially open it is much easier to insert the larger diameter wood.

When feeding larger diameter wood, listen for the engine to possibly lug down. If it starts lugging down stop the feedwheels by stopping the feed system, and let the engine recover to full speed. If the machine is equipped with Autofeed and it is functioning properly, the feed system will automatically stop to let the engine recover. This will help stop the machine from plugging the discharge chute.

⚠ DANGER

DO NOT attempt to hand feed this machine. DO NOT operate the loader arm or chipper when anyone is standing or working in front of the chipper infeed opening. Failure to do this could result in serious injury or death.

⚠ WARNING

Operators must at all times be located within easy reach of all feed control and shut-off devices when the unit is running. They must be attentive and prepared to activate the devices.

START-UP PROCEDURES



Position the feed system in the off position and start the engine and let the engine warm up at 1000 RPM's. (Follow engine manual information.) The machine may show signs of vibration until the engine can be brought up to full throttle. The engine

causes most of this vibration until it is brought up to full throttle. Engage PTO clutch, if applicable.

Position the feed system in reverse. Allowing the feedwheels to turn in reverse will allow for the hydraulic oil to warm up along with the engine.

Once the engine is properly warmed up, position the discharge chute to the proper position and bring the engine to full throttle. (Follow engine break-in procedures.)

Make sure to wear all personal protection equipment and follow all safety standards per ANSI and OSHA instructions. Examples of equipment: hard hat, safety glasses, gloves, ear protection, etc.

TO BE RETURNED AFTER THIRTY (30) DAYS OF OPERATION

Please return to: Customer Data Department
6750 Millbrook Road
Remus, MI 49340

PH: (800) 952-0178 in USA
PH: (989) 561-2270
FAX: (989) 561-2273
E-MAIL: www.banditchippers.com

DATE PURCHASED: _____

MODEL: _____

SERIAL NUMBER: _____

DEALER NAME: _____

EQUIPMENT QUALITY REPORT

All of the employees that build your equipment strive to manufacturer the **very best quality** product on the market. We would appreciate your efforts in letting us know how we are doing.

We would like you to operate your machine for thirty (30) days and then fill out this questionnaire and mail it to us. This will help us to keep producing a good product and improving our products through your recommendations.

- 1. Did your machine perform to your expectations? _____
- 2. Was the machine delivered on schedule? _____
- 3. Was the paint color and finish to your satisfaction? _____
- 4. Was machine equipment as ordered? _____
- 5. Did all welds appear to be of high quality? _____
- 6. Was the overall machine to your liking? _____
- 7. What problems have you experienced? _____
- 8. Have any components regularly loosened that caused problems? _____
- 9. Does the hydraulic system seem to have adequate power for feeding wood into the machine? _____
- 10. Is the machine manufactured to accommodate service in an adequate manner? If not, please explain:

- 11. General comments and/or suggestions: _____

- 12. Would you like to be contacted concerning more of our equipment? _____

YOUR COMPANY: _____
NAME: _____
ADDRESS: _____
CITY: _____
STATE & ZIP: _____
PHONE: (_____) _____
E-MAIL: _____

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**NOTE - IF THE MACHINE HAS A LOADER OR TRACK UNDERCARRIAGE,
CONTACT DEALER OR MANUFACTURER FOR MORE INFORMATION.**

**NOTE - IF THE MACHINE HAS A LOADER OR TRACK UNDERCARRIAGE,
A SEPARATE (LOOSE) HYDRAULIC AND ELECTRIC SCHEMATIC IS
SUPPLIED WITH THE MACHINE.**

**NOTE - ANY PART, PORTION, DESIGN, NUMBER, SPECIFICATION, AND/OR
DIMENSION IN THIS MANUAL IS SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT
NOTICE BY THE MANUFACTURER.**

INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this manual is to provide the user with specifications and procedures for the operation, maintenance and repair of this BANDIT product. As with any piece of equipment, safety should always be a constant thought while the machine is being operated, serviced or stored. In order to highlight this consideration, the material which addresses safety is preceded by the following signal words:

Signal Word	Likelihood of Occurrence	Degree of Potential Injury or Damage
 DANGER	Will occur if warning is ignored	Severe
 WARNING	Can occur if warning is ignored	Severe
 CAUTION	Will or can occur if warning is ignored	Minor to Severe
NOTICE	Important, but not hazard related	Minor

The equipment is designed and manufactured in accordance with the latest product industry standards. This alone does not prevent injury. It is the operator's responsibility to use good judgement and follow the warnings and instructions as indicated in this manual, on the machine and follow all safety standards per ANSI and OSHA instructions.

WARNING

Improper use of the product can result in severe personal injury. Personnel using the equipment must be qualified, trained and familiar with the operating procedures as defined in this manual, prior to operating the product.

WARNING

It is the responsibility of the owner or employer to insure that the operator is trained and practices safe operation while using and servicing the machine. It is also the owner's responsibility to provide and follow a regularly scheduled preventative maintenance and repair program on the product, using only factory approved replacement parts. Any unapproved repairs or modifications may not only damage the machine and its performance, but could result in severe personal injury. Unapproved repairs or modifications will void warranty and eliminate manufacturer of any liability claims. Consult the equipment manufacturer!!!

Each machine is shipped with a manual, a customer's check sheet on the product, and any available parts & service manuals on component parts not produced by this manufacturer. Additional copies of these manuals and check sheets can be purchased from the manufacturer, or through the dealer. Engine parts, service and maintenance manuals **MUST** be purchased through the engine manufacturer or their dealer.

NOTE - The producer of this Bandit product reserves the right to make any modifications or revisions to the design or specifications of its machine without advance notice. The producer also reserves the right to change machine and part prices as needed without advance notice.

Bandit

BANDIT INDUSTRIES, INC.

EXPLANATION OF LIMITED WARRANTY

The manufacturer will not reimburse the customer or dealer labor costs incurred for installing “bolt-on” or “slip-on” items, such as hydraulic pumps and motors, control valves, flow dividers, belts, sheaves, etc. The manufacturer will provide replacement parts to the customer for defective parts during the warranty period. **Defective parts must be returned to Bandit Industries, Inc.** It will be the customer’s responsibility to install the replacement parts unless arrangements are made with the selling dealer.

The manufacturer will not reimburse travel costs to servicing dealer unless prior approval has been obtained from the manufacturer. It is the customer’s responsibility to deliver the machine to dealer’s service facility, unless other arrangements have been agreed to between selling dealer and customer.

The manufacturer may elect, at its discretion, to reimburse reasonable labor costs to customer or dealer for major defect repairs. Diagnostic labor and overtime labor will not be covered under warranty. Prior approval must be obtained from Bandit Industries, Inc.

There are several forms that must be completely filled out and returned to us in reference to our portion of warranty. Read and understand the Bandit Limited Warranty responsibilities. Some components on your machine are covered by their respective manufacturers and cannot be handled through Bandit Industries as stated in Warranty Section of this manual.

Use this manual to help you resolve what and where your problem is, in most cases you can fix it easily. If you still have problems, work through the dealer you purchased the machine through, or contact Bandit Industries direct if needed.

Make sure the following forms are used, for us as well as you, to keep track of service and pending warranty request. It is our company policy that all parts shipped out will be invoiced until the possible warranty parts are returned with a Warranty Claim Form completed for consideration.

Make sure the Warranty Validation Form is completed and sent in to us as soon as you receive the Bandit. This will activate our warranty responsibilities.

If Warranty Validation Form is not on file, all Warranty consideration is null and void.

NOTE: Prior to delivery to final owner and during storage, this machine must be serviced and lubricated to avoid damage that will not be covered under warranty, see “Lubrication & Coolant” page.

Also, damage or premature failure of equipment components because of incorrect or incomplete service and maintenance by the equipment owner will not be covered under warranty.

All controls, safety devices, guards, and shields must be correctly operational and securely in place at all times during equipment operation.

Bandit

BANDIT INDUSTRIES INC. LIMITED WARRANTY (989) 561-2270

Bandit Industries Inc., also referred to as “Manufacturer” warrants this new product to be free of defects in workmanship and material for a period of 6 months or 1000 operating hours, whichever ever comes first.

This warranty takes effect upon delivery to the original retail purchaser. The manufacturer at its option will replace or repair at a point designated by the manufacturer, any parts which appear to have been defective in material or workmanship. The manufacturer is not responsible for labor, consequential damages, traveling or down time expenses.

This warranty and any possible liability of Bandit Industries Inc., is expressly in lieu of any other warranties, expressed or implied, including but not limited to, any implied warranty or merchantability of fitness for a particular purpose and of any noncontractual liabilities including product liabilities based upon negligence or strict liability. Bandit Industries Inc., will not be liable for consequential damages resulting from breach of warranty.

All parties involved agree that the Owner’s Sole and Exclusive Remedy against the Manufacturer, whether in contract or arising out of this warranty, instructions, representations, or defects shall only be for the replacement or repair of defective parts as provided herein. In no event or circumstances shall the Manufacturer’s liability exceed the purchase price of the machine. The buyer also agrees that no other remedy (including but not limited to consequential or incidental loss) shall be available to him or her.

It is absolutely necessary to return the Warranty Validation Form, completely and accurately filled out, and notify Bandit Industries Inc., in writing within ten (10) days from the date of purchase to validate this warranty. If Warranty Validation Form is not on file, all Warranty Consideration is NULL AND VOID.

This warranty will not apply if the Bandit Chipper is not operated with replacement parts or equipment not manufactured or recommended by Bandit Industries, Inc.

This warranty will not apply if the Bandit Chipper is not operated in a manner recommended by the manufacturer. The following examples would void the warranty:

1. The completed Warranty Validation Form is not on file.
2. The Bandit Chipper has been abused, or not serviced properly.
3. Repairs or attempted repairs made without prior written authorization.
4. Repairs made due to normal wear are not warrantable.
5. The Chipper was involved in, or damaged by an accident.
6. The Chipper was damaged from any type of foreign material.

The owner is responsible for all scheduled maintenance as explained in the Operators Manuals. Negligence of proper maintenance or any other negligence, accident or fire; nor with failure to adjust, tighten, or replace wear items included but not limited to items such as knives, knife anvil, belts, lubrication fluids, bearings, filters, hydraulic components, loose nuts or bolts, etc. may void warranty.

All components and parts being returned to Bandit Industries for warranty consideration must be complete and assembled when delivered. Hydraulic components and parts must be returned assembled with all fluid ports capped or plugged and free of foreign contamination, or warranty will not be considered.

INTRODUCTION & WARRANTY

BANDIT INDUSTRIES, INC. LIMITED WARRANTY (989) 561-2270

NOTE: This warranty applies only to new and unused equipment or parts thereof manufactured by Bandit Industries Inc. and is void if the machine is operated with replacement parts or equipment not manufactured or recommended by Bandit Industries Inc.

All other components are warranted by their respective manufacturers (i.e. engines, axles, hydraulic pumps and motors, clutches, tires, batteries, etc.) Any machines used for lease or rental purposes warranty is limited to 90 days from the first day of initial service.

CONTINENTAL U.S. INFORMATION PHONE NUMBERS FOR ACCESSORIES (NOT COVERED UNDER PRODUCT WARRANTY PROGRAM)

Briggs & Stratton Engines	1-414-259-5333	PGL Auto Clutch	1-800-551-2938
Caterpillar Engines (Thru 275Hp)	1-800-551-2938	PT Tech Clutch	1-330-414-3172
Caterpillar Engines (300Hp & Up)	1-866-228-2111	Rockford Clutch	1-800-383-9204
Continental Engines	1-800-726-8870	Twin Disc Clutch	1-440-951-5111
Cummins Engines	1-248-573-1592	Electronic Solutions	1-866-736-6839
Deutz, Lombardini Engines	1-800-445-5273	E.S.I.	1-815-985-0383
Ford, Hatz Engines	1-800-726-8870	L.O.R. MFG.	1-866-644-8622
GM, Perkins Engines	1-800-551-2938	Miratron Inc.	1-866-285-0132
Honda Engines	1-734-453-6258	Omnex Radios	1-419-294-4985
John Deere Engines	1-888-803-9175	Dexter Axles	1-574-295-7888
Kohler Engines	1-800-854-9273	Tires	1-989-463-4088
Kubota Engines	1-800-832-7670	Caterpillar Tracks	1-309-636-1100
Robin Engines	1-248-399-0002	Chermack Tracks	1-715-458-2655
Wisconsin Engines	1-800-726-8870	Petro-Canada Hydrex XV	1-888-284-4572
Interstate Batteries	1-800-331-2000		

(Phone numbers for outside the continental U.S. can be supplied from your phone directory or local Bandit dealer.)

In order to process any warranty claims, it is the owner's responsibility to report the claims promptly to the Manufacturer, or our authorized dealer from whom the equipment was purchased.

It is necessary to include the following information on any and all requests for warranty:

- 1) Warranty Claim Form, obtained from Bandit Industries or it's dealers, completely and accurately filled out.
- 2) Dealer from whom purchased.
- 3) Date of delivery.
- 4) Serial number of unit.
- 5) Model number of unit.
- 6) Engine make and serial number.
- 7) Length of time in use (hours on machine).
- 8) Date of Failure.
- 9) Nature of Failure.

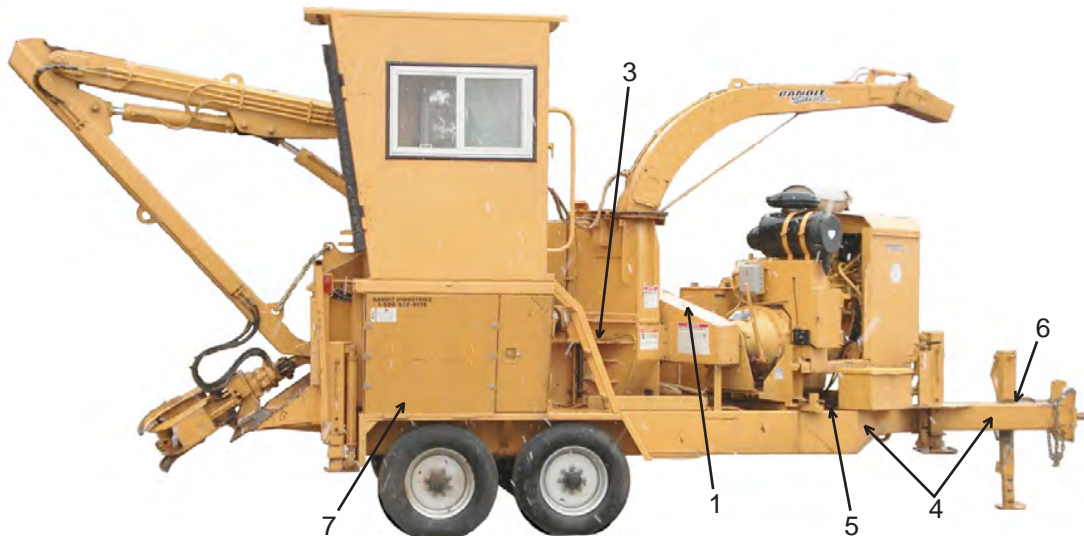
Bandit Industries Inc., reserves the right to alter, improve, revise or modify any parts or products with the altered, improved, revised or modified parts or products. They also may change design, specifications, or part prices without advance notice.

Bandit Industries Inc., is NOT responsible for updating or upgrading completed machines with design changes that are made after it's production.

Bandit Industries Inc., expects the Customer/Owner to bring their machine to the Dealer/Manufacturer for Warranty Repairs. The Manufacturer DOES NOT pay Dealers or Customers for bringing their machine in for repair. Nor does the Manufacturer furnish loaner machines while the unit is being repaired.

Bandit

TYPICAL CHIPPER SERIAL NUMBER AND/OR WORK ORDER NUMBER LOCATIONS



- 1. Beltshield
- 2. Hinged chipper hood under handle
- 3. Top of throat
- 4. Tongue and a-frame side
- 5. Top of frame
- 6. W/O # on top of tongue
- 7. W/O # in hydraulic compartment (Track units)

NOTE: The engine information is located on the engine block. The clutch information is located on the clutch plate.

SAFETY PROCEDURES

⚠ DANGER

The words ⚠ Danger, ⚠ Warning, ⚠ Caution, and Notice are used on the safety decals and throughout this manual, to make you aware of the safety procedures. These procedures are very important, read and obey them.

YOUR SAFETY IS VERY IMPORTANT TO US!

This machine is equipped with safety decals, guards and designs for your protection.

Don't ever take the machine for granted, always be cautious and careful when operating your equipment.

Read and follow all the instructions in your manual thoroughly. Your safety is dependent on your knowledge of how to operate and maintain this machine. You may obtain additional copies of this manual from your Bandit Dealer.

Before operating machine, you must have all potential operators; read and understand manuals and decals, watch the video and follow the recommendations.

Regardless of how hard a manufacturer tries to produce a safe machine, accidents still happen. Normally accidents are caused by people making mistakes. They do not read the manual, they ignore warning decals or do not use lockouts provided for their safety. This normally happens after the person has become accustomed to the machinery. In the initial start up and operation of the machinery, they are cautious, they are very careful because they do not understand the machine.

This equipment is intended for use by personnel who are experienced with similar equipment. Always operate safely. It is also recommended that someone else is present while operating or servicing in case an accident should occur. Never operate any machine while under the influence of drugs or alcohol.

Keep children, bystanders and animals clear of working area. Never operate equipment that is in need of repair or adjustment.

NOTICE

Striped reflective tape has been installed on the feed control handle of the machine. This tape is reflective, self adhesive and has contrasting colors. The tape helps make the feed control handle stand out more and it makes the rear of the machine more visible to a vehicle behind the machine while transporting. Striped tape can be obtained through your local Bandit Dealer.

⚠ DANGER

Before starting the machine, take a minute to check a few things. The machine should be in an area restricted from people passing by. This area around the machine must be free of all objects that can obstruct your movement when working with the machine. The machine should be checked for loose tools or foreign objects, especially in the infeed hopper area. All tools not in use should be secured in a tool box.

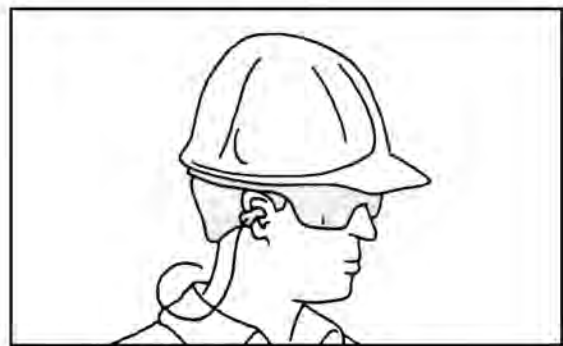
⚠ WARNING

Operators **must** at all times be located within easy reach of all feed control and shut-off devices when the unit is running. They must be attentive and prepared to activate the devices.

⚠ DANGER

Torn or loose clothing is more likely to get caught in moving machinery parts or tree branches. Keep such items as long hair, shirt sleeves, and shirt tails properly contained. Avoid wearing necklaces, rings, watches, and especially neckties while operating this machinery. Make sure the machine is in excellent condition, and all the guards are in place, tight and secure.

Wear all personal protection equipment and follow all safety standards per ANSI and OSHA instructions. Examples of equipment: hard hat, face shield, safety glasses, gloves, ear protection, etc. Do not wear gauntlet or secured fit gloves. Always keep a fully charged fire extinguisher with the machine while operating or servicing the machine.



SAFETY PROCEDURES

DANGER

Always block the tires and the machine tongue whenever the machine is unhooked for operation. DO NOT rely on the tongue jack for operational stabilization.

DANGER

Pay attention to the direction of the discharge chute before chipping. Never stand in front of the chipper discharge chute. Never direct the chute towards anyone or anything that could cause an accident or problems. Always stop chipping and warn anyone that comes near the discharge area. Failure to do this could result in severe injury. Wood chips flying out of the discharge chute can be very dangerous!

DANGER

NEVER sit, stand, lay, climb or ride anywhere on this machine while it is running, operating, or in transit. You will be injured.

WARNING

It is very important after you have operated a new machine for approximately an hour to shut down the machine and recheck all nuts and bolts. It is normal for nuts and bolts to loosen once on a new piece of machinery. If you tighten them now, there is a good possibility they won't loosen again. Certain nuts and bolts should be checked periodically such as anvil and knife nuts and bolts, etc. for torque and fit.

Most of the nuts used on the machine are self locking. After a nut or bolt has been removed five times, it should be replaced to insure proper tightness. This is especially critical on the chipper knife nuts and bolts!

After the engine is started, let the chipper disc/drum turn at the lowest RPM's possible. Listen for any type of noise that is foreign. Any steel on steel noise is foreign. If you hear a noise, stop the engine, find the problem and fix it.

CALIFORNIA

Proposition 65 Warning

Diesel engine exhaust and some of its constituents are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, and other reproductive harm.

DANGER

Never reach into the infeed hopper area of the machine, there is never any reason to. The feedwheel(s) are designed to pull trees and brush of any length into the machine. Pulling a hand, arm, foot or entire body through the machine is much easier than pulling a tree. Do not think you will be able to pull yourself free of the feedwheel(s), they will not let go. There is absolutely no reason to work inside of the infeed hopper. If the feedwheel(s) become tangled or clogged, stop the machine and wait several minutes before cleaning them out. If there are short pieces, or leaves and twigs, just leave them until feeding longer pieces. While the long pieces are feeding, simply toss the short pieces on top of them. The longer pieces will take them on into the machine.

This machine is not designed to be hand fed. A wooden push paddle has been provided to assist in the removal of smaller material after the machine has been shut down. It is the owner's and operator's responsibility to use and keep a wooden push paddle with the machine and to also secure it when transporting the machine. DO NOT use any body parts or any steel devices inside the infeed hopper area.

If there is larger diameter wood, try to feed it with smaller diameter wood. Start a small diameter limb which will partially open the feedwheel(s). Once the feedwheel(s) are partially open it is much easier to insert the larger diameter wood.

When feeding larger diameter wood, listen for the engine to possibly lug down. If it starts lugging down stop the feedwheel(s) by pulling the hydraulic control bar to off, and let the engine recover to full speed. If the machine is equipped with Autofeed and it is functioning properly, the feed system will automatically stop to let the engine recover. This will help stop the machine from plugging the discharge chute.

NOTICE

Do not attempt to start the engine or engage the engine PTO (power-take-off) system on this machine if the chipper disc/drum is jammed or frozen in place. If you do, you will damage or ruin the drive belts and/or the PTO which will not be covered under warranty and will cost you down time and money.

SAFETY PROCEDURES

⚠ DANGER

DO NOT operate this machine indoors! Exhaust fumes can be fatal. Never refuel while the machine is running. Never refuel in the shop or building. Always refuel in a well ventilated area, away from sparks or open flames, DO NOT SMOKE. Extinguish all smoking materials. Wipe up all spilled fuel before restarting the engine. Do not fill above 1/2" (12.7 mm) from top of tank.

To obtain the most from your machine, for the least amount of cost, it is a good practice to set up and follow a scheduled preventative maintenance program. It will eliminate many possible problems and down time.

⚠ WARNING

Never use jumper cables during freezing temperatures. Tow the machine inside and allow the battery time to warm up. If the machine must be started outside, inspect the battery acid for ice formation. Explosion will occur with a frozen battery. Never use jumper cables in a confined or unventilated area. Battery acid fumes are explosive. Never expose an open flame or spark near the battery.

⚠ DANGER

Before using the top feedwheel jack if equipped, remove the yoke springs. Install the disc/drum lock pin in the mount tube before using hand jack to raise top feedwheel. Hand jack is only provided as a means of lifting the top feedwheel, not holding it up for service.

⚠ DANGER

Never feed any materials that might contain wires, stones, nails, metal objects, or any foreign object which may damage the knives and become dangerous projectiles.



⚠ DANGER

Before attempting any type of maintenance disengage clutch, install clutch lock if equipped, turn off engine, wait for the chipper disc/drum to come to a complete stop, install the disc/drum lock pin, disconnect battery, and make sure the ignition key is in your possession.

ALWAYS install the disc/drum lock pin to prevent inadvertent rotation. On disc chippers insert lock pin through lock pin tube on the belly band under hood rest. On drum chippers insert lock pin through lock pin tube on side of drum housing.

Simply slide the lock pin into the disc/drum lock tube. This is to insure that the chipper disc/drum cannot be started while you are working inside the machine. If for some reason the chipper disc/drum would start to turn, it would simply hit the lock pin.

⚠ DANGER

DO NOT remove the hood pin until the chipper disc/drum has come to a complete stop. The chipper disc/drum will coast for several minutes after the engine is shut down. Always wait at least several minutes.

DO NOT operate this machine without the Hood Pin in place. Do not operate the machine with any type of makeshift hood pin or an improperly installed hood pin! The Hood Pin MUST be padlocked.

DO NOT operate the machine with the chipper hood open under any circumstances.

⚠ DANGER

DO NOT attempt to hand feed this machine. DO NOT operate the loader arm or chipper when anyone is standing or working in front of the chipper infeed opening. Failure to do this could result in serious injury or death.



Bandit

SAFETY PROCEDURES

⚠ WARNING

The machine was built with a chipper hood engine disable plug which disables the engine if it is not installed properly with the hood pin holding the chipper hood in the closed position. Correctly installed and maintained, the engine will not start or it will shut off if the chipper hood engine disable plug is disconnected. The chipper hood must **NEVER** be opened, or pushed closed if the chipper disc/drum is turning.

⚠ DANGER

DO NOT slam the chipper hood to the open position. This will cause damage to the hinge. If your hinge has become damaged by slamming the hood to the open position, Replace The Hinge Immediately! If the hinge has become damaged it will cause misalignment of the hood, the chipper disc/drum may then hit the hood and cause a serious accident! Lubricate the hood hinge daily.

⚠ DANGER

Do not work inside the mouth of the chipper or around the feedwheel(s), until you have installed the yoke lock pin completely and securely to help keep the top feedwheel in the raised position. Remove top wheel springs if equipped, block and chain top wheel up before doing any work inside throat.

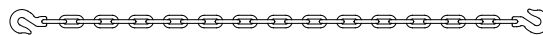
⚠ DANGER

Do not work on the machine if the engine is running with the clutch disengaged. A clutch can self engage if either the pilot or throw-out bearing happens to seize to the main output shaft.

There are various types of clutches (PTO's) available for this type of equipment. Make sure to study the original clutch manufacturer's manual that is provided with the machine and follow its instructions for operation, service, and adjustments. Some styles require clutch engagement to be maintained so that it takes a lot of force, others will require very little force, and some are push button, electric, manual lever, or hydraulic activation. Each different style clutch (PTO) is a very expensive item that will fail if not correctly maintained and adjusted. It will be quite costly if a few minutes are not taken daily, weekly, and monthly to keep the clutch serviced as required.

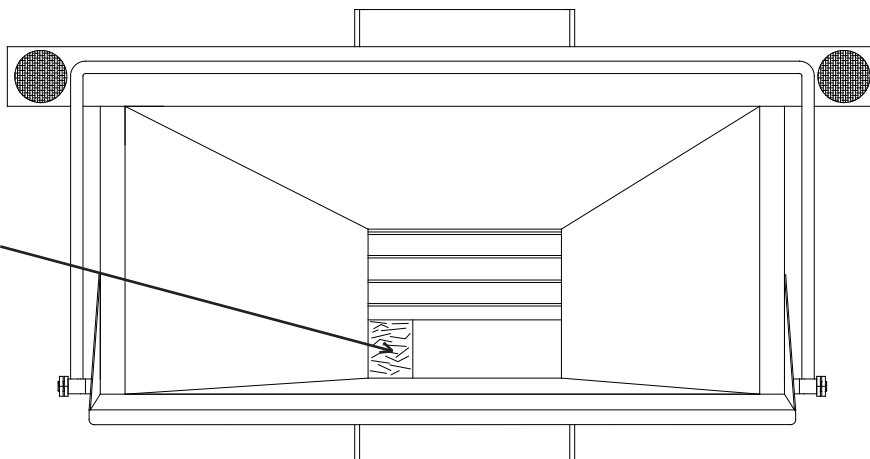
The operator must take care in the engagement and disengagement of the clutch, engine RPM should always be below 1000 RPM. When the engine has sufficiently warmed up, bump the clutch handle against engagement to start the chipper disc/drum turning. This will have to be repeated until the chipper disc/drum is turning at proper ratio with engine RPM. Then push the handle all the way in gear until it locks into position securely. After engagement raise engine RPM to full throttle. Engaging and disengaging the clutch at high engine RPM will quickly and excessively wear out clutch plates as well as bearings. Refer to clutch manufacturer's manual for proper service and operation.

Use Yoke Lock Pin



Use Chain

Use Wooden Block



SAFETY PROCEDURES

WARNING

DO NOT operate this machine unless all hydraulic control devices operate properly. They must function, shift and position smoothly and accurately at all times. Faulty controls can cause personal injury!

WARNING

It is very important after you have operated a new machine for approximately an hour to shut down the machine and recheck all hydraulic fittings. Retighten as needed.

DO NOT GO NEAR HYDRAULIC LEAKS! High pressure oil easily punctures skin causing serious injury, gangrene, or death. DO NOT use fingers or skin to check for leaks. Lower load or relieve hydraulic pressure before loosening fittings. Use a piece of cardboard to find leaks. Never use your bare hands.

In cold weather situations let your hydraulic system idle for approximately 15 minutes to allow the system to warm up to operating temperature.

DANGER

Before beginning to operate the loader make sure the loader is unhooked from the transport chains. Transport chains are stored in a safe place. Remove loader swing lock pin. DO NOT operate this machine or loader arm near power lines. Keep machine and loader arm, when fully extended up and out, at least 10' (3.0 m) away from all power lines. Failure to do this could result in serious injury or death.

DANGER

DO NOT operate this chipper or loader arm when anyone is performing any type of maintenance to the machine. Before attempting any type of maintenance disengage clutch, install clutch lock, turn off engine, wait for the disc/drum to come to a complete stop, install the disc/drum lock pin, disconnect battery, make sure the ignition key is in your possession, and the loader arm, if equipped, is positioned on the ground. Failure to do this could result in serious injury or death.

WARNING

Before you begin to transport your trailerized machine follow all of the transportation procedures on pages 34-36. Make sure that the tongue has been raised to the proper height and attach the machine securely to the towing vehicle. Once secured to vehicle, locate tongue jack and secure it in the transport position. Always hook safety chains to vehicle by crossing them under the tongue allowing enough slack to avoid binding when making turns. Check brakes and highway lights make sure that they are all operating properly. Check that the plug terminal functions match the towing vehicle for proper operation. Make sure that the discharge chute is in the transport position pointed over the tongue of machine and the transport bolt is securely in its place. Be sure to check tire pressure before you begin to transport the machine. Close the folding pan, if equipped for the infeed hopper and make sure spring latches are locked into place. If machine is equipped with a vise, make sure to secure in place and clamp jaws closed. Close and secure any of the following, if equipped: tool box, battery box, engine cowl doors and side panels, radiator debris screens, inspection doors, cabinet doors, housing covers, tank caps and covers, etc.

DANGER

Never turn the chipper disc/drum by hand, always carefully use a pry bar or wood bar. This will help prevent the person turning the disc/drum from being injured should the disc/drum break loose.

A sight hole in the chipper belt shield has been provided. If chipper belts are moving do not open chipper hood. Do not stick fingers in sight hole.

DANGER

Chipper knives are sharp and can be dangerous. It is always necessary for your protection to be extra careful and wear leather gloves when handling knives.

DANGER

The knives must be securely fastened and torqued in position. If one comes loose or breaks during operation, someone or something may get injured.

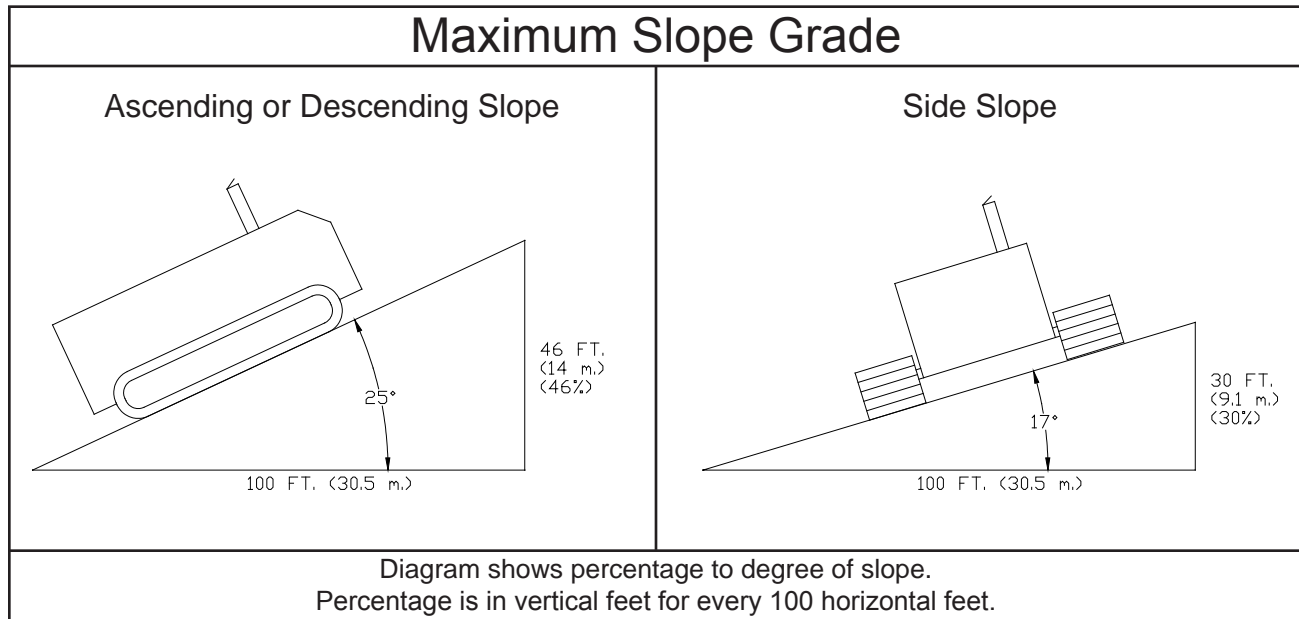
SAFETY PROCEDURES

IF MACHINE IS EQUIPPED WITH UNDERCARRIAGE TRACK

Machines equipped with undercarriage tracks are shipped with a manual from the track manufacturer. Refer to it for service, operation, and safety information.

⚠ WARNING

Do not attempt to operate the track machine on an ascending or descending slope of more than 25° or 46% or a side slope of more than 17° or 30%, it is Dangerous and could be Fatal. This is the maximum slope grade the machine can be operated on if the hydraulics, tracks, and engine are running at maximum performance and the tracks sustain good traction.



⚠ WARNING

Any increase from the specified maximum operating angles may cause loss of lubrication function and damage the engine.

⚠ DANGER

The track machine should never be parked on a slope at any time. The machine can coast or creep causing equipment and/or personal injury.

⚠ DANGER

Make sure everyone is clear of machine before moving the track machine. Stay clear of tracks when the machine is moving.

⚠ DANGER

DO NOT entangle feet or hands in undercarriage travel system.

⚠ DANGER

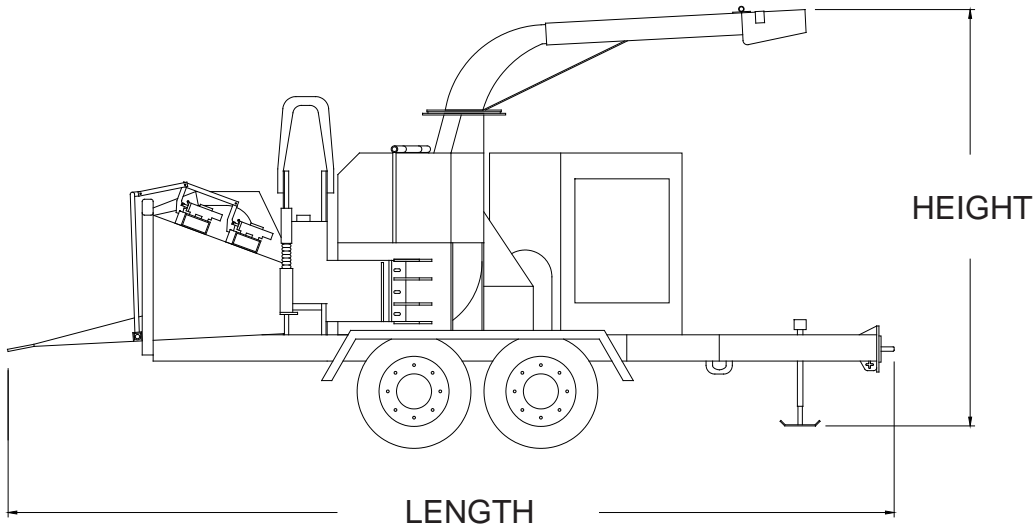
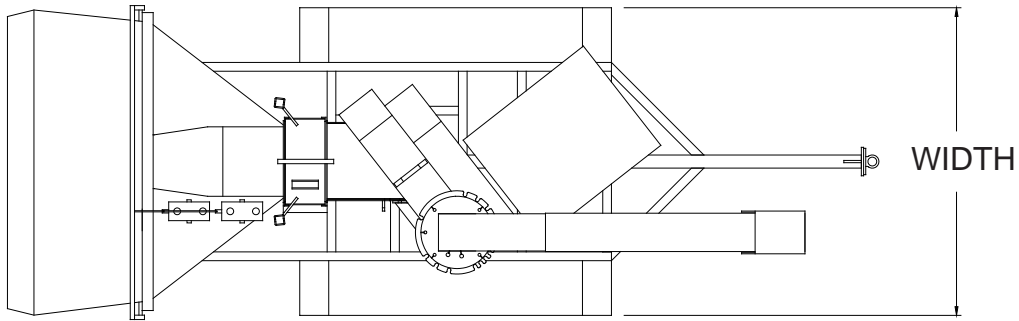
Use **EXTREME CAUTION** when traveling over non-level surface! This machine can tip over or tip backwards on non-level surface. You will cause engine damage, machine damage and possible personal injury!

⚠ DANGER

NEVER sit, stand, lay, climb or ride anywhere on this machine while it is running, operating, or in transit. You will be injured.

Bandit

EQUIPMENT SPECIFICATIONS



Approximate Dimensions & Weights

(Dimensions & weights will vary depending on optional equipment)

Approx. Weight:	Model 1850:	13,500 lbs. (1624 kg)
	Model 1850 w/ Loader:	18,750 lbs. (8505 kg) (Not Shown)
	Model 1850 Track:	30,000 lbs. (13,608 kg) (Not Shown)

(Approximate weights depending on engine and equipment options.)

Overall Dimension:	Model 1850:	Height: 9' 4" (2.8 m),	Length: 21' 2" (6.5 m),	Width: 7' 5" (2.3 m)
	Model 1850 w/ Loader:	Height: 9' 4" (2.8 m),	Length: 24' (7.3 m),	Width: 8' 5" (2.6 m) (Not Shown)
	Model 1850 Track:	Height: 11' 10" (3.6 m),	Length: 21' (6.4 m),	Width: 8' 8" (2.6 m) (Not Shown)

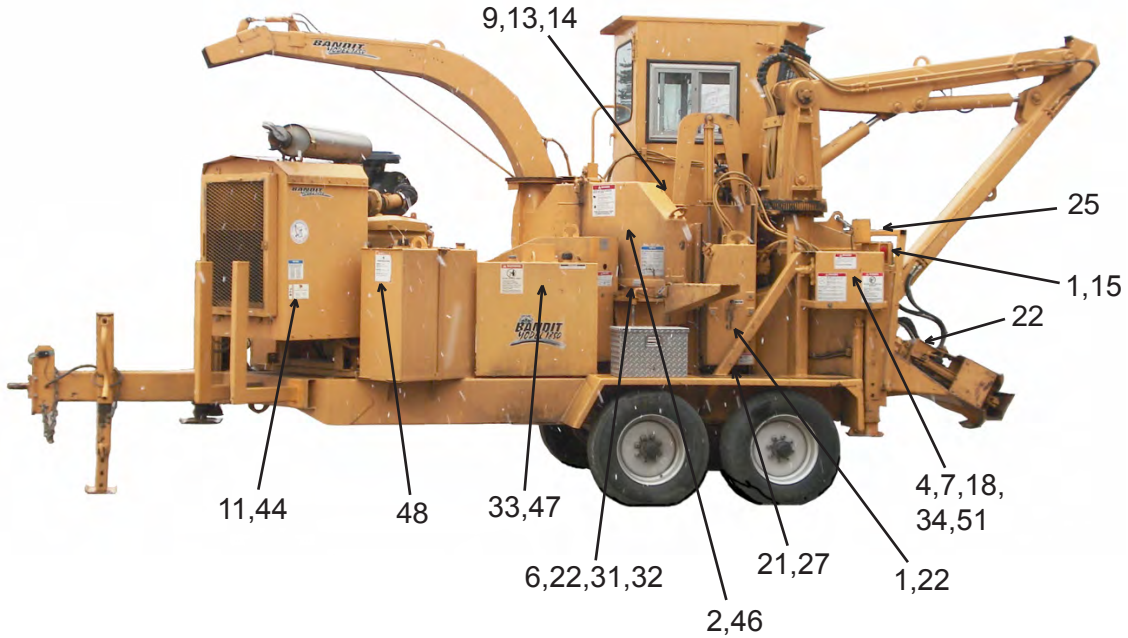
(NOTE: Measurements are to highest, longest, or widest points, not always as illustration is labeled.)

	<u>Model 1850 & 1850 w/Loader</u>	<u>Model 1850 Track</u>
Fuel Tank Capacity:	60 Gallons (227 L)	125 Gallons (473 L)
Hydraulic Tank Capacity:	30 Gallons (113 L)	70 Gallons (265 L)

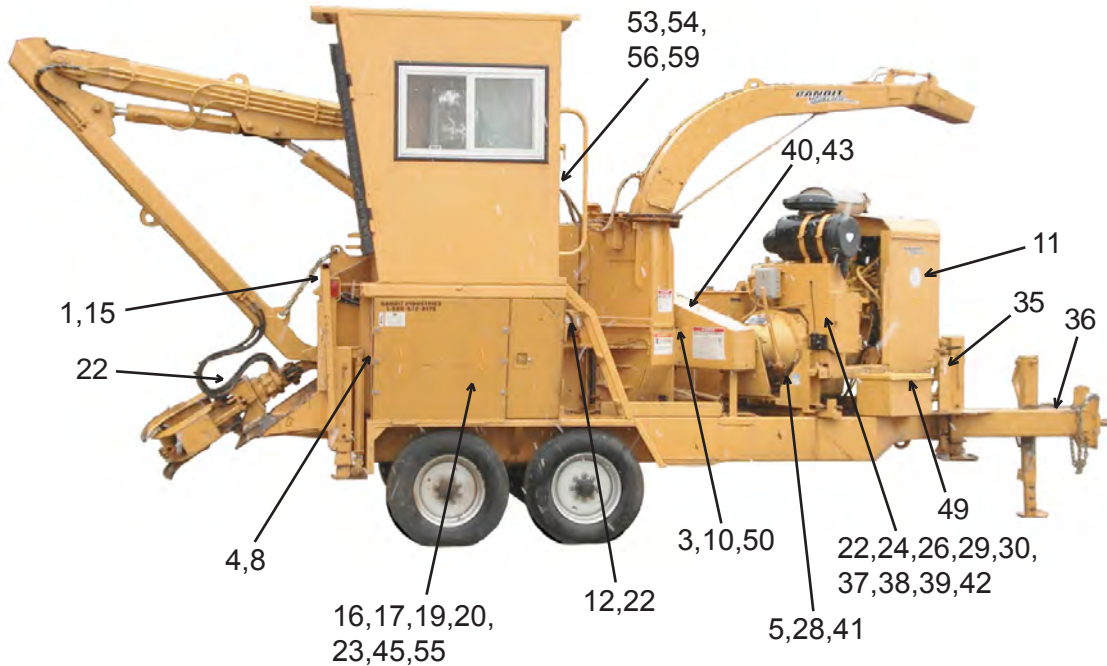
(Approximate dimension depending on equipment options.)

DECAL LOCATIONS - MODEL 1850

Decal locations may vary, these are general locations.



INSIDE CAB (If Equipped)
17,20,23,55,57,58



DECAL LOCATIONS - MODEL 1850

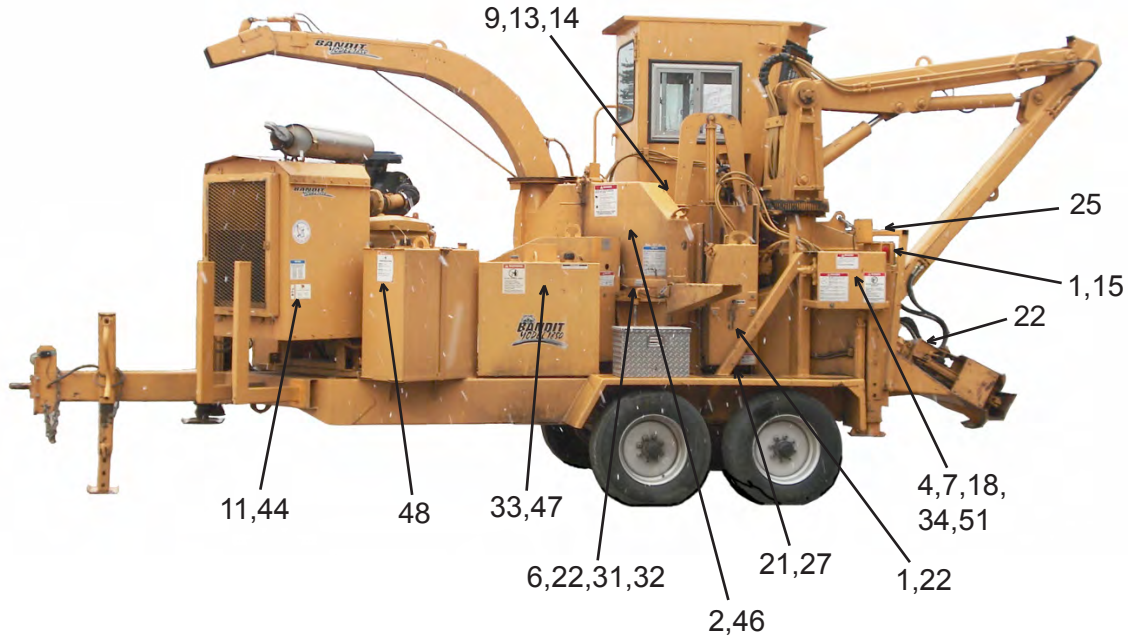
Modifications and/or additions of decals to this list will happen.
Consult chipper dealer or manufacturer for most current decal package.

LOCATION	NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1.	SPD-02	Moving Parts...
2.	SPD-03	Lockout All Energy Sources...
3.	SPD-04	Flying Discharge Material...
4.	SPD-16	Do Not Hand Feed...
5.	SPD-18	Never Perform Maintenance...
6.	SPD-28	Do Not Insert Fingers
7.	SPD-30	Do Not Sit, Stand, Lay, Climb...
8.	SPD-32	Do Not Operate This Machine...
9.	SPD-33	Do Not Work Under...
10.	SPD-34	Brush Chippers Are Very Dangerous...
11.	ID-42	Bandit Industries Inc...USA
12.	INST-01	Remove To Check Torque...
13.	INST-02	Yoke Lock Hole
14.	INST-03	Yoke Lock Bar
15.	INST-04	Arrow
16.	INST-05	Yoke Lift Up / Down
17.	INST-07	Discharge Swivel Right / Left
18.	INST-08	Winch Control Out / In
19.	INST-09	Selector Winch / Feed
20.	INST-10	Stabilizer Down / Up
21.	INST-11	Motor Coupler Guard...
22.	INST-12	Grease Daily (Arrow)
23.	INST-15	Flipper Down / Up
24.	INST-16	Grease Weekly Arrow
25.	SPINST-25	Pull To Reverse
26.	INST-39	Oil Daily Arrow
27.	INST-40	Avoid Feed Coupler Problems...
28.	INST-43	Clutch Lock
29.	INST-44	California Proposition 65
30.	INST-46	Autofeed Basic Info...
31.	INST-48	Disc/Drum Lock Tube
32.	INST-49	Disc/Drum Lock Pin
33.	INST-53	Hydraulic Oil...Hydrex XV...
34.	INST-76	Yoke Lift Down / Up
35.	INST-90	Tongue Up / Tongue Down
36.	INST-95	Electric Plug-In Schematic
37.	INST-101	Canada Engine Decal
38.	INST-136	Remote Starting Procedure

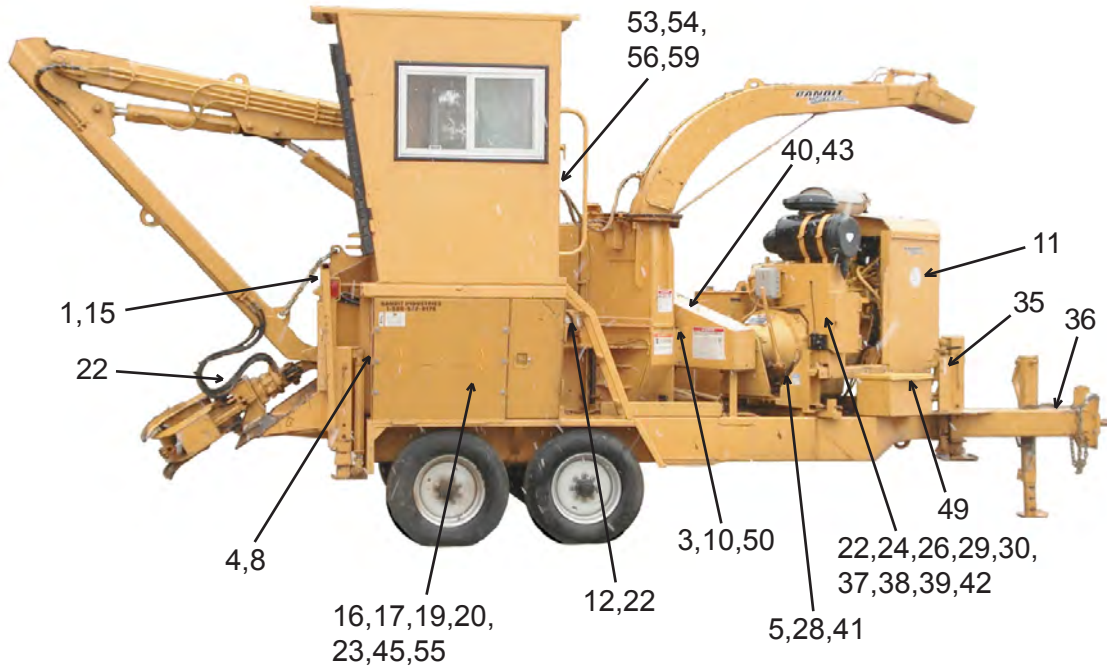
Note: Some decals are for optional equipment. Decal locations may vary, these are general locations. If any decals become damaged, replace immediately.

DECAL LOCATIONS - MODEL 1850

Decal locations may vary, these are general locations.



<p><u>INSIDE CAB (If Equipped)</u> 17,20,23,55,57,58</p>
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DECAL LOCATIONS - MODEL 1850

Modifications and/or additions of decals to this list will happen.
Consult chipper dealer or manufacturer for most current decal package.

LOCATION	NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
39.	N-02	Maintain Lubrication...
40.	N-03	Service Required Under Beltshield...
41.	N-05	Frequently Adjust...PTO...
42.	SPN-06	Decal Maintenance...
43.	N-07	Clutch Operation...
44.	N-08	Patents...
45.	N-09	Adjustable Feed Speed...
46.	SPN-11	Correct Knife And Hardware...
47.	SPW-01	Do Not Go Near Oil Leaks...
48.	SPW-02	Diesel Fuel Only...
49.	SPW-04	Frozen Battery Can Explode...
50.	SPW-08	Wear Personal Protection...
51.	SPW-10	Hydraulic Winch...
52.		Bandit Model 1850 Vinyl Decals

Additional Decals for Machine Equipped With A Loader - Consult dealer or manufacturer for general locations.

53.	SPD-15	Do Not Operate Loader Arm...
54.	SPD-17	Do Not Run Or Operate...
55.	INST-32	Joystick Controls
56.	INST-110	Window Washing Instructions...
57.	INST-125	Selector Winch / Feed
58.	INST-126	Winch In / Out
59.	N-10	Always Fold Loader...

Additional Decals for Machine Equipped With A Track Undercarriage - Consult dealer or manufacturer for general locations.

60.	SPD-19	...Minimum 10 Feet Away From Tracks...
61.	SPD-38	Do Not Entangle Feet...
62.	SPW-06	Do Not Attempt...Slope Of More Than...
63.	SPW-07	Do Not Move Machine...Horn Is Blown...
64.	SPW-11	Do Not Leave Unit Parked On A Slope...
65.		Bandit Track Vinyl Decals

Additional Decals for Machine Equipped With A Conveyor - Consult dealer or manufacturer for general locations.

66.	SPD-25	Stand Clear - Moving Conveyor
67.	SPD-29	NO Do not Climb...

Note: Some decals are for optional equipment. Decal locations may vary, these are general locations. If any decals become damaged, replace immediately.

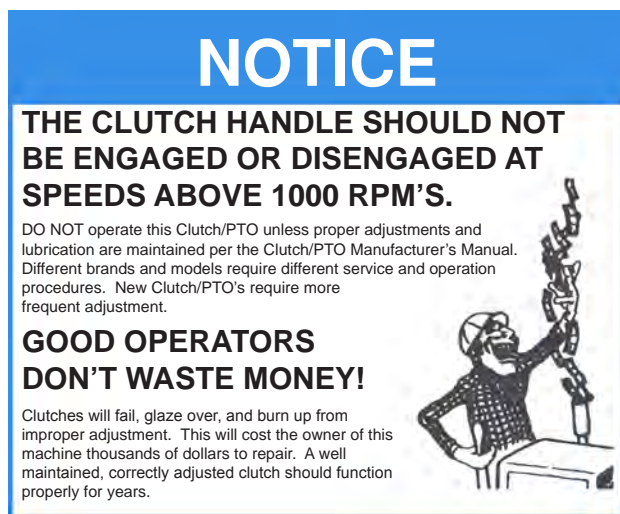
DECALS

Decals located on your Bandit equipment contain useful information to assist you in operating your equipment safely. Some of the decals on your machine and their location are shown in this section.

It is very important that all decals remain in place and in good condition on your machine. Please follow the care and instructions given below:


- 1) You should use soap and water to keep your decals clean. Never use mineral spirits or any other abrasive cleaners.
- 2) Replace immediately any missing or damaged decals. The location the decal is going to be applied to must be clean and dry, and at least 40° F (5°C) before applying decal.
- 3) When the need arises to replace a machine component with a decal attached, be sure and replace the decal.
- 4) Replacement decals are available, and can be purchased from the manufacturer or your Bandit Dealer.
- 5) Combination English / Spanish decals are typically standard. Other foreign language decals are available and may be purchased. Mail translated decals required to Bandit Industries, Inc.

EXAMPLES:




⚠ DANGER


**AVOID INJURY OR DEATH!
DO NOT OPERATE THIS MACHINE UNLESS:**



- Only properly and fully trained people are used.
- Wearing clothing and personal protective equipment per ANSI Z133 and OSHA 29-1910 standards.
- Constantly prepared and positioned to activate the control and shut down devices.
- All guards and covers are secure and in place.
- Only factory approved pins, guards and replacement parts are used.



- All safety devices and controls are operational.
- Never allow hand, foot or body part to enter infeed area, conveyors or guards during operation or while running.
- All decals are legible, in place and operator thoroughly understands them.



- Never open guards, covers or inspection doors while disc/drum is turning or engine is running.

Follow all safety and operational instructions per manuals decals, video, ANSI Z133 and OSHA 29-1910 standards.

⚠ WARNING



DO NOT GO NEAR LEAKS!

- Pressured oil easily punctures skin causing injury, gangrene or death.
- Seek immediate medical care.
- Do not use finger or skin to check for leaks.
- Remove hydraulic pressure or load before loosening fittings.

⚠ DANGER



DO NOT entangle feet or hands in undercarriage travel system

You MUST be minimum 10 feet away from tracks and/or tires when this machine is moving or operator is in cab.

⚠ WARNING



WEAR EYE & PERSONAL PROTECTION EQUIPMENT

Wear all personal protection equipment and follow all safety standards per ANSI and OSHA instructions.

! DANGER**DO NOT HAND FEED THIS MACHINE!**

- This machine is designed to **ONLY** be fed by a mechanical log loader.
- Feeding material into this machine by hand is not permitted or authorized.

SEVERE INJURY OR DEATH CAN RESULT!**! DANGER****DO NOT OPERATE LOADER ARM OR CHIPPER UNLESS:**

- Loader booms are completely out of reach of power lines by minimum of 10 feet.
- Boom reach area and chipper infeed area are completely clear of people.
- Operator follows all ANSI and OSHA operating, protective equipment and safety standards.
- Operator follows manufacturers instructions (consult manuals, video, etc.)

SEVERE INJURY OR DEATH CAN RESULT!**Bandit**

AUTOFEED OPTIONS AUTOFEED SYSTEM

Consult the original manufacturer's manual for your chippers
Autofeed operating and maintenance procedures

When processing material through the chipper, the feed system will automatically stop when the engine drops below a preset RPM point. The engine is constantly being monitored by an adjustable electronic speed switch. The switch can be adjusted so that at a given RPM, an electronic relay system will operate the hydraulic solenoid valves to stop the feedwheel(s) until the engine has recovered speed. The patented "Autofeed Plus" system will reverse the feedwheel(s) for a set period of time and then stop until the engine has recovered speed. Both autofeed systems will then automatically turn the feed on to resume feeding.

Due to required components and equipment options a machine may have various types or brands of autofeed systems. Each chipper is shipped with the original manufacturer's manual for the autofeed system it is equipped with.

For the approximate autofeed settings on all optional autofeed systems refer to page 24 of the chipper manual. For part numbers on the hydraulic portion of the autofeed systems refer to pages 108, 109 & 115 of the chipper manual.

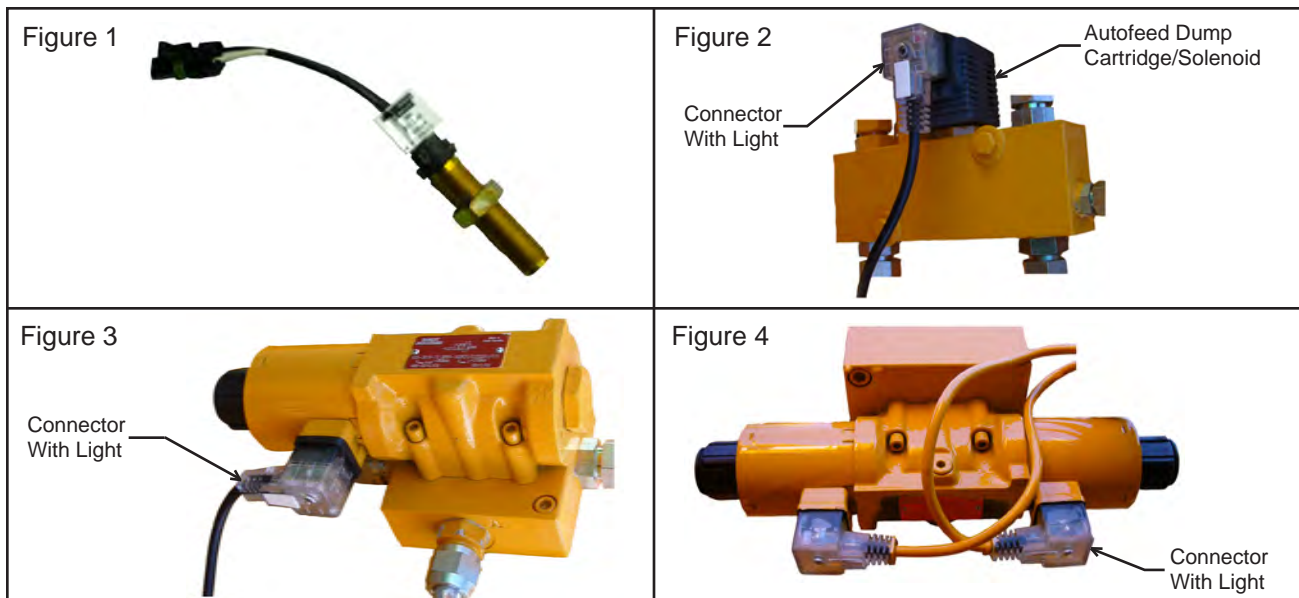
Do not power wash the digital tach hour meters. Pressure causes unwarranted damage. **Do not spray tach, this will void warranty.**

PART NUMBERS FOR AUTOFEED DIGITAL TACH HOUR METERS

<div style="text-align: center;"> <p>ESI Intelli-Feed Part Number: 900-2908-11 For Service Call 1-815-985-0383</p>  </div>	<div style="text-align: center;"> <p>Electronic Solutions Part Number: 900-2904-85 For Service Call 1-866-736-6839</p> <p>No longer used.</p>  </div>
<div style="text-align: center;"> <p>L.O.R. MFG. Part Number: 900-2906-82L For Service Call 1-866-644-8622</p>  </div>	<div style="text-align: center;"> <p>Miratron Inc. Part Number: 900-2910-68 For Service Call 1-866-285-0132</p> <p>No longer used.</p>  </div>

AUTOFEED TERMINOLOGY

- PPR** Pulses per revolution. On magnetic pick-up machines, this setting will be the number of teeth on the gear or sprocket it is reading. On alternator pick-up machines, the setting will need to be obtained from your local dealer or Bandit Industries.
- Mag Pick-up** Magnetic pick-up, also called pick-up probe. This is normally located screwed into the flywheel housing on the engine block. It can also be found on the clutch housing or chipper shaft. See Figure 1.
- Dump Block** This block is used in most cases. It is located near the fender on the frame of the chipper. Easy way to find it is by following the hydraulic hose from the pump. The block will be the first thing it is hooked into. This block also contains the main relief. When the solenoid is activated (indicated by the light in the connector) the feedwheel(s) are stopped by the autofeed system. See Figure 2.
- Reverse Valve** Located on the infeed hopper of the chipper. It can be recognized by a valve with one solenoid bolted on a square block. The solenoid is approximately 2-1/2" (63.5mm) diameter x 2-3/4" (69.9mm) long. It will have two wires coming from it or on the newer machines it will have a connector with a light screwed to it. When the solenoid is activated (indicated by the light in the connector) the feedwheel(s) are reversed by the autofeed plus system. See Figure 3.
- Dual Coil Reverse Valve** Normally seen on bigger machines such as 280, 1850, 1890, 1990, 2090, etc. and special options. This will normally be located on the infeed hopper of the machine. It can be recognized by a valve with two solenoids bolted on a square block. The solenoid is approximately 2-1/2" (63.5mm) diameter x 2-3/4" (69.9mm) long. It will have two wires coming from it or on the newer machines it will have a connector with a light screwed to it. The feed coil must have power (indicated by the light in the connector) for the feedwheels to feed and pull material in. See Figure 4.
- Solenoid** Electronically activated to produce a magnetic pull which shifts the spool inside the hydraulic valve. Shifting of the spool changes oil flow direction from operating forward or dumping oil to tank.
- High** High or HI is the setting when the feedwheels will turn back on (feeding operation).
- Low** Low or LO is the setting when the autofeed will reverse (if equipped) the feedwheels and then turn the feedwheels off.
- Back** Amount of time in seconds the feedwheels will back the wood away from the cutter disc/drum. Normally this will be set at .3 seconds.





TROUBLE SHOOTING GUIDE

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SOLUTION
No Display	-Gauge not getting power.	-Check continuity of Red wire to a clean power source. -Check 7.5 amp fuse. -Check connection at engine disable plug at hood pin. -Check key switch for switched power in and out.
	-Gauge not properly grounded.	-Check continuity of Black wire to ground connection.
	-Dead Battery.	-Charge or replace.
Feedwheels Do Not Stop (Autofeed Doesn't Activate)	-Loose chipper belts.	-Tighten or replace per manual specifications.
	-Clutch slipping.	-Adjust per clutch manufacturer's recommendations.
	-Sticky dump cartridge.	-Lightly tap on dump block to free up. -Take cartridge out and clean free of debris. -Replace solenoid and/or cartridge.
	-No power to dump valve solenoid.	-Check fuse on dump valve signal wire (if equipped). -Check continuity on the dump valve wire (normally green wire).
	-Faulty tach.	-Check autofeed tachometer settings.
	-Low or "LO" setting wrong.	-Check autofeed tachometer settings.
Feedwheels Do Not Re-engage	-Engine RPM not reaching HI set point on tach.	-Check for stretched or out of adjustment throttle cable. This would not engine reach full RPM. -Check HI RPM setting on gauge to make sure it is not set too close to full RPM of engine. HI setting should be 150 to 200 RPM below full engine RPM.
	-Sticky dump cartridge.	-Lightly tap on dump block to free up. -Take cartridge out and clean free of debris. -Replace solenoid and/or cartridge.
	-System pressure.	-Check and readjust per manual specifications.
	-Faulty tach.	-Consult local dealer or Bandit Industries.
No Signal	-Engine not running.	-Normal operating condition.
	-Bad signal wire.	-Check continuity on the signal wire (white wire in autofeed harness).
	-No signal from alternator.	-Check for at least 3.5 VAC output at idle and 10-12 VAC at HI RPM.
	-No signal from mag pick-up.	-Check for approx. 2-7 VAC at idle and approx. 14-20 VAC at HI RPM. Testing must be done at the two wires coming out of mag pick-up after disconnecting. Remove and clean off magnet at end. Reinstall by turning it in until it bottoms out. Then back off approx. 1/2 a turn. Lock with jam nut.
	-Bad mag pick-up.	-Replace mag pick-up.
Gauge Jumped Program	-Low voltage to tach.	-Check engine disable plug at hood. Clean and check for tight connection. Re-install using dielectric grease.
	-Shorts in wire harness.	-Check for possible worn wires or loose connections.
	-Faulty ground.	-Check black wire for a good ground.
	-Faulty tach.	-Consult local dealer or Bandit Industries.

TROUBLE SHOOTING GUIDE cont.

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SOLUTION
Feedwheels Run In Reverse From Normal	-Backup time set wrong.	Reset backup time. Normal setting is .3 seconds.
	-Sticking reverse valve.	-Check solenoid operation. -Override cartridge manually by sticking a small allen wrench in the end of the solenoid. -Replace solenoid and/or cartridge.
	-Type settings programmed wrong.	-Reprogram or consult local dealer or Bandit Ind.

NOTE: Autofeeds with dump blocks can be unplugged and run manually. Autofeeds with dual output block will need a jumper plug. This can be a good test to determine if you problem is hydraulic or electronic.

<p>LOR Jumper Plug Part No.: 900-2913-51</p> 	<p>ESI Jumper Plug Part No.: 900-2914-09</p> 
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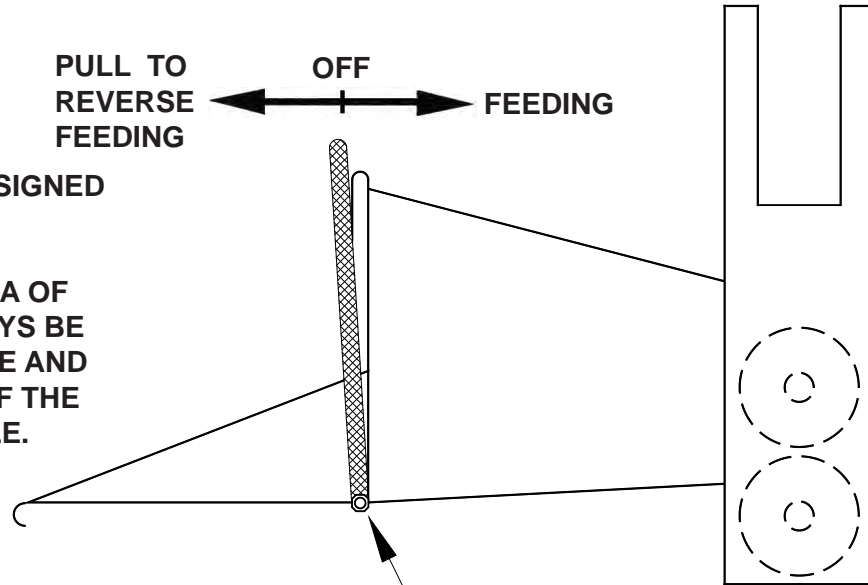
**APPROXIMATE DIGITAL AUTOFEED SETTINGS
(FOR ALL AUTO FEED SYSTEMS - REFERENCE ONLY)**

NOTE: Refer to the Completion/Check Sheet, that is shipped with the machine for the correct engine rpm. If needed, contact your local dealer or Bandit Industries.

Some Current Engine Types	Maximum RPM	Alternator PPR	Magnetic Pick-Up PPR	High RPM	Low RPM	ALR (LOR only)	Feed Reverse Time
CAT 3126 - 250 Hp (Tier 2)	2200	N/A	156	2100	1750	N/A	.3
CAT C9 - 350 Hp (Tier 3)	2200	N/A	113	2100	1750	N/A	.3
Cummins QSL - 325 Hp (Tier 3)	2100	N/A	158	2000	1650	N/A	.3
Cummins QSC6.7 - 275 Hp (Tier 3)	2500	N/A	128	2400	2150	N/A	.3
John Deere 6081 - 250 Hp (Tier 2)	2200	N/A	129	2050	1750	N/A	.3
John Deere 6081 - 275 Hp (Tier 2)	2200	N/A	129	2050	1750	N/A	.3
John Deere 6090 - 325 Hp (Tier 3)	2200	N/A	30	2050	1750	N/A	.3
Some Prior Engine Types							
Cummins QSB5.9 - 275 Hp (Tier 2)	2500	N/A	159	2350	2150	N/A	.3
Cummins 6CTA - 250 Hp	2200	20	N/A	2150	1775	N/A	.3

CONTROLS

CORRECT OPERATION OF FEED CONTROL HANDLE



FOR ALL CHIPPERS DESIGNED TO BE "LOADER FED".

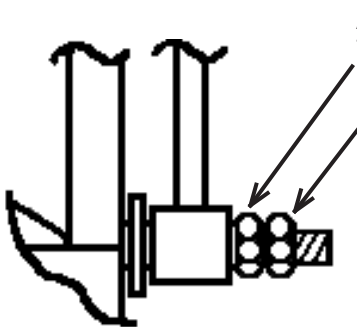
IF YOU ARE IN THE AREA OF INFEED HOPPER, ALWAYS BE PREPARED TO OPERATE AND WITHIN EASY REACH OF THE FEED CONTROL HANDLE.

USE THE 1" JAM NUT TO ADJUST CONTROL HANDLE PIVOT TENSION.

ADJUSTING TENSION FOR CONTROL HANDLE PIVOT.

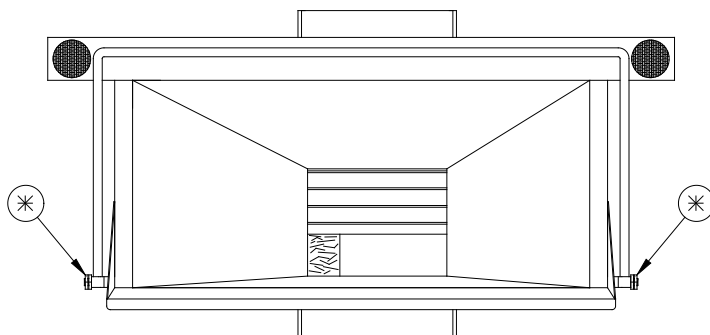
NORMAL WEAR REQUIRES PERIODICAL ADJUSTMENT OF PIVOT TENSION.

FEED CONTROL HANDLE SHOULD PIVOT WITH LITTLE EFFORT, BY HAND. LUBRICATE PIVOT POINTS OF FEED CONTROL HANDLE WEEKLY.



ADJUST PIVOT TENSION WITH THE TIGHTNESS OF INSIDE FRICTION NUTS.

SECURE ADJUSTMENT WITH OUTSIDE JAM NUTS.



CONTROLS

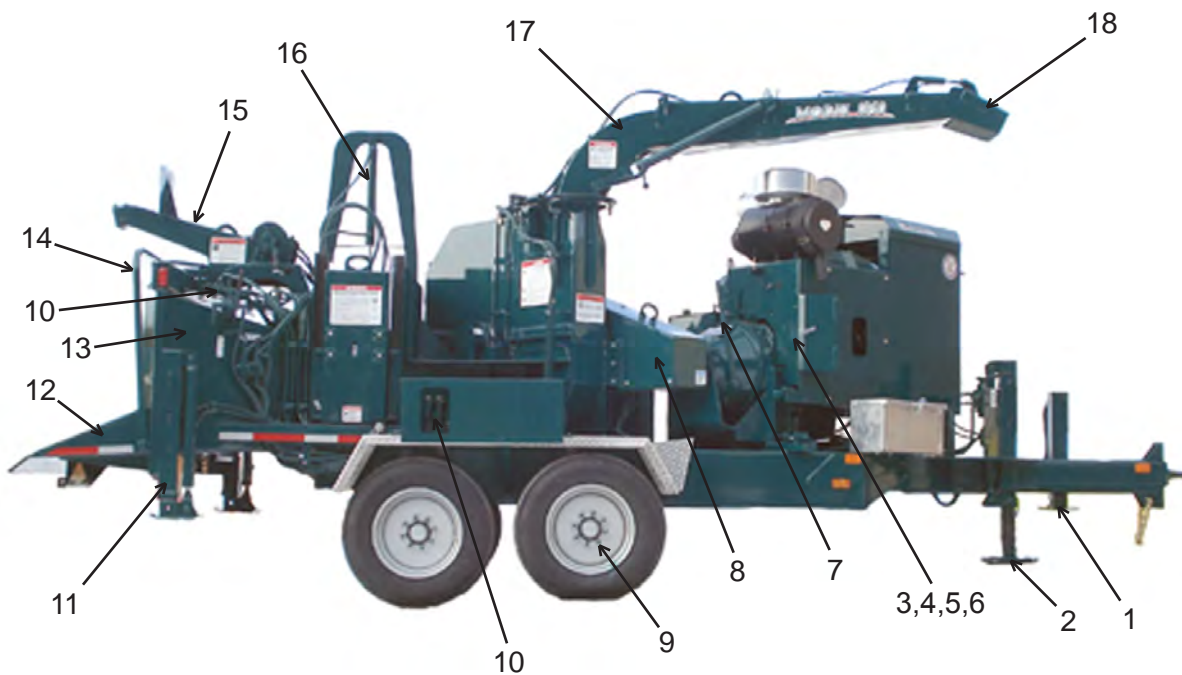
Model 1850 Basic Location of Controls and Adjustments

LOCATION SHOWN

1. Foot Pad Jack
2. Hydraulic Tongue Jack
3. Autofeed Controls
4. Engine Controls, Adjusters
5. Electric Engine Throttle Adjuster (if equipped)
6. "Bandit" Lever Throttle Adjuster (if equipped)
7. Clutch Handle
8. Chipper Belts / Pump Belts
9. Lug Nuts
10. Hydraulic Control Valves
11. Rear Stabilizer "Optional"
12. Infeed Pan
13. Infeed Hopper
14. Feedwheel Control Bar
15. Hydraulic Winch Area "Optional"
16. Yoke Lift Cylinder
17. Swivel Discharge
18. Discharge Hydraulic Flipper

NOT SHOWN

- Knives & Hardware
- Wooden Push Paddle
- Feedwheel Motor Coupler
- Loader "Optional"



CONTROL OPERATING PROCEDURES

Feedwheel Control Bar:

The feedwheel control bar operates the feedwheel(s). This machine is NOT designed or authorized to be hand fed! To make the feedwheel(s) operate so they are pulling material into the machine, push the control handle towards the machine. To make the feedwheel(s) operate so they are pushing material out of the machine, away from the chipper disc/drum, the control handle should be pulled away from the chipper. The control bar is in the off position when it is in the center location.

Yoke Lift Control Valve:

The yoke lift control valve operates the top yoke lift cylinder. To lower the yoke, push the yoke lift control valve handle towards the tongue of the machine. To raise the yoke, push the yoke lift control valve handle towards the infeed hopper of the machine. The yoke lift control valve handle is in the flotation position when it is in the center location.

Selector Control - Optional:

The selector control allows the operator to change the operation function from the feed function to the winch function or from the winch function to the feed function. The feedwheel(s) will not operate when the selector control is in the winch function and the winch will not work while the selector control is in the feed function. To have the feedwheel(s) operate the selector control valve needs to be pushed in, away from the operator. To operate the winch the selector control valve needs to be pulled out, towards the operator. Note: If the selector control is an electric switch, pull the switch down for the feed function and push the switch up for the winch function.

Winch Control - Optional:

The winch control operates the winch option. To make the winch reel out push the winch control valve handle in, away from the operator. To make the winch pull material in retract the winch clutch lock pin, pull the clutch handle up, and pull the winch control valve handle out, towards the operator. The winch also has a spool rotation lock, make sure this is disengaged to free wheel cable out of the spool. Note: If the winch control is an electric switch, push the switch out towards the material to make the winch reel out and push the switch away from the material to make the winch pull material in.

Discharge Hydraulic Swivel Control:

NOTE: Remove transport bolt and/or lock pin BEFORE operating this function.

The discharge hydraulic swivel control operates the discharge rotate. To make the discharge swivel to the right push the discharge swivel control valve handle down, towards the ground. To make the discharge swivel to the left pull the discharge swivel control valve handle up, away from the ground. The discharge swivel control valve handle is in the off position when it is in the center location. Do not use the hydraulics to secure the discharge when transporting the chipper. Make sure to install the lock bolt and nut before transporting.

Discharge Hydraulic Flipper Control:

The discharge hydraulic flipper control operates the discharge flipper cylinder. To make the discharge flipper rotate up pull the discharge hydraulic flipper control valve handle up, away from the ground. To make the discharge flipper rotate downward push the discharge hydraulic flipper control valve handle down, towards the ground. The discharge hydraulic flipper control valve handle is in the off position when it is in the center location.

Hydraulic Tongue Jack Control:

NOTE: Remove lock pin BEFORE operating this function.

The hydraulic tongue jack control operates the hydraulic tongue jack cylinder. To raise the front of the machine pull the hydraulic tongue jack control valve handle up, away from the ground. To lower the front of the machine push the hydraulic tongue jack control valve handle down, towards the ground. The hydraulic tongue jack control valve handle is in the off position when it is in the center location. Install the lock pin at the desired tongue height.

CONTROLS

Basic Location Of Cab Controls And Adjustments For Model 1850 With A Cab

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. Feedwheel Control Switch | 4. Road Side Stabilizer Control (if equipped) |
| 2. Joystick Console Adjustment Knob | 5. Discharge Swivel Control |
| 3. Curb Side Stabilizer Control (if equipped) | 6. Flipper Control |

FEEDWHEEL CONTROL SWITCH (#1):

To make the feedwheels rotate so that they are pulling material into the chipper, pull the switch backwards toward the operator. To turn the feedwheels off, push or pull the switch to the center position. To make the feedwheels rotate so that they are pushing material out of the chipper, push the switch forward away from the operator.

JOYSTICK CONSOLE ADJUSTMENT KNOB (#2):

To move the joystick console, pull the adjustment knob up and then the joystick console can move closer or further from the operator's seat.

STABILIZER CONTROL (#3 & #4) (if equipped):

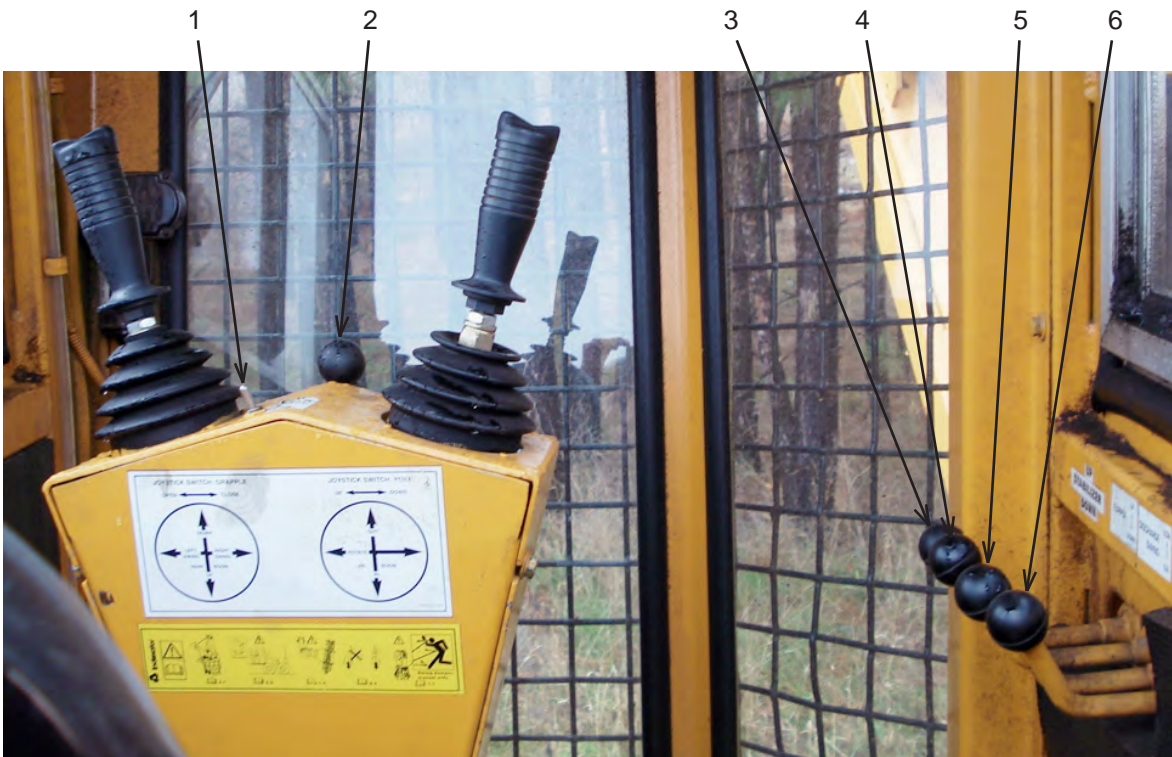
To make the stabilizer raise up push the stabilizer control handle up. To make the stabilizer extend push the stabilizer control handle down.

DISCHARGE SWIVEL CONTROL (#5):

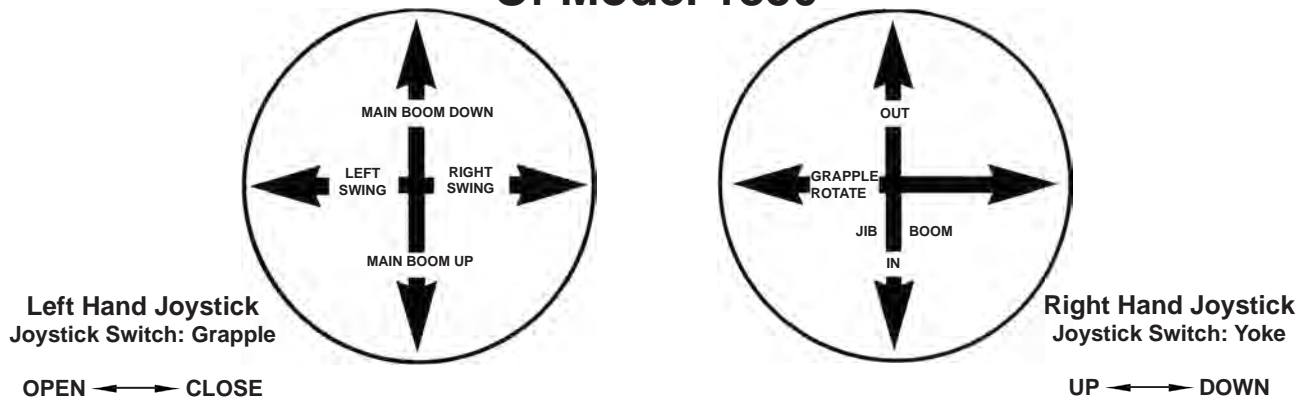
To make the discharge swivel to the right push the discharge swivel control handle up. To make the discharge swivel to the left push the discharge swivel control handle down.

FLIPPER CONTROL (#6):

To make the flipper go up push the flipper control handle up. To make the flipper go down push the flipper control handle down.



Joystick Application For The Loader Function Of Model 1850



JOYSTICK OPERATING PROCEDURES

LOADER OPERATION

Before beginning to operate the machine make sure you are seated comfortably and are seat belted into the seat.

WHEN OPERATING THE LOADER, THE JOYSTICKS OPERATE IN THE FOLLOWING MANNER:

LEFT HAND JOYSTICK:

The left hand joystick operates the main boom, swing, and the grapple open and close functions. To make the main boom move in an upward motion pull the joystick backwards, toward the operator. To make the main boom move in a downward motion push the joystick forward, away from the operator. To make the loader swing to the left push the joystick to the left. To make the loader swing to the right push the joystick to the right. The grapple open/close switch is located on top of the left hand joystick. To make the grapple open push the switch on the left side. To make the grapple close push the switch on the right side.

RIGHT HAND JOYSTICK:

The right hand joystick operates the jib boom, grapple rotate, and the yoke functions. To make the jib boom move in an outward motion, away from the chipper, push the joystick forward, away from the operator. To make the jib boom move in an inward motion, towards the chipper, pull the joystick backwards, toward the operator. To make the grapple rotate to the left push the joystick to the left. To make the grapple rotate to the right push the joystick to the right. The yoke up/down switch is located on top of the right hand joystick. To make the yoke go up push the switch on the left side. To make the yoke go down push the switch on the right side.

TRACK OPERATION

Before beginning to operate the machine make sure you are seated comfortably and are seat belted into the seat.

WHEN OPERATING THE LOADER, THE JOYSTICKS OPERATE IN THE FOLLOWING MANNER:

Note: Flip the "function switch" from loader to track.

LEFT HAND JOYSTICK:

The left hand joystick operates the left side track. To move the left track forward, push the joystick forward, away from the operator. To reverse the left side track, pull the joystick backwards, toward the operator.

RIGHT HAND JOYSTICK:

The right hand joystick operates the right side track. To move the right track forward, push the joystick forward, away from the operator. To reverse the right side track, pull the joystick backwards, toward the operator.

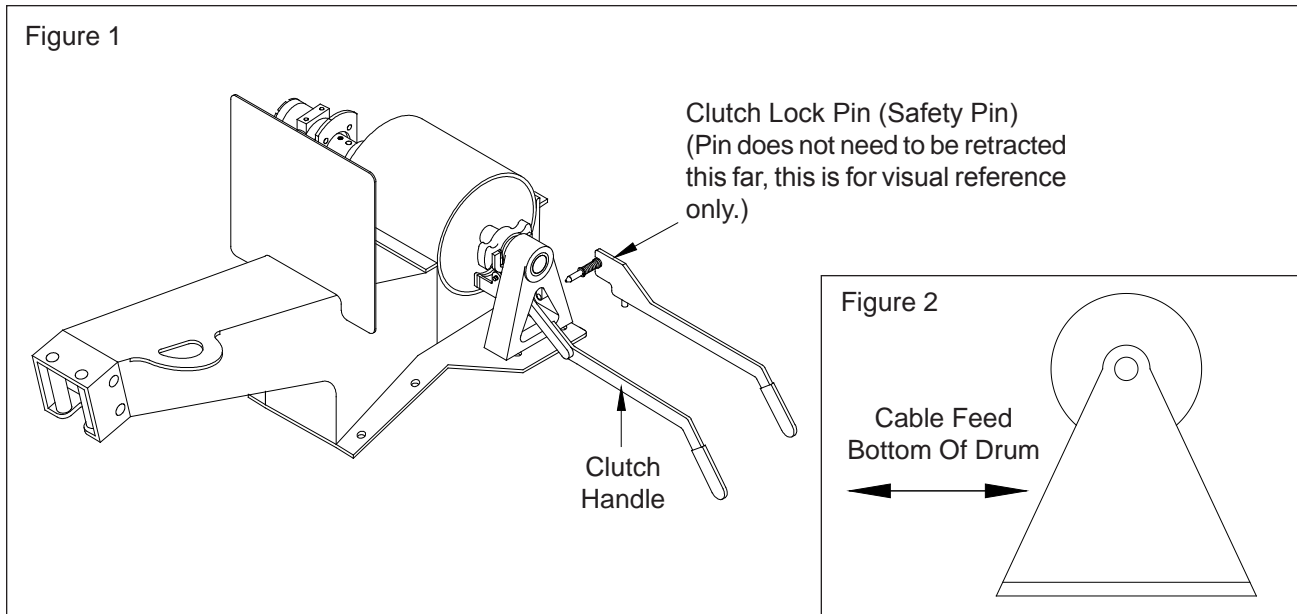
HIGH/LOW SPEED SWITCH:

Located on the left joystick console is the High/Low Speed Switch. The switch operates the High and Low speeds for the motors. High speed is for traveling between piles and Low speed is for more torque. When turning, you should be in Low speed.

NOTE: If the joystick functions do not operate as described above, contact your local dealer or Bandit Industries.

Bandit

WINCH OPERATING PROCEDURES



⚠ WARNING

HYDRAULIC WINCH OPERATION PER WINCH MANUFACTURER!

Install 5/16" (7.9 mm) diameter cable to pull and feed from the bottom of the winch drum (See figure 2). Remove excess bolt length on cable bolts after cable is secured to the spool.

⚠ DANGER

Never reach into the winch or winch roller area.

OPERATING PROCEDURE

1. Winch operation is a one person job. This means the person who hooks the winch to the wood material is the same person who engages the winch.
2. Place the feedwheel control bar in the off position. Make sure chipper and towing vehicle are blocked or anchored in a solid location.
3. Locate the selector valve and engage it to the winch position. The feed system should not operate with selector in winch mode.
4. Make sure the winch clutch is disengaged and pull the cable to the material to be reeled in. Attach cable securely to wood material that you want pulled to chipper.
5. Make sure everyone is clear and then retract the clutch lock pin and then pull the clutch handle up to engage the winch clutch (See Figure 1). Make sure handle is locked in position.
6. Use the winch control valve or the radio remote control (if applicable) to now pull the wood material towards the machine.
7. Once the wood material is pulled to the machine, unhook it from the winch and make sure the cable is completely reeled back in and out of the way. Attach cable to keeper loop. Make sure the cable is clear of the feedwheel(s) or severe damage can occur if the cable should enter the chipper.
8. Reengage selector valve to feed position.
9. Engage the feedwheel(s) and begin feeding wood material.

CHIPPER HOOD ENGINE DISABLE PLUG OPERATION

This chipper hood engine disable plug is installed for safety purposes. It is designed to shut down the engine if the hood pin is not properly in place holding the chipper hood in the closed position. The system must be correctly maintained and operative at all times. If the plug connector is not correctly installed the engine will not start or run.

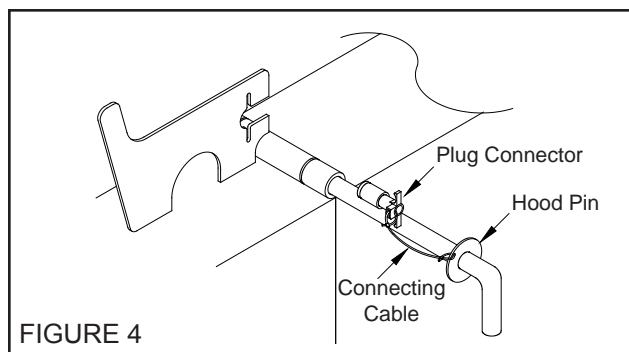
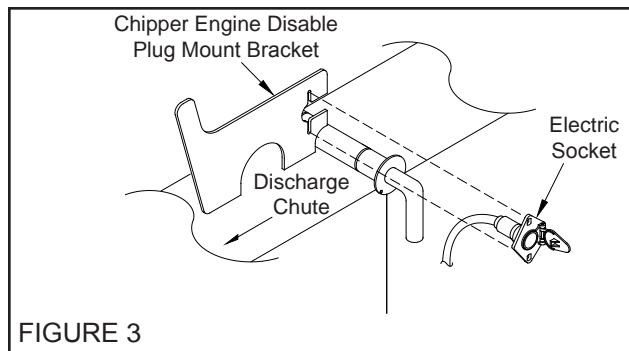
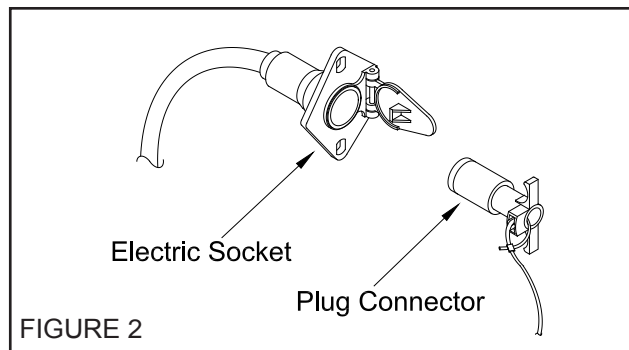
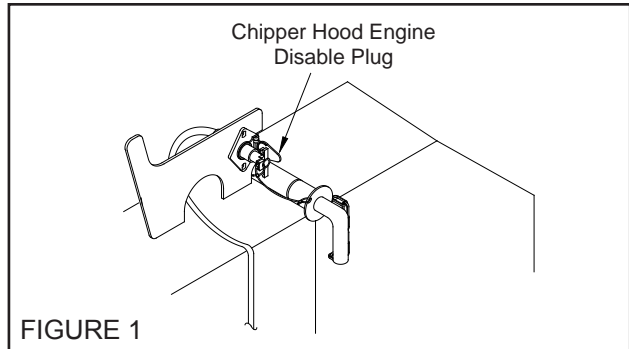
The chipper hood engine disable plug is located on top of the chipper hood (see figure 1). The chipper engine disable plug is made up of two parts: an electric socket and a plug connector (see figure 2). The electric socket is bolted to the chipper engine disable plug mount bracket (see figure 3) and the plug connector is attached by a cable to the hood pin (see figure 4).

If the chipper engine disable plug is not properly installed then the engine will not start or run. If the chipper engine disable plug becomes disconnected while the chipper engine is running the engine will be shut down or be disabled from running. This is for safety purposes, to ensure that the hood pin is not removed and the chipper hood is not opened while the engine is running.

The chipper engine disable plug is wired to shut down the chipper engine. When the plug connector is pulled out of the electric socket the electric circuit is broken, disabling the engine.

NOTICE

The engine disable plug has a circuit fuse. If the engine will not start or run, check the fuse first before consulting the engine manufacturer’s manual. Circuit fuse locations: CAT / Perkins- located at the “BATT” wire near the ignition switch, Cummins- located by engine manufacturer near the starter (wires labeled “POW”), John Deere- located by engine manufacturer “Short Stop” circuit breaker by the ignition switch on the instrument panel or fuse by the ECM, and Deutz, Hatz, Honda, Kohler, and Robin- located at the battery post on the starter.

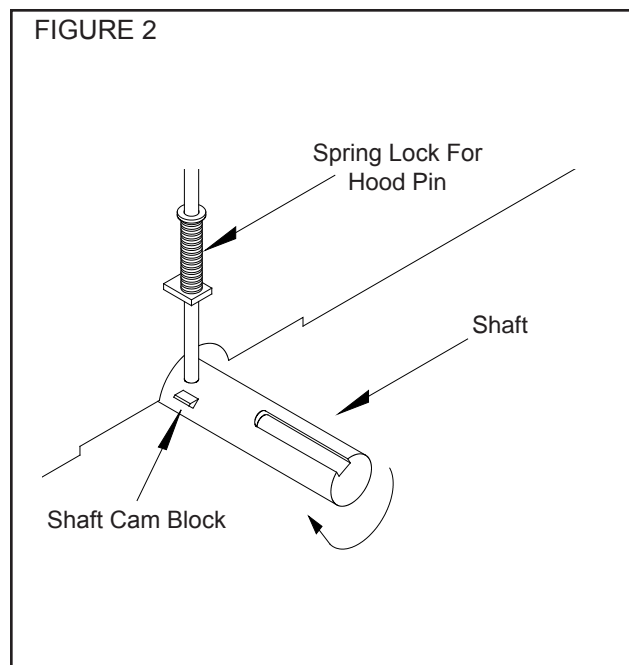
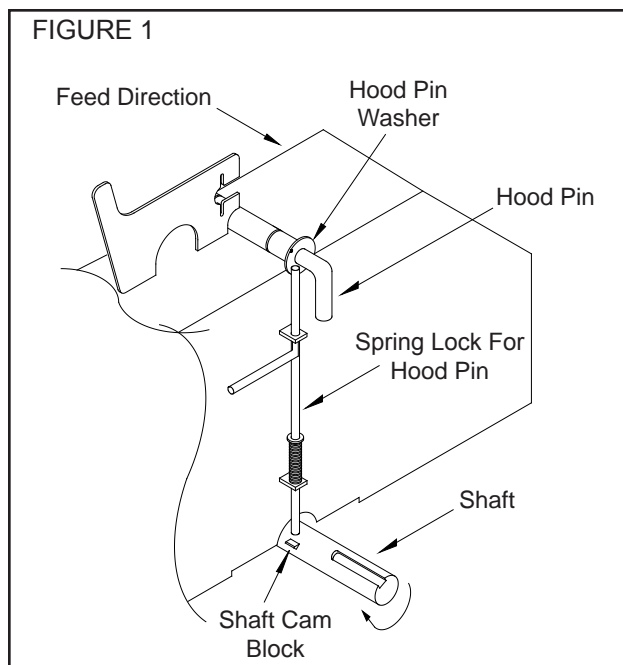


SPRING LOCK FOR HOOD PIN OPERATION

The patented spring lock for hood pin, is installed for safety purposes. It is designed to help keep the hood pin from being removed if the chipper disc is turning. NEVER ATTEMPT TO PUSH THE SPRING LOCK FOR HOOD PIN DOWN OR REMOVE THE HOOD PIN, UNTIL AFTER THE ENGINE AND CHIPPER DISC HAVE BOTH COME TO A COMPLETE STOP.

The spring lock is located on the side of the chipper hood. The top of the spring lock should be directly behind the hood pin washer when the hood pin is properly installed in place holding the chipper hood in the closed position (see figure 1).

With the chipper hood shut and hood pin in place the spring lock helps keep the hood pin from sliding out or from being removed if the chipper disc is turning. There is a shaft cam block installed on the chipper shaft which will not allow the spring lock to be pulled down if the chipper disc is turning (see figure 2). When the chipper disc is turning, if the spring lock was to be pulled down or recessed it would simply hit the shaft cam block bouncing the spring lock back into position not allowing for the removal of the hood pin.

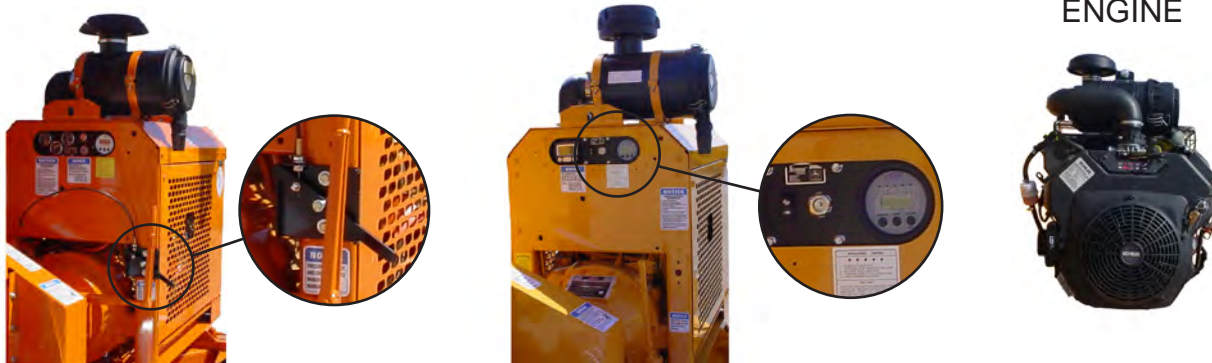


CONSULT THE ENGINE MANUFACTURER'S MANUAL FOR SPECIFIC CONTROLS, OPERATION, & MAINTENANCE FOR TYPICAL ENGINES

- 1) **Ignition Switch:**
Turn the ignition switch key clockwise one stop (on position) to turn the electrical system on. The key should remain in the on position while the engine is running. Turn the key fully clockwise (start position) this will start the engine. To shut off the engine, return the key to the off position.
- 2) **On/Off Switch - Push Button Start:**
Some gasoline engines may have a Toggle Switch or an On/Off Switch combined with a push button to start the engine. First turn the On/Off Switch or Toggle Switch to the on position, then depress and hold the Push Button Start until the engine starts, then release the button. To shut off the engine, return the On/Off Switch or Toggle Switch to the off position.
- 3) **Ignition Switch With Preheat:**
The typical diesel engine may have a preheat system to assist in starting the engine during cold weather. To activate the preheat system, continue to hold the ignition key in the preheat position for 15 to 20 seconds, then attempt to start the engine. If the engine fails to start within 15 seconds, return the key to the preheat position, hold 10 seconds, and try starting again.
- 4) **Choke Adjustment (if equipped):**
Some gasoline engines may have a choke adjustment, pull the choke lever out to choke the engine. Push the choke lever in for normal engine operations.
- 5) **Throttle Adjustment (if equipped):**
Some engines may have a knob or a handle for the throttle adjustment. Typically you would pull the knob out, or turn the handle to increase the engine R.P.M.'s. To decrease you would push in the knob or turn the handle the opposite way.
- 6) **"Bandit" Lever Lock Cable Throttle System (if equipped):**
The Bandit throttle system has (2) positions, HIGH and LOW. Engine R.P.M. is controlled by moving the lever from one position to the other.
- 8) **Push Button Or Electric Throttle System (if equipped):**
Some engines may have a push button or electric throttle adjustment. Engine R.P.M. is controlled by pushing a button or switch to raise or lower the R.P.M.
- 9) **Alternator Warning Light:**
This light will glow when the alternator is not charging, or when the ignition switch is turned on and the engine is not running.
- 10) **Oil Pressure Warning Light:**
This light will glow when the oil pressure is to low, or when the ignition switch is turned on and the engine is not running.
- 11) **Engine Temperature Warning Light:**
This light will glow when the engine, or engine coolant, is above normal operating temperature. If this occurs allow the engine temperature to cool down. If the engine is overheating because of a loss of coolant, or a broken fan belt, shut the engine off immediately.

TYPICAL DIESEL ENGINES

TYPICAL GASOLINE ENGINE



BANDIT THROTTLE SYSTEM PUSH BUTTON OR ELECTRIC THROTTLE SYSTEM

Bandit

Transportation Procedures

WARNING

BEFORE TRANSPORTING THE MACHINE THE FOLLOWING MUST BE COMPLETED.

- 1) Idle engine, disengage clutch, and install clutch lock if equipped.
- 2) Make sure the feedwheel is in the lowered position.
- 3) Place all hydraulic controls in the "off" position.
- 4) Turn off engine, wait for the chipper disc/drum to come to a complete stop and you must have the ignition key in your possession.
- 5) Remove all excess debris. Remove any wood or debris which may have collected.
- 6) Return wooden push paddle to the mount and secure for transportation. Store all tools in the tool box and make sure all boxes and cabinets are closed and secured.
- 7) If equipped, close the folding infeed pan for the infeed hopper and make sure the spring latches are locked into place.
- 8) Raise the front of the machine or transport trailer with the tongue jack and remove the stabilization blocks used. If the machine is equipped with a hydraulic tongue jack, remove the lock pin before raising the front of the machine.
- 9) Couple machine or transport trailer to transport vehicle by lowering the machine onto the hitch. Make sure the hitch matches the coupling size. Then secure hitch and lock it.
- 10) Place the tongue jack in the transport position. If the machine is equipped with a hydraulic tongue jack, lift the foot pad to the transport position and install the lock pin.
- 11) Attach the safety chains by crossing them under hitch, make sure to allow the proper amount of slack in chains to avoid binding or dragging the ground when making turns.
- 12) Connect the brake breakaway cable (if equipped) and plug in the electrical connection for the lights on the machine or transport trailer.
- 13) Check running lights, turn signals, and brake lights. All must be operating properly before transporting the machine. Also check brakes (if equipped) to make sure they are operating correctly.
- 14) Do not transport unless discharge is clamped, pinned and bolted securely into place in the transport position pointed over the tongue.
- 15) Check tires for correct pressure, cuts or damaged rims.
- 16) Check lug nuts and retorque if necessary. Check new units before operation, check again after 20-25 miles (32-40 km) and regularly check at least weekly.
- 17) Inspect and replace any axle dust caps that are damaged or leaking.
- 18) Check wheel bearings and grease or oil axles per axle manufacturer's manual.
- 19) Walk around the machine to confirm that everything is secure and that there is not anything loose that could fall off during transport. Look under machine to ensure nothing is dragging. Look down both sides of the machine for anything sticking out that may become damaged during transport.
- 20) If machine is equipped with a vise, make sure to secure in place and clamp jaws closed.
- 21) Close and secure any of the following, if equipped: engine cowl doors and side panels, radiator debris screens, inspection doors, housing covers, tanks caps and covers, etc.
- 22) If the machine is self propelled and on a transport trailer, make sure the trailer has the correct load capacity, the machine is positioned on the trailer for correct weight distribution, and the machine is securely bound down to the trailer bed per your States binding requirements. Make sure the loading ramps are securely stored for transport. (See Loading & Unloading Self-Propelled Machines.)
- 23) The machine is now ready for transport. Make sure to obey all local regulations and laws regarding the transporting of this type of machine.
- 24) Do not drive too fast for road conditions or exceed speed regulations for equipment towing. Machine must be hauled level and the towing vehicle must be sized to handle hitch weight, towing weight, and braking requirements.

Loader Transportation Procedures

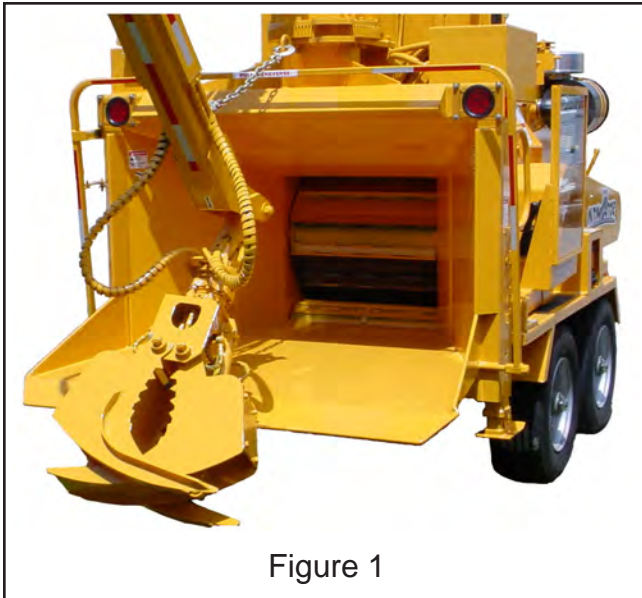


Figure 1

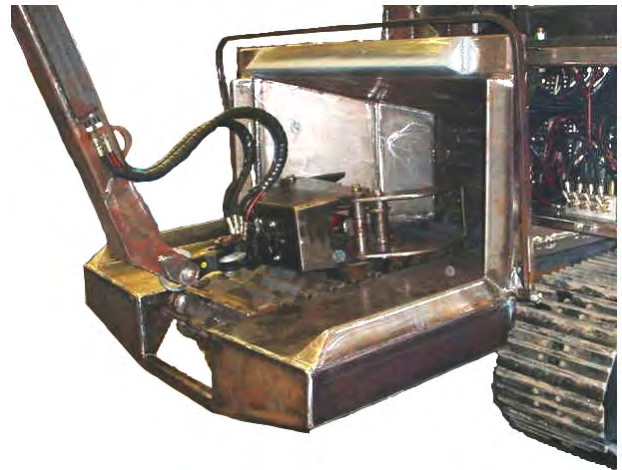


Figure 2

⚠ WARNING

IF EQUIPPED WITH LOADER OPTION, BEFORE TRANSPORTING THE MACHINE THE FOLLOWING MUST BE COMPLETED ALONG WITH THE MACHINE TRANSPORTATION PROCEDURES.

- 1) Idle engine, disengage clutch, and install clutch lock if equipped.
- 2) Close the jaws on the grapple.
- 3) Swing the loader to the center from side to side and install the loader swing lock pin.
- 4) Tuck grapple onto infeed hopper as shown in Figure 1 to help prevent damage to the hydraulic hoses and fittings. If the machine is equipped with a conveyor option, tuck grapple onto infeed hopper as shown in Figure 2. **Make sure the fittings and hoses are not in a pinched or wear position for transportation.**
- 5) Securely attach transport chain to the jib boom as shown in Figure 1.
- 6) Lower the main boom and jib boom until the transport chain is tight.
- 7) Place all hydraulic controls in the "off" position.
- 8) Turn off engine, wait for the chipper disc/drum to come to a complete stop and you must have the ignition key in your possession.
- 9) Place the joystick swing out in the transport position, if equipped.
- 10) Make sure running lights, turn signals, and brake lights are visible when loader is in the transport position.
- 11) Make sure all reflectors and/or lights are in proper place and in working order on the loader per Federal and your States' Department of Transportation Code of Regulations.
- 12) With the machine in the transport position, measure the overall height and width to make sure the machine is within the highway clearance regulations of the Department of Transportation.

Loading & Unloading Self-Propelled Machines

WARNING

BEFORE ATTEMPTING TO USE A TRAILER FOR TRANSPORT, MAKE SURE THE TRAILER TOWING VEHICLE IS APPROPRIATE FOR THE TASK.

- 1) The trailer has a cargo weight rating capacity for the weight of the machine. The combined weight of the trailer and the machine can not exceed the load capacity of the tires, axles, hitch coupler system or the GVWR (Gross Vehicle Weight Rating) of the trailer.
- 2) The trailer must have a lighting system and a braking system to match and perform correctly off the towing vehicle's system. You must meet the Federal and your States' Department of Transportation Code of Regulations concerning lights, brakes, and highway transit.
- 3) Make sure the towing vehicle has the hauling and hitch capacity ratings for the trailer and machine combination. The towing vehicle must be mechanically sound and capable of handling the towing job.
- 4) The trailer should be constructed with appropriate chain down positions for the specific sized machine. You must have binders that will withstand the strain of the machine trying to move while it is being transported.
- 5) When the machine is positioned on the trailer bed, there should be about 15% of the total trailer package weight on the tongue or hitch.
- 6) The loading ramps or loading gate of the trailer must be constructed to withstand the weight and forces involved in loading and unloading the machine.

WARNING

BEFORE LOADING OR UNLOADING THE MACHINE INSPECT AND CONFIRM THE FOLLOWING STEPS: When loading or unloading the self-propelled machine on the trailer, use care and caution. The maneuvering of the equipment must be slow, smooth, and intentional, not fast and jerky.

- 1) Make sure the trailer and towing vehicle are parked on a flat surface. They must be stable on the surface with the brakes locked and/or the wheels chocked to avoid unwanted movement.
- 2) Position the loading ramps or loading gate securely between the trailer and the ground level. Have them located so that they are in line with the tires or tracks of the machine when it moves.
- 3) Remove and store the chains and binders used for transporting.
- 4) Confirm that there are not any obstacles on the trailer bed, around the trailer that may cause restricted movement of the machine or the operator.
- 5) The only person in the area should be the one that is operating the machine controls, and he/she should be very experienced with the controls on this machine.
- 6) If you are on streets, roads or public areas, position the warning cones etc, per your company's safety policy.
- 7) Follow all pre-startup instructions for the machine.
- 8) Typically, the engine end of the machine should be positioned so that it is toward the tongue of the trailer, during transport.
- 9) Align the machine with the trailer bed, and the loading ramps. The only equipment movement should be slowly, straight on or straight off the trailer.
- 10) With the engine and the machine at as low a speed as possible, move the machine toward the ramp system. Make sure the alignment is correct throughout the travel.
- 11) Properly secure the equipment and the area to avoid any possible accidents or dangers.

MAINTENANCE SECTION

The Bandit is a very simple machine to maintain. If you will follow a regular scheduled preventative maintenance program you should have years of trouble free operation.

⚠ DANGER

Before attempting any type of maintenance disengage clutch, install clutch lock if equipped, turn off engine, wait for the disc/drum to come to a complete stop, install the disc/drum lock pin, disconnect battery, and make sure the ignition key is in your possession.

⚠ DANGER

Do not let anyone operate or maintain this machine until they have thoroughly read this manual, reviewed the equipment decals, watched the equipment video, and has been properly trained. You can purchase additional Bandit manuals, decals and videos for a nominal fee.

NOTICE

Consult your engine manual for proper break-in procedures. Various engines require somewhat different procedures, but basically the engines need to operate at lower R.P.M.'s and loads for a specific time.

NOTICE

Failure to properly break-in your engine may result in poor bearing and piston ring surfaces.

NOTICE

The Bandit has only been run for a short time to test proper hydraulic pressures, possible leaks, etc. The fuel tank will be empty. Fuel is provided through a small auxiliary tank for testing. This immensely helps maintain safety in our manufacturing facility and while shipping.

NOTICE

Expensive damage to the Bandit will occur if proper preparation is not taken before welding on the machine. Be sure to disconnect both battery cables and the engine ECM (engine control module) before welding. Follow the specific Engine MFG. instructions for proper welding and grounding procedures, before attempting to weld on the machine. If welding on the machine, do not ground the welder through the machine bearings, ground near work to be performed.

DAILY START UP & MAINTENANCE

1) Check the safety decals and engine gauges:
Replace any missing or damaged decals and/or engine gauges.

2) Check all safety equipment:
Check for proper operation. Repair or replace as needed.

3) Check entire machine for loose bolts, nuts, parts, or components:
Check entire machine for any loose parts or components. Check for loose nuts or bolts. Torque, tighten, or replace any of the loose components. See page 41 for specific bolt torques.

4) Check all guards:
Check to make sure all guards are in place and installed correctly. Make sure they are secure.

5) Check chipper hood hinge:
Make sure the hood hinge operates correctly, and is lubricated. Must replace hinge if damaged.

6) Checking for foreign objects:
Before opening the hood make sure the clutch is disengaged, clutch lock installed if equipped, the engine off, the disc/drum lock pin is installed, battery is disconnected, and also make sure the ignition key is in your possession. Remove the hood pin padlock, disconnect the chipper hood engine disable plug, suppress the spring lock for hood pin on disc chippers, and then remove the hood lock pin. Look for any foreign objects inside the chipper housing. Remove any foreign objects found.

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DAILY START UP & MAINTENANCE (cont.)

7) Check chipper disc assembly:

Check for elongated bolt holes, secure welds, torqued bolts, excessive wear and impact cracks. If a problem is found contact the chipper manufacturer or an authorized Bandit dealer. Also check the chipper housing at this time. Check the chipper base, belly band, and hoods for wear or damage. Also inspect the chipper bearings.

8) Check chipper disc/drum to turn:

Very carefully, manually with a pry bar or wood bar, turn the chipper disc/drum a full revolution. This is to ensure the anvil and knives have proper clearance. If the chipper disc/drum is jammed with debris or frozen in place, DO NOT attempt to start the engine and engage clutch until the chipper disc/drum rotates freely.

9) Check the condition of your fan blades, knives, anvil, and attaching hardware:

Grind, file, or replace your knives to keep them sharp. Check the fan blades, anvil, and attaching hardware for the knives and anvil. Replace if necessary.

10) Properly torque the knife mounting hardware:

All knife mounting hardware must be factory approved. Knife mounting hardware must be replaced after maximum of 4-5 knife rotations/changes to insure safe clamping ability.

Torque set, AT ALL TIMES to:

See TORQUE CHART on page 41.

11) Hood lock pin and padlock:

After closing chipper hood, reinsert the hood pin and padlock, make sure pin is tight and secure. If worn replace immediately. Don't use a worn or makeshift hood pin. Make sure the spring lock for the hood pin is in the correct position on disc chippers. Make sure the chipper hood engine disable plug is installed correctly and that it is also operating properly.

12) Grease all feedwheel and chipper bearings daily:

Use an EP-2 Lithium type grease only for all bearings. Purge chipper bearings with grease. You can not over grease these bearings. Grease feedwheel bearings with one shot of grease. Both types of bearings are designed with a relief system that will not allow over greasing. In other words, you can not hurt the bearing seals by pumping in too much grease. Most of the failures related to bearings are diagnosed as "Contamination". Contamination is caused by improper lubrication. Wipe off excess grease. **Excessive grease will attract dirt.**

13) Grease loader (if equipped):

Grease all loader and grapple pins and bushings with 1 to 2 shots of an EP-2 Lithium type grease. Wipe off excess grease. **Excessive grease will attract dirt.** NOTE: May accept grease easier after the loader has been operated.

14) Check chain drive tension:

Check tension on all chain drives and tighten as necessary.

15) Check / adjust the chipper drive belt tension:

The belts will need to be tightened several times in the first few days of operation. A loose belt will slip and then glaze over. Once they slip you must replace them. Check hydraulic pump drive belts also if equipped. See pages 44 - 45 for procedures.

16) Check the hydraulic pump and motor shafts:

Check the hydraulic pump and hydraulic motor shafts for fit and tightness.

17) Check hydraulic oil level:

The hydraulic oil reservoir tank level should always remain at 7/8 full. Remember to check DAILY to avoid excessive heat build up.

18) Check for any fluid leaks:

Inspect for any oil, fuel, hydraulic oil, or engine coolant leaks. Check all hoses, fittings, lines, and tanks. DO NOT use fingers or skin to check for hydraulic leaks. Repair or replace any damaged or leaking components.

19) Check hydraulic control valves:

Inspect all hydraulic control valves and insure they operate smoothly and shift correctly.

20) Check the fuel level:

Check the fuel level, running out and repriming is time consuming. Do not over fill, and you must leave fuel expansion space in the top of the tank.

21) Check engine oil and coolant level:

Follow the engine manufacturer manual recommendations for fluid levels. You MUST follow specific ENGINE MFG. manual recommendations for radiator coolant, additives, lubrication, correct engine speed, ETC.

DAILY START UP & MAINTENANCE (cont.)

22) Check radiator, debris screen:

Thoroughly clean radiator fins at least once a day and twice in excessive conditions. Make sure debris is not packed between fins. Use pressurized water spray to clean. Do not rely on air pressure. The radiator will only appear to be clean. A partially plugged radiator will not allow the engine to cool properly. Clean cooling fan, shroud on air cooled engines, and the debris screen (if so equipped). Improper service, maintenance, or neglect will cause overheating problems and engine failure.

23) Check oil cooler (if equipped):

Thoroughly clean cooler fins at least once a day and twice in excessive conditions. Make sure debris is not packed between fins. Use pressurized water spray to clean. Do not rely on air pressure. The oil cooler will only appear to be clean.

24) Check air cleaner or precleaner:

Clean or replace element following engine manual recommendations.

25) Check clutch:

Check for proper lubrication, and engagement tension adjustment, frequently adjust and lubricate per PTO clutch manufacturers manual. Bandit Industries, Inc. does not warranty clutch failures.

26) Check tires (if equipped):

Check tires for wear, weather checking and damage. Replace if damaged.

27) Inspect axle dust caps (if equipped):

Inspect axle dust caps and replace if damaged or leaking.

28) Inspect, adjust, and lubricate tracks (if equipped):

Inspect, adjust, and lubricate tracks as needed per track MFG. manual.

29) Check the infeed hopper:

Check in the infeed hopper for any foreign objects and around the entire machine for tools, cans, saws, etc. All tools not in use should be stored in a tool box.

30) Block the tires and tongue (if applicable):

Before operation block the tires and tongue for stability. Do not rely on tongue jack for operational stabilization.

31) Check the discharge direction:

Remove transport bolt and nut, then make sure the discharge is pointed in a safe direction and locked into place.

32) Remove transport chain on loader (if equipped):

Remove the transport chain on the loader and store in a tool box.

33) Review all safety procedures on decals, from manual, and from video.

34) Make sure all safety equipment is being worn:

Hard hat, gloves, eye protection, ear protection, etc.

35) Remember to check EVERYTHING on the checklist.

WEEKLY MAINTENANCE

1) Check anvil clearance, tightness, and wear:

Measure the anvil clearance. The clearance should be .110" (2.8 mm) to .120" (3 mm) from highest knife. Check the anvil hardware, make sure the bolts are at the proper tightness. The anvil is a normal wear item, if it is worn you can rotate it to a new working edge. Refer to page 46 for the exact checking of anvil clearance procedure.

2) Check alternator and fan belts on engine:

As applicable adjust and maintain per the engine manufacturer's manual.

3) Check spring tension on feedwheel system:

Do not over tighten. Keep tight for small diameter material and progressively looser for larger diameter material. See page 47.

4) Check wheel lug nuts (if equipped):

Keep lug nuts tight, retorque, replace if needed.

5) Check and retighten tank mount bolts:

Check and retighten the fuel tank and hydraulic tank mount bolts.

6) Lubricate all pivoting and hinged areas:

Lubricate all pivoting and hinged areas on the machine (i.e. control handle, discharge flipper, etc.)

7) Lube chain driven components:

Use a dry lube on any chain driven components: hydraulic swivel discharge, chain driven feedwheels, etc.

8) Check and oil feedwheel slide box:

Check that feedwheel slide box is working smoothly, oil with 10W/30 type motor oil. Especially new machines need oiling to ensure correct operation during break-in.

9) Check fluid level in pump bearing block(s) (if equipped):

Keep the fluid level in the pump bearing block(s) full, use an 80W/90 type gear lube.

MONTHLY MAINTENANCE

1) Check towing hitch:

Check for excessive damage or wear. Replace if needed. Keep pintle ring greased to reduce wear.

2) Check discharge and infeed hopper wear:

Check for wear on discharge, infeed hopper, and discharge direction adjustor; build up, repair or replace as needed.

3) Inspect feedwheel motor connections:

Check and maintain correct torque, on feedwheel motor connections. See pages 48 - 49.

4) Check feedwheel teeth for sharpness:

Replace if needed.

5) Check chipper bearings and chipper sheave:

Check, retighten all bearing bolts, bearing lock collars, and also belt sheave bushings to correct torques.

6) Tire air pressure (if equipped):

Fill each tire to rated capacity on tire.

7) Check hydraulic function pressures:

Check, reset and maintain all hydraulic function pressure settings to a maximum of the specified PSI (bar). This will give you the best performance from the hydraulic system.

8) Check wheel bearings (if equipped):

Check and grease or oil wheel bearings per axle manufacturer's instructions.

9) Check and adjust brakes (if equipped):

Check and adjust brakes as needed per axle MFG. manual.

10) Lubricate "Bandit" lever throttle cable (if equipped):

If the machine is equipped with a "Bandit" lever throttle system, lubricate inner throttle cable and cable ends with a cable lube or SAE 10W/30 oil. Replace throttle cable if it doesn't operate smoothly.

3 MONTH MAINTENANCE

1) Hydraulic oil filter(s):

Must be replaced after FIRST 10 HOURS OF OPERATION, USE A 10 MICRON FILTER, then quarterly or every 400 hours afterwards.

3) High pressure oil filter(s) (if equipped):

Must be replaced after FIRST 10 HOURS OF OPERATION, then quarterly or every 400 hours afterwards.

2) Grease discharge swivel plates:

Grease swivel plates for discharge as needed.

6 MONTH MAINTENANCE

1) Pump bearing block(s) (if equipped):

Pack the female splines of the bearing block(s) every 6 months or every 100 hours with an EP-2 Lithium type grease. See page 50.

2) Planetary speed reducer (if equipped):

Change gear lube after first 50 hours and 100 hours, then every 6 months or every 100 hours afterwards. Requires 40 oz. (1.2 L) of 80W/90 gear lube, keep full.

YEARLY MAINTENANCE

1) Hydraulic oil:

Change hydraulic oil and flush the hydraulic reservoir tank.

2) Hydraulic suction screen(s):

Change hydraulic suction screen(s) yearly or every 2000 hours.

MAINTENANCE SECTION

BOLT TORQUE CHART (THESE TORQUES ARE BASED ON DRY, CLEAN THREADS)			
DESCRIPTION	BOLT SIZE	TORQUE (FT.-LBS.)	TORQUE (Nm)
Chipper Bearing Bolts	3/4" - 10 NC	300	407
Bearing Retainer Bolts	1" - 8 NC	300	407
Draw Ring Bolts	3/4" - 16 NF	200	271
Anvil	3/4" - 10 NC	175	237
Knife Bolts	5/8" - 11 NC	180	245
Feedwheel Bearing Bolts	5/8" - 11 NC	80	108
Feedwheel Bearing Set Screws	3/8" - 24 NF	20	27
Grip-Tight Feedwheel Bearing Set Screws		2	3
Bottom Feedwheel Lee-Tite Coupler Clamp	5/8" - 18 NF	250	339
Taperlock Keyless Coupler		52	71
Engine Hold Downs	5/8" - 11 NC	125	169
Engine Sheave Bushing "E"	1/2" - 13 NC	60	81
Engine Sheave Bushing "F"	9/16" - 12 NC	75	102
Engine Sheave Bushing "3030"	5/8" - 11 NC	67	91
Chipper Sheave Bushing "J"	5/8" - 11 NC	135	183
Chipper Sheave Bushing "M"	3/4" - 10 NC	225	305
Feedwheel Motor Sprocket Bushing "Q2"	3/8" - 16 NC	30	41
Feedwheel Motor Sprocket Bushing "R1"	3/8" - 16 NC	30	41
Autofeed Cartridge Nut		4 - 6	5 - 8
Autofeed Plus Solenoid Retainer Nut		4 - 6	5 - 8
Hitch Mount Bolts	5/8" - 11 NC	220	298
Loader Pivot Pin Nut	1 3/4" - 5 NC	100	136
Loader Cylinder Pivot Pin Nut	1 1/4" - 7 NC	75	102

Before tightening bolts be sure you have the correct size bolt for the correct amount of torque.
Use only factory approved knives and hardware.

BASIC WHEEL TORQUE REQUIREMENTS (per mfg.)	
KEEP LUG NUTS PROPERLY TIGHTENED, CHECK NEW UNIT BEFORE OPERATION, CHECK AGAIN AFTER 20-25 MILES (32-40 km) AND REGULARLY CHECK AT LEAST WEEKLY.	
5 & 6 Lug Hubs (1/2" - 20 Studs)	90 - 120 ft.-lbs. Torque (122 - 163 Nm)
8 Lug Hubs (1/2" - 20 Studs)	90 - 120 ft.-lbs. Torque (122 - 163 Nm)
8 Lug Hubs (9/16" - 18 Studs)	110 - 120 ft.-lbs. Torque (149 - 163 Nm)
8 Lug Hubs (5/8" - 18 Studs)	190 - 210 ft.-lbs. Torque (258 - 285 Nm) (Cone Nut)
8 Lug Hubs (5/8" - 18 Studs)	275 - 325 ft.-lbs. Torque (373 - 441 Nm) (Flange Nut)
10 Lug Hubs (3/4" - 16 Studs)	450 - 500 ft.-lbs. Torque (610 - 678 Nm)
(Consult axle manufacturers manual shipped with each machine for specific axle-stud-wheel combination lug nut torques.)	

WARNING

WEAR EYE & PERSONAL PROTECTION EQUIPMENT

Wear all personal protection equipment and follow all safety standards per ANSI and OSHA instructions.

DAILY START UP & MAINTENANCE CHECK LIST

Each day before starting your machine these checks must be made:

	O.K.	Repaired
1) Check the safety decals and engine gauges, replace if damaged.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
2) Check, maintain, and service all safety equipment for proper operation: engine disable plug, control bar, hood pin, spring lock for hood pin (disc chippers only), pusher tool, etc.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3) Check entire machine for loose nuts, bolts, and components.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
4) Check all guards to make sure they are tight and securely in place.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
5) Make sure hood hinge operates correctly, is not damaged, and is lubricated.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
6) Open chipper hood and check for any foreign objects.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
7) Check the condition of chipper disc/drum assembly.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
8) Carefully rotate the chipper disc/drum with a pry bar or wood bar to insure proper anvil clearance. If chipper disc/drum is jammed with debris or frozen in place, do not attempt to start engine and engage clutch until chipper disc/drum rotates freely.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
9) Check the condition of your fan blades, knives, anvil, and attaching hardware.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
10) Properly torque knife mounting hardware.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
11) After closing chipper hood, reinsert the hood pin and padlock, make sure the hood pin is tight and secure. Make sure the hood lock pin is firmly in place, the spring lock for hood pin springs back into position on disc chippers, and the chipper hood engine disable plug is installed correctly.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
12) Grease chipper bearings (purge) and feedwheel bearings (1 shot) daily.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
13) Grease loader and grapple pins and bushings (1 - 2 shots) (if equipped).	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
14) Check and/or adjust all chain tensions.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
15) Check and/or adjust belt tension on chipper and hydraulic pump belt drives.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
16) Check hydraulic pump and motor shafts for fit and tightness.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
17) Check and always maintain hydraulic level at 7/8 full.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
18) Check all hoses, fittings, lines, and tanks for damage and fluid leaks.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
19) Check hydraulic control valves and insure they operate and shift correctly.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
20) Check fuel level. (Running out and repriming is time consuming).	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
21) Check engine oil, coolant levels, and correct engine speed. Follow ENGINE MANUFACTURER'S manual specs.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
22) Check radiator and debris screen. Clean as necessary. Clean cooling fan and shroud on air cooled engines.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
23) Check oil cooler (if equipped). Clean as necessary.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
24) Check air cleaner and precleaner. Clean as necessary.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
25) Check clutch for proper engagement tension and lubrication, frequently adjust and grease per PTO manufacturer's manual recommendations.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
26) Check condition of the tires (if equipped).	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
27) Inspect and replace any axle dust caps that are damaged or leaking (if equipped).	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
28) Inspect, adjust, and lubricate tracks per manufacturer's manual recommendations (if equipped).	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
29) Check infeed hopper and around the entire machine for any foreign objects, tools, cans, saws, etc.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
30) Block tires and tongue for stability before operation (if equipped). Do not rely on tongue jack.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
31) Remove transport bolt and nut, then make sure discharge is pointed in safe direction and locked into place.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
32) Remove transport chain on loader and store in tool box (if equipped).	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
33) Review all safety procedures on decals, from manual, and from video.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
34) Wear all applicable safety equipment: hard hat, gloves, eye protection, ear protection, etc.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
35) Remember to check EVERYTHING on the checklist.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Bandit

WEEKLY CHECK LIST

	O.K.	Repaired
1) Check anvil clearance, tightness, and wear.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
2) Check alternator and fan belts on engine.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3) Check spring tension on easy climb system.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
4) Check and retighten wheel lug nuts (if equipped).	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
5) Check and retighten fuel tank and hydraulic tank mount bolts.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
6) Lubricate pivoting and hinged areas (i.e. control handle, discharge flipper, etc.)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
7) Use a dry lube on any chain driven component.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
8) Check feedwheel slide box is working smoothly and oil.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
9) Keep pump bearing block(s) full of gear lube (if equipped).	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

MONTHLY CHECK LIST

	O.K.	Repaired
1) Check towing hitch for wear, keep pintle ring greased.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
2) Check discharge, and infeed hopper for wear.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3) Inspect feedwheel motor connection.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
4) Check feedwheel teeth for sharpness.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
5) Check, retighten all bearing and chipper sheave bolts.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
6) Check and fill tires to rated pressure (if equipped).	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
7) Check hydraulic function pressures. Set to specified PSI (bar).	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
8) Check and grease wheel bearings, follow axle MFG. instructions.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
9) Check and adjust brakes, follow axle MFG. instructions (if equipped).	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
10) Lubricate "Bandit" lever throttle cable (if equipped).	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

3 MONTH CHECK LIST

	O.K.	Repaired
1) Replace hydraulic filter(s) after first 10 hours then quarterly or every 400 hours.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
2) Grease swivel plates for discharge as needed.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3) Replace high pressure oil filter(s) (if equipped) after first 10 hours then quarterly or every 400 hours.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

6 MONTH CHECK LIST

	O.K.	Repaired
1) Pack the female splines of the bearing block(s) with grease.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
2) Change gear lube in planetary speed reducer after first 50 hours and 100 hours, then every 6 months or every 1000 hours afterwards.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

YEARLY CHECK LIST

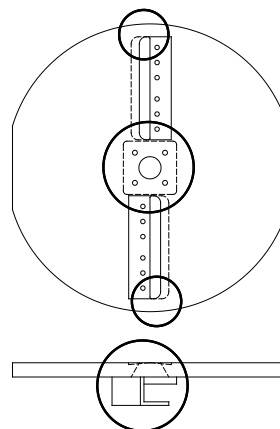
	O.K.	Repaired
1) Change hydraulic oil and flush the hydraulic tank.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
2) Replace hydraulic suction screen(s) annually or every 2000 hours.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

⚠ WARNING

WHEN YOU CHANGE CHIPPER KNIVES

CHECK CHIPPER DISC ASSEMBLY FOR ELONGATED KNIFE BOLT HOLES, SECURE WELDS, TORQUED BOLTS, EXCESSIVE WEAR AND IMPACT CRACKS. IF A PROBLEM IS FOUND CONTACT CHIPPER MANUFACTURER, OR AN AUTHORIZED CHIPPER DEALER.

ALSO CHECK THE CHIPPER HOUSING AT THIS TIME. CHECK BELLY BAND, BASE AND HOODS FOR WEAR AND DAMAGE. ALSO INSPECT THE CHIPPER BEARINGS.



Bandit

BELT TENSION

GENERAL RULES FOR TENSIONING

1. Check tensioning during the first 2 through 48 hours of run-in operation especially.
2. Over tensioning or under tensioning shortens belt and bearing life.
3. Keep belts free from foreign materials that may cause the belt to slip.
4. Make V-drive belt inspection on a periodic basis. Never use belt dressing as this will damage the belt and cause early failure.
5. Belts should never be forced over the sheave. Allow enough room for the belts to slip on.
6. Always make sure sheaves are aligned properly.

TENSIONING PROCEDURES

Main Drive Belts

Follow all pre-maintenance shut down procedures. Locate the inspection slot in the beltshield at the center of the belt span between the sheaves. Push or pull on the belt until the belt has deflected 11/16" (17.5 mm) for the machines through 275 Hp and 7/8" (22 mm) for machines 300 Hp and up. Record the push or pull force. The force should be 22 to 25 lbs./belt (10 - 11.3 kg/belt) for machines through 275 Hp and 28 lbs./belt (13 kg/belt) for machines 300 Hp and up. Adjust the belt tension if the force falls outside of this range. If the belts are not properly adjusted belts will slip, glaze over, and be ruined. This is NOT covered by warranty.

- 1) Remove beltshield.
- 2) To adjust the belt tension, loosen the four engine mounting bolts and the jam nuts on the engine adjuster on the radiator end of the engine.
- 3) Adjust the belt tension with the engine adjuster on the clutch end of the engine. If you have to push the engine with the adjuster, the belts will tighten slightly after the engine is realigned.
- 4) Use the engine adjuster on the radiator end of the engine to realign the engine, so the engine sheave and chipper sheave are aligned. The sheaves can be checked with a string or straight edge.
- 5) Torque the two engine mounting bolts (see Torque Chart for the correct torque) on the opposite side of the engine from the engine adjusters.
- 6) Loosen the jam nuts on the engine adjuster on the radiator end of the engine.
- 7) Torque the engine mount bolt and then tighten the engine adjuster jam nuts on the radiator end.
- 8) Hand tighten the remaining engine mount bolt and loosen the engine adjuster jam nut on the clutch end half a rotation. Loosen the engine adjuster jam nuts all the way and torque the engine mount bolt.
- 9) Tighten the engine adjuster jam nuts on the clutch end.
- 10) Recheck the belt tension and alignment, if readjustment is needed go back to step 2.
- 11) Reinstall beltshield.

NOTE: lbs./belt (kg/belt) is per 1 belt. If equipped with the 4 groove poly band belt, lbs./belt must be multiplied by 4. If equipped with two 3 groove poly band belt, lbs./belt must be multiplied by 3 for each poly band belt.

NOTE: It is a good practice to rotate the belts during tensioning. Then recheck deflections. The belts may need to be tightened again.

Pump Drive Belts (if equipped)

- 1) Locate the center of the span between sheaves.
- 2) Push or pull down on the belt until the belt has deflected 1/8" (3.2 mm).
- 3) Record push or pull down force. The force should be 25 lbs (11.3 kg).
- 4) Adjust the belt tension if the force falls outside of this range.

Do not over tighten the hydraulic pump belt. For best results use a good belt tension tester. Most all pump failures result from too much side load on the pump shaft. Too much belt tension is very easy to detect inside a failed pump. Pumps with this condition will not be covered under warranty.

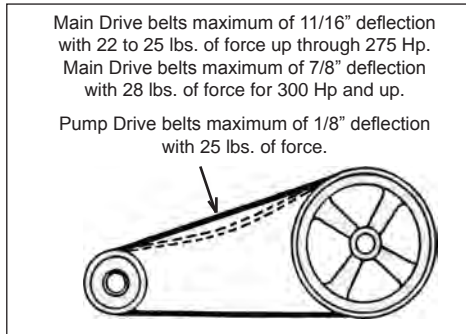
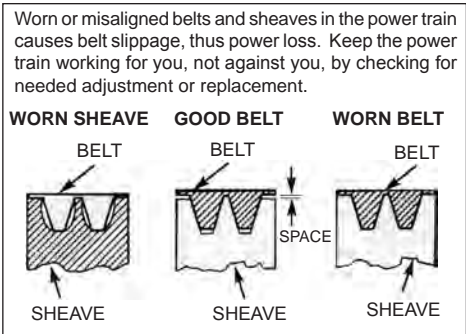
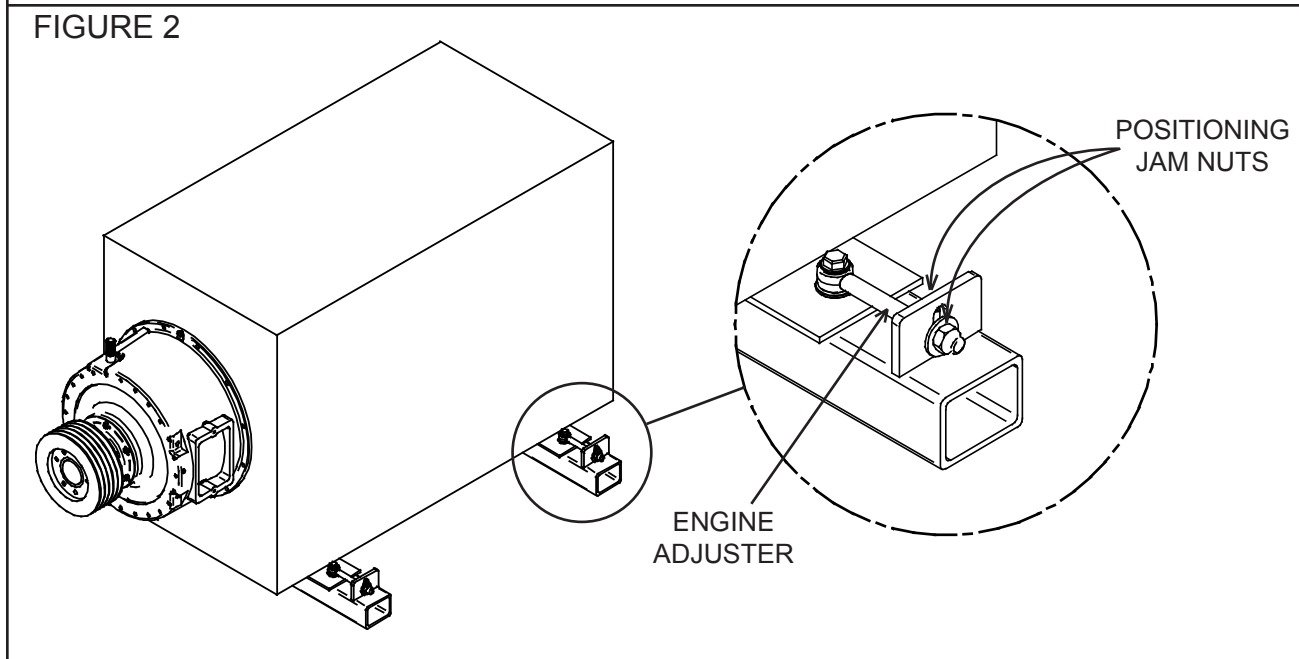
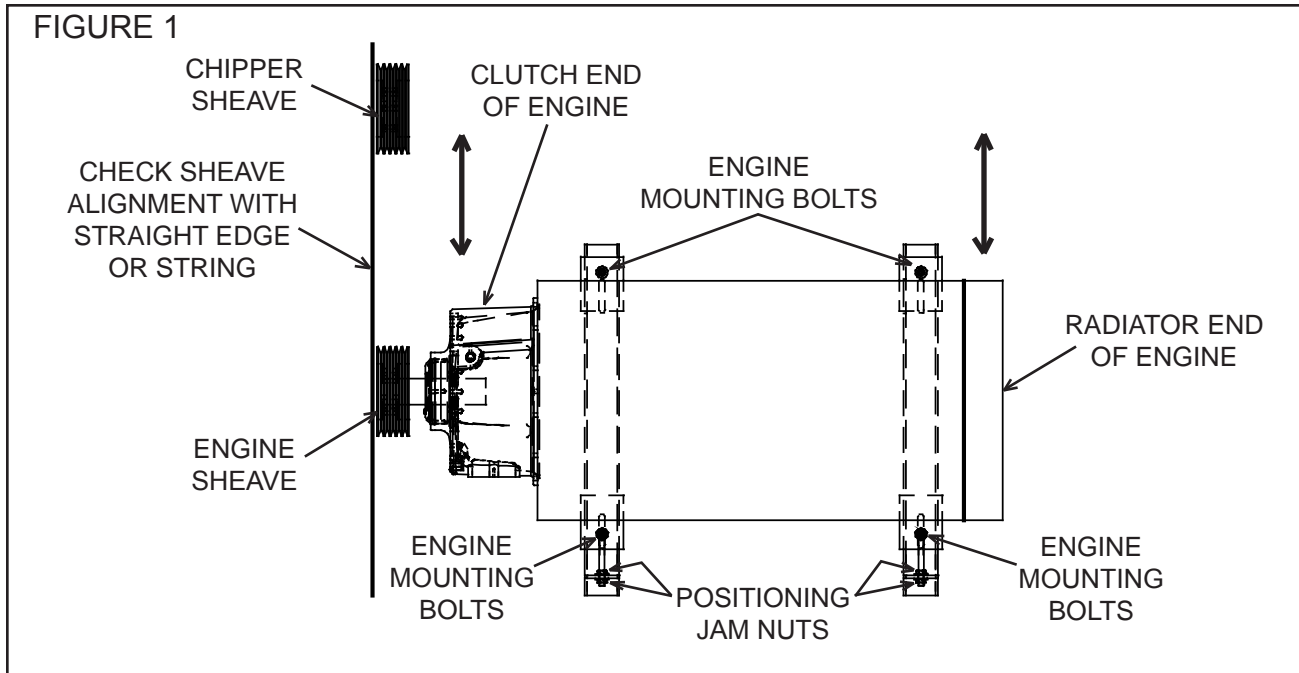
DO NOT IGNORE THIS MAINTENANCE RULE!

New belts stretch very soon and must be adjusted several times in the first few hours of operation. Adjust after one hour of operation, then every four hours until the belts quit stretching.

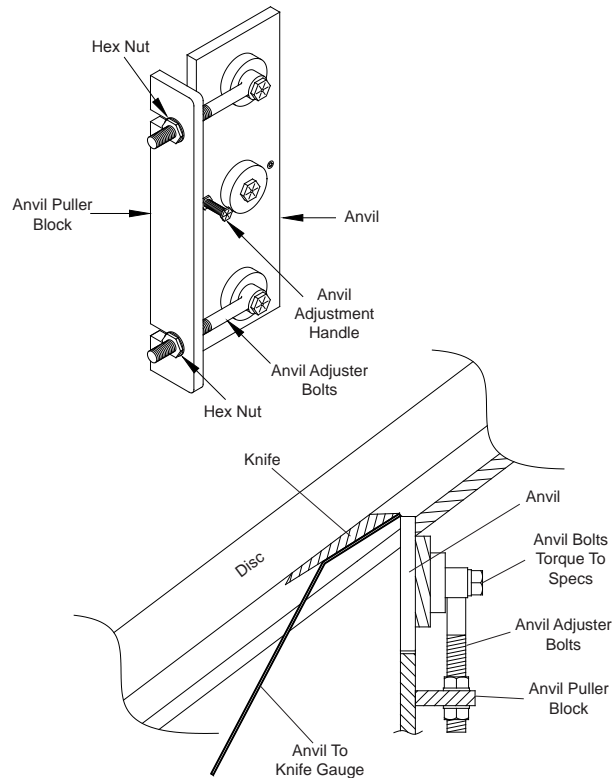
Failure to do this will cause the belts to burn and fly off. **THIS FAILURE IS NOT COVERED BY WARRANTY!**

Bandit

BELT TENSION



ANVIL ADJUSTMENT



⚠ DANGER

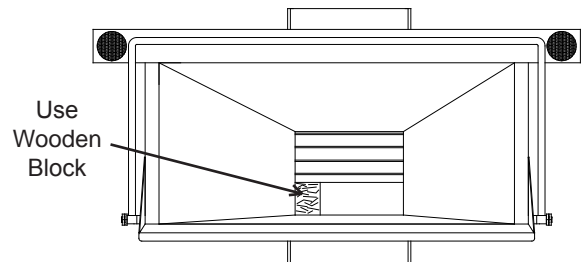
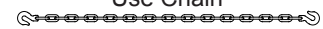
Before attempting any type of maintenance disengage clutch, install clutch lock if equipped, turn off engine, wait for the disc to come to a complete stop, install the disc lock pin, disconnect battery, and make sure the ignition key is in your possession.

Before working inside the infeed hopper or under the top feedwheel remove the easy climb springs from the top yoke, raise the yoke, install the yoke lock pin, safety chain the yoke in the raised position, and insert a wooden block to assist in holding the yoke in the raised position.

Use Yoke Lock Pin



Use Chain



Check the Anvil to Knife Clearance

This clearance should be checked on a weekly basis or as knives are changed. To check the anvil clearance the above safety procedures must be taken. Once all safety procedures are completed the anvil to knife clearance can be checked. In order to check the clearance one person will need to climb into the infeed hopper. Use a feeler gauge or the anvil to knife gauge supplied by Bandit to check the clearance of the first knife to the anvil. Check the clearance at the top and bottom of the anvil. Once those knives have been checked, climb back out of the infeed hopper, remove the disc lock pin, and very carefully rotate the chipper disc so the other knives can be checked.

⚠ DANGER

Do Not under any circumstance attempt to rotate the chipper disc while someone is inside the infeed hopper. They may become seriously injured, Do Not Do This!

Once the disc has been rotated, reinstall the disc lock pin, and then check the clearance between the next knife pocket. Once all knives have been checked, adjust the anvil according to the closest knife. The anvil to knife clearance should be .110" (2.8 mm) to .120" (3 mm). Set the closet knife to this distance.

Anvil Adjustment Procedure

(Refer to above Figure)

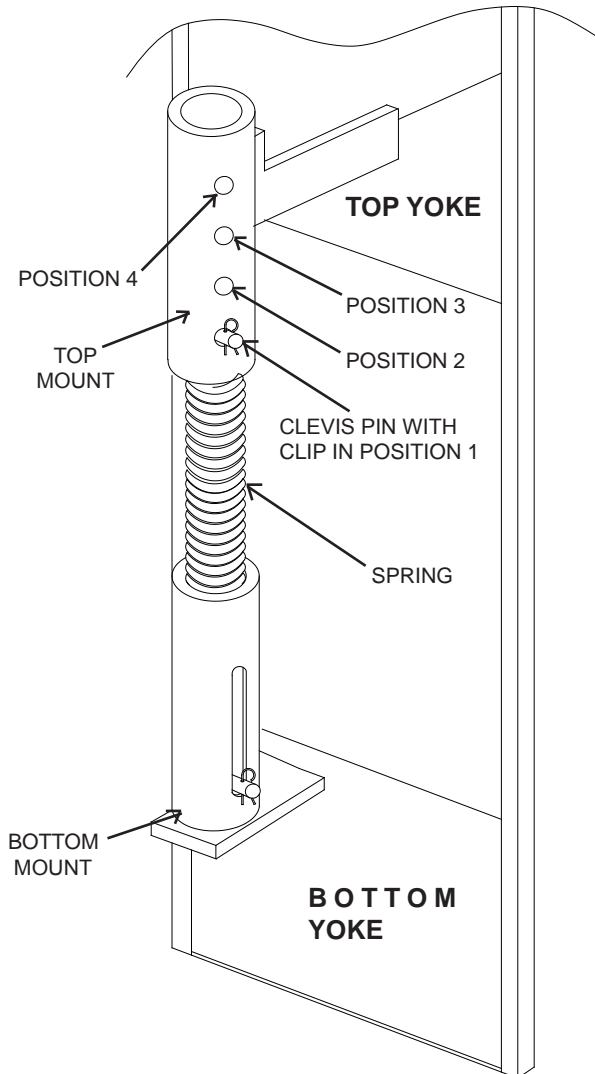
To adjust the anvil first loosen two of the hex nuts on either the inside or outside of the anvil puller block. Also loosen the three anvil mounting bolts. If the anvil needs to be adjusted closer to the disc, loosen the outside anvil adjuster hex nuts. If the anvil needs to be adjusted away from the disc, loosen the inside anvil adjuster hex nuts. Once the nuts have been loosened, use the anvil adjustment handle to move the anvil. This is a two person job, one to move the anvil and the other to check the clearance. Once the knife is set to the correct clearance, .110" (2.8 mm) to .120" (3 mm), retighten bolts. The anvil adjustment handle can be removed if it is stopping the anvil from reaching the correct knife clearance. If removed keep the anvil adjustment handle for later use. If the anvil is rotated or flipped to a new working edge, apply Loc-Tite 241 (blue) on the anvil adjustment handle and set screw. Make sure bolts are torqued to their specific bolt torques refer to bolt torques on page 41. Carefully rotate the chipper disc to make sure all the knives clear the anvil.

Bandit

EASY CLIMB FEED SYSTEM

⚠ DANGER

Before attempting any type of maintenance disengage clutch, turn off engine, wait for the disc/drum to come to a complete stop, install the disc/drum lock pin, disconnect battery, and make sure the ignition key is in your possession.



The Easy Climb System allows you to adjust the amount of spring tension put on the top feedwheel. The more spring tension you have the harder it will be for your top feedwheel to raise. More spring tension will keep the top feedwheel down on smaller brush material. The less spring tension you have the easier it will be for the top feedwheel to raise. Less spring tension allows the top feedwheel to raise, and climb over the larger diameter material. Additional spring tension requires more hydraulic yoke lift cylinder power to raise the top feedwheel. May require slight hydraulic relief valve adjustment.

There are four adjustment positions on the Easy Climb System. When adjusting spring tension have the top feedwheel in the lowered position. Use the Clevis Pin with Clip to adjust the tension. Make sure that the Clevis Pin is installed properly and that the Clip is secured tightly in place.

With the pin in position 1 the Easy Climb System will have approximately 6" (152 mm) of travel before you start spring tension. Use this position when chipping the maximum diameter material allowed by the chipper.

With the pin in position 2 the Easy Climb System will have approximately 4" (102 mm) of travel before you start spring tension. Use this position while chipping slightly smaller material than the maximum diameter material allowed by the chipper.

With the pin in position 3 the Easy Climb System will have approximately 2" (51 mm) of travel before you start spring tension. Use this position when chipping brush type material.

With the pin in position 4 the Easy Climb System will have approximately 0" of travel before you start spring tension. Use this position when chipping small brush type material.

ADJUST ACCORDINGLY AS SPRINGS STRETCH.

Bandit

PROPER PROCEDURE FOR INSTALLATION AND REMOVAL OF TAPERLOCK KEYLESS FEEDWHEEL COUPLERS AND FEEDWHEEL MOTORS

A. Proper Equipment Needed:

- | | |
|--|----------------------|
| 1. Feedwheel motor with straight shaft. | 4. Torque wrench |
| 2. Correct feedwheel shaft and coupler ass'y | 5. 17mm crow foot |
| 3. Emery cloth and/or a file | 6. A degreaser agent |

NOTICE

Never tighten locking screws before shaft installation, as the coupler sleeve bore can be permanently deformed even at relatively low tightening torques.

B. Installation Procedure

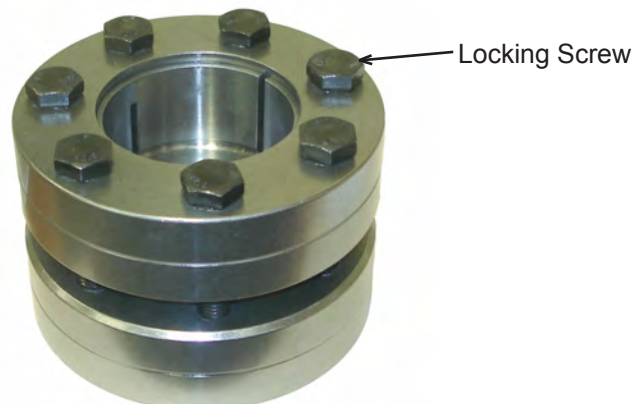
1. Remove any sharp edges on the coupler bore, the motor shaft, or the feedwheel shaft.
Example: Emery cloth or file for burrs on shafts.
2. Rough up the feedwheel shaft and feedwheel motor shaft horizontally along the axis of the shaft.
3. Clean the coupler bore, motor shaft, and feedwheel shaft with a degreasing solvent.
4. Slide the coupler onto the feedwheel shaft until it stops.
5. Install the motor with the torque arm installed into the feedwheel shaft.
6. Tighten the coupler locking screws in several stages by using 1/4 turns or 90° in a clockwise or counter-clockwise direction (not diametrically opposed, like wheel lug nuts) until you reach a torque of 55 ft.-lbs. (74 Nm).
7. Make 2 more passes torquing the locking screws to 55 ft.-lbs. (74 Nm) after the torque has been reached.
8. Make 1 more pass torquing the locking screws to 52 ft.-lbs. (71 Nm). No screws should turn at this point or repeat step 7.

⚠ WARNING

DO NOT completely remove locking screws before outer collars are disengaged from inner ring. A sudden release of the outer collars involves high separating forces and could result in permanent injury or death. Be certain that outer collars are disengaged from inner ring before completely removing locking screws.

C. Removal Procedure

1. Make sure there are no torque or thrust loads on the coupler, feedwheel shaft, or feedwheel motor.
2. Loosen the locking screws in several stages by using 1/2 turns, following a clockwise or counter-clockwise direction, until the coupling can be moved on the shaft.
3. Remove the feedwheel motor and then the coupler.



Taperlock Keyless Coupler

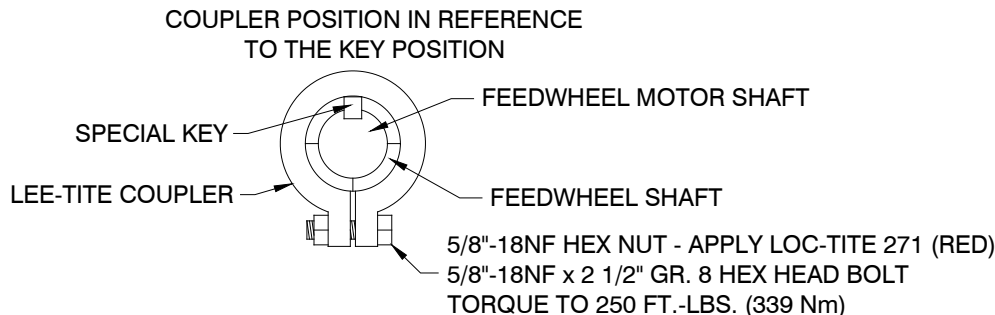
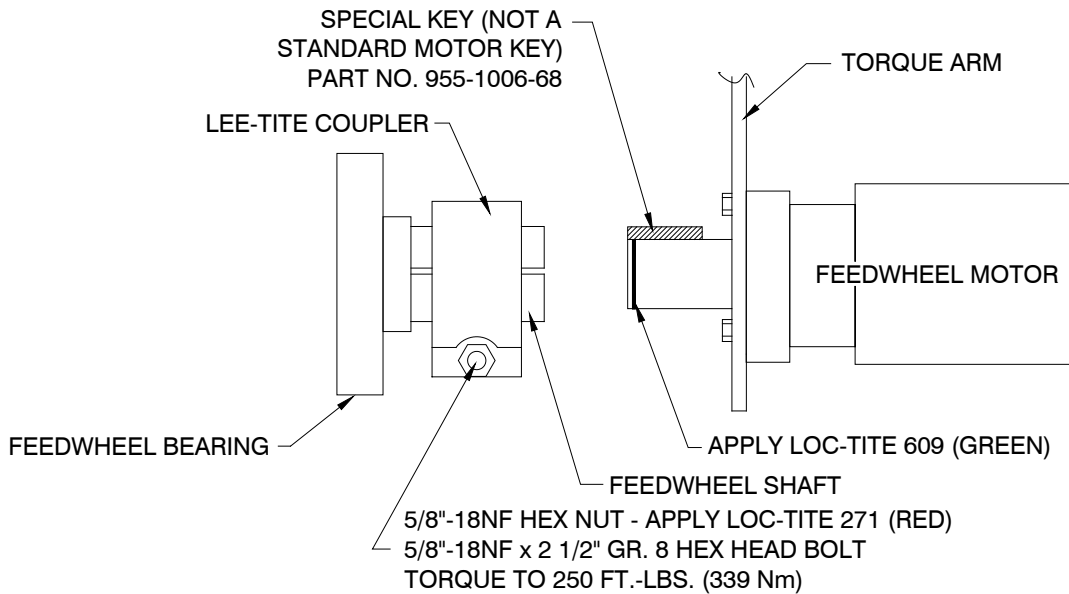
PROPER PROCEDURE FOR INSTALLATION OF LEE-TITE FEEDWHEEL COUPLERS AND FEEDWHEEL MOTORS

A. Proper Equipment Needed:

- | | |
|--|-------------------------|
| 1. Feedwheel motor with straight shaft. | 5. Torque wrench |
| 2. 3/8" x 5/8" x 1 1/2" long key (special)
Part number: 955-1006-68 | 6. 15/16" socket |
| 3. Correct feedwheel shaft and coupler ass'y | 7. A degreaser agent |
| 4. Emery cloth and/or a file | 8. Loc-Tite 271 (red) |
| | 9. Loc-Tite 609 (green) |

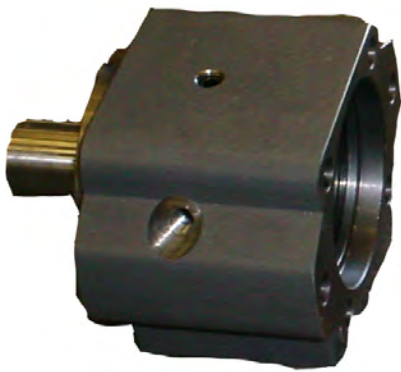
B. Installation Procedure

1. Remove any sharp edges on the coupler bore, the motor shaft, or the feedwheel shaft.
Example: Emery cloth or file for burrs on keyways or shafts.
2. Clean the coupler bore, motor shaft, and feedwheel shaft with a degreasing solvent.
3. Install the correct key in the feedwheel motor shaft.
4. Slide the coupler onto the feedwheel shaft.
5. Apply Loc-Tite 609 (green) on the feedwheel motor shaft.
6. Install the motor with the torque arm installed and key into the feedwheel shaft.
7. Position the coupler so the keyway in the feedwheel shaft is covered by the solid portion of the coupler. See figures below.
8. Apply Loc-Tite 271 (red) on the coupler nut.
9. Tighten the coupler bolt and torque to 250 ft.-lbs. (339 Nm).

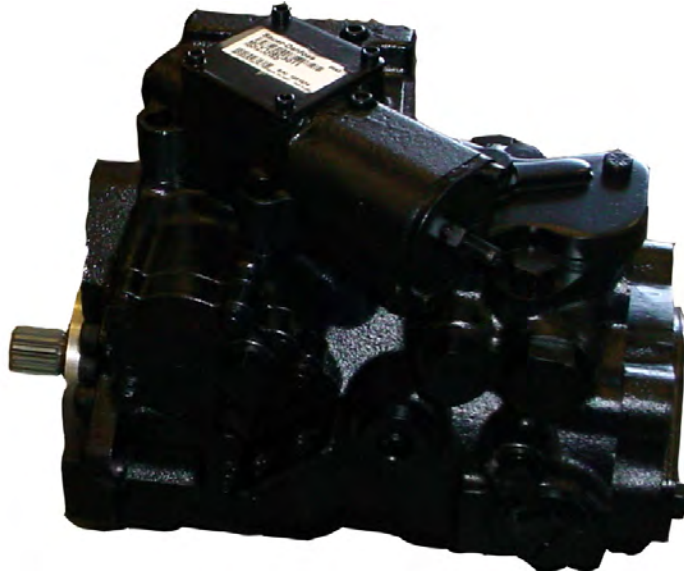


SERVICING BEARING BLOCK

Your machine maybe equipped with bearing block(s) and hydraulic pump(s) that are belt driven. The female splines in the bearing block need to be packed with an EP-2 Lithium type grease every six months. To do this, unbolt the hydraulic pump from the bearing block and slide the hydraulic pump out of the bearing block. There is no need to loosen or remove the drive belts or hydraulic lines. Once the hydraulic pump is removed from the bearing block, inspect the internal splines of the bearing block and the external splines of the hydraulic pump. The tops of the splines should be flat. If the splines are pointed, they are wore and need to be replaced. If the splines are good, pack the internal splines of the bearing block with an EP-2 Lithium type grease, reinstall the hydraulic pump, and bolt the hydraulic pump to the bearing block.

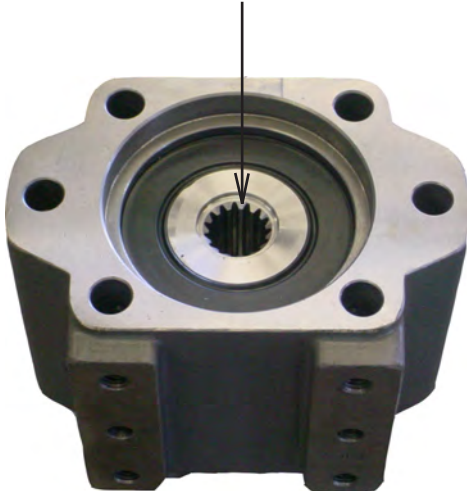


BEARING BLOCK

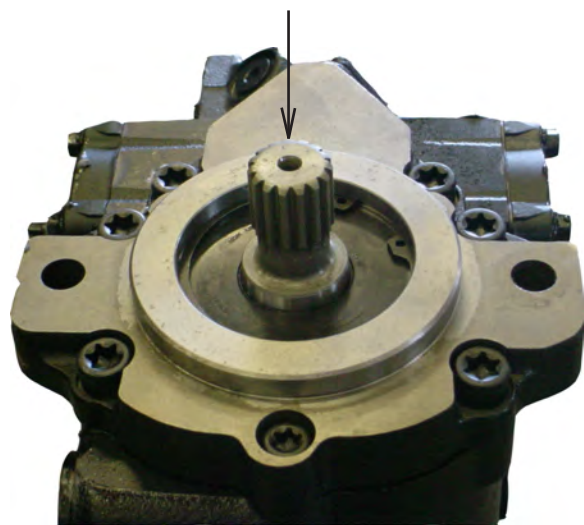


HYDRAULIC PUMP

INTERNAL SPLINES OF THE BEARING BLOCK



EXTERNAL SPLINES OF THE HYDRAULIC PUMP



SERVICING / CHANGING FEEDWHEEL BEARING (WITH THE GRIP TIGHT BEARING BEHIND FEEDWHEEL MOTOR)

Your Bandit Chipper maybe equipped with a tapered lock style (Grip Tight) feedwheel bearing on the hydraulic motor side of the feedwheel and a conventional (set screw) style on the opposite side. With the Grip Tight bearing this gives a very positive locking system to the feedwheel shaft. The set screws on both bearings should still be checked as part of normal maintenance.

A few simple rules and installation instructions must be followed if the bearings ever need to be replaced or removed during service.

The machine is set up with one set screw bearing and one Grip Tight bearing because the one Grip Tight bearing is all that is needed to securely hold the feedwheel shaft (along with the set screws on the opposite bearing). This also makes for very easy assembly. **When installing the bearing it is very important to install and lock the Grip Tight bearing first with the set screw bearing done after.** This is to keep the bearings from being put into a side load which will lead to premature failure.

Installation procedure:

- 1) Clean the feedwheel shaft of all debris, use a degreaser.
- 2) Install both feedwheel bearings on the feedwheel shaft with the Grip Tight bearing on the hydraulic motor side and the set screw bearing on the opposite side. **Do not lock the bearings on the shaft at this time, allow the feedwheel to shift freely for installation.**
- 3) Position the feedwheel in the yoke mount and install all (8) feedwheel bearing bolts with a thread locking compound applied. These are completely tightened and torqued at this time (refer to bolt torque chart).
- 4) The feedwheel then needs to be centered in the yoke and then it must be off set 3/16" (4.8 mm) towards the set screw bearing side (away from the hydraulic motor). The weight of the feedwheel needs to be taken off the bearings also.
- 5) First the Grip Tight bearing lock nut must be tightened by hand as tight as possible (in a clock wise direction). This is the zero reference point. Scribe a line on the lock nut above the adapter slot.
- 6) Using a spanner wrench or drift pin and hammer, lock the bearing to the shaft by tightening the lock nut in a clock wise direction. Tighten 3/4 to 1 full turn (you may need to block the feedwheel from turning at this time). Now you can tighten the set screws on the Grip Tight bearing. Note: the set screw is only to be tightened to 25 in.-lbs. (2 ft.-lbs.) (2.7 Nm).
- 7) Apply a thread locking compound on the set screws of the set screw bearing and torque to 20 ft.-lbs (27 Nm).

Grip Tight Bearing



Set Screw Bearing



MAINTENANCE

PROCEDURE FOR UNPLUGGING YOUR CHIPPER

If your chipper is plugging, it is usually caused by allowing the engine to drop below required R.P.M.'s. This can be resolved by simply shutting the feedwheel(s) off when the engine begins to lug down. Operating the engine at speeds lower than full R.P.M.'s causes your chipper to plug. **Always run the chipper at full engine speed.** If your chipper is equipped with the optional autofeed feature, make sure it is set correctly. The setting for the low R.P.M. stop must be high enough not to allow the chipper discharge to plug. Dull chipper knives also contribute to chipper plugging. Dull knives can create slivers and chunks, causing the engine to lug excessively. Both of the aforementioned conditions cause a plugging situation.

STEPS TO FOLLOW WHEN UNPLUGGING YOUR CHIPPER

1. Before attempting any type of maintenance disengage clutch, install clutch lock if equipped, turn off engine, wait for the disc/drum to come to a complete stop, install the disc/drum lock pin, disconnect battery, and make sure the ignition key is in your possession.
2. Make sure the chipper disc/drum is **NOT** turning and then open the hinged portion of the chipper hood.
3. Using gloved hands and some type of raking tool, dig the chips out of the chipper housing.
4. If the discharge chute is plugged, use a raking tool to pull the majority of chips out of the open outlet end of the chute. Then, two people must remove the chute. Do not attempt this with one person, because the chute can fall causing injury. If used properly, a hoist can be used to assist in the removal of the chute.
5. Never allow one person to turn the chipper disc/drum when someone else is working inside the chipper housing. More than likely, the chipper disc/drum will turn hard then loosen causing it to turn faster. If another person is anywhere near the chipper disc/drum, they may be injured.
6. Never turn the chipper disc/drum by hand. Always use a pry bar. This will prevent the person turning the disc/drum from being injured should the disc/drum break loose.
7. Reinstall the discharge chute, mount securely and point it in a safe direction away from anything.
8. Never leave the chipper hood open and try to start the engine in order to engage the chipper disc/drum to blow chips out of the housing, this is very hard on the P.T.O. of the chipper and may burn clutch plates. Also, the flying debris is very dangerous. An exposed chipper disc/drum turning very fast creates an unsafe condition. In other words, **DO NOT** start the chipper with the hood open because it is just too dangerous.
9. Once the disc/drum turns freely, close the chipper hood, insert the hood pin, install the padlock in the hood pin, reinstall the chipper hood engine disable plug, make sure the spring lock for hood pin springs back to the correct operating position on disc chippers, start engine, properly engage clutch and throttle to full speed. Insert a small branch into the feedwheel(s). If the chips discharge properly, the chipper is clear and normal operation may resume.

PAINT CARE

To help keep up the appearance of your Bandit Equipment and reduce the possibility of surface rust follow these steps:

- 1) The machine should be washed on a regular basis with a non-abrasive mild detergent and then rinsed thoroughly. Do not pressure wash sensitive areas like: decals, gauges, electronic devices, autofeed control, etc.
- 2) If a stone chip, paint scratch, or paint crack occurs - it should be repaired immediately. Simply sand the edges of the damaged paint area, mask off the surrounding area and apply primer and paint to the dry, clean, and warm surface. This will help keep the damaged area from spreading or getting worse.
- 3) If you are unable to sand and mask the area, there are containers of primer and paint available. A small brush can be used to touch up the area.
- 4) Also, primer and most colors of paint are available in aerosol spray cans to simply spray over the effected area after it is cleaned, dry, and warmed. This method is not as reliable as the process in step #2.

It is also reported that some equipment owners polish their machine at least yearly, and keep good mud flaps on their towing trucks.

**DANGER**

LOCKOUT ALL ENERGY SOURCES BEFORE SERVICING OR REMOVING GUARDS OR HOODS!








1. Shut off engine/motor. Key in pocket.
2. Disengage pto/clutch.
3. Wait for cutter disc/drum to come to a **COMPLETE STOP** (takes at least several minutes).
4. Install disc/drum lock pin.
5. Loader arm (if equipped) securely on ground and hydraulic pressure released.



6. Unplug engine disable plug-in.
7. Remove padlock from hood pin.
8. Press down and hold hood spring lock pin.
9. Retract hood pin.

DO NOT RESTART UNTIL ALL GUARDS AND HOODS ARE SECURELY AND PROPERLY REINSTALLED.

TIRE WEAR DIAGNOSTIC CHART

Wear Pattern		Cause	Action
	Center Wear	Over Inflation	Adjust pressure to particular load per tire catalog
	Edge Wear	Under Inflation	Adjust pressure to particular load per tire catalog
	Side Wear	Not Hauling Trailer Level Bent Axles Wide Tires Wheel Bearings	Must be hauled parallel to ground Replace as needed Characteristic of wide flotation tires Adjust or replace
	Cupping	Out-Of-Balance Wheel Bearings	Check bearing adjustment and balance tires Adjust or replace
	Flat Spots	Wheel Lock Up & Tire Skidding	Avoid sudden stops when possible and adjust brakes.

The wear pattern and tread life of tires involves many variables that the user has control of, but **DOES NOT** fall under faulty manufacture or design.

The following is a list of some causes supplied by tire suppliers and axle manufacturers:

- Misalignment - from rough roads, pot holes, excessive speeds and hitting curbs.
- Tire Width - the wider the tire for flotation, the more uneven the tire wear.
- Tire Air Pressure - to much or too little, for the load.
- Vehicle Hitch Height - if trailer is not level with ground, axle camber is misaligned.
- Maintenance - wheel bearing lubrication and adjustment. Follow axle MFG. instructions.
- Brakes - uneven or misadjusted brakes cause irregular brake activation.

RECOMMENDED BRAKE ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURE PER AXLE MANUFACTURER.

The proper clearance between the shoe and drum surfaces will be set up initially from our factory to assure proper operation during the normal break in period. No further adjustment will be necessary until the vehicle completes the recommended break in period of 200 miles (322 km).

Since all brakes of this type must be burnished or “run in” before their full effectiveness can be achieved, the MFG. maintenance manuals call for readjustment after the first 200 miles (322 km) of operation. This usually allows ample time for the burnishing to take place. Readjustments are not necessary for brakes fitted with self-adjustment features although periodic inspection is suggested.

The following shows the correct adjustment for the MFG. brakes of 12 1/4” diameter.

NOTICE: Clearances that are too small will result in excessive drag and overheating while too much clearance can render the brake nonfunctional.

AXLE SIZE	SIZE	TYPE	DIAMETRAL CLEARANCE	CLICKS TO BACK OFF
7000 LBS.	12 1/4” X 2.5”	Elec. or Hyd.	.040” (1 mm)	7 TO 13
8000 LBS.	12 1/4” X 3.38”	Elec. or Hyd.	.040” (1 mm)	AUTOMATIC ADJUSTING
10,000 LBS.	12 1/4” X 3.38”	Elec. or Hyd.	.040” (1 mm)	AUTOMATIC ADJUSTING
10,000 LBS.	12 1/4” X 3.38”	Air	.040” (1 mm)	MANUAL BRAKE ADJUSTER
12,000 LBS.	12 1/4” X 5”	Elec. or Hyd.	.040” (1 mm)	AUTOMATIC ADJUSTING

For additional brake adjustment procedures consult the axle manufacturer manual.

HYDRAULIC SECTION

WARNING

DO NOT GO NEAR HYDRAULIC LEAKS!

High pressure oil easily punctures skin causing serious injury, gangrene, or death. If injured, seek emergency medical help. Immediate surgery is required to remove oil. DO NOT use fingers or skin to check for leaks. Lower load or relieve hydraulic pressure before loosening fittings.

DO NOT operate this machine unless all hydraulic control devices operate properly. They must function, shift and position smoothly and accurately at all times. Faulty controls can cause personal injury!

Hydraulic Fluid Requirements

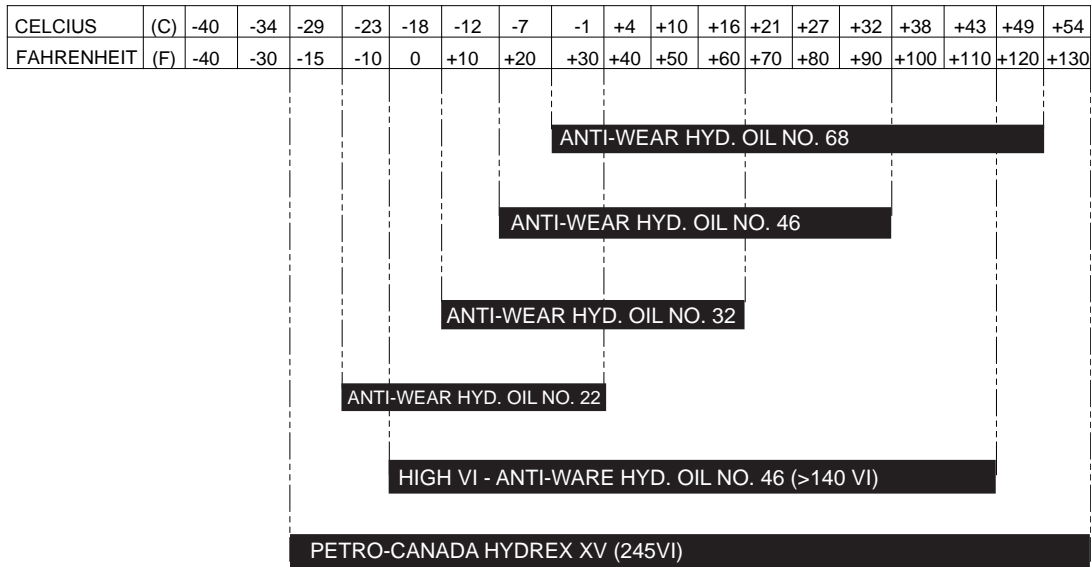
This machine is equipped with “Petro-Canada Hydrex XV” hydraulic fluid. It is recommended to replace with the same. “Petro-Canada Hydrex XV” is an all season hydraulic fluid. This is a premium performance, long life anti-wear, hydraulic fluid, designed for all season use in heavy duty hydraulic systems. “Petro-Canada Hydrex XV” allows year round use under wide extremes of temperature. It allows the hydraulic system to start at temperatures as low as -40°C/-40°F, under no load conditions and it improves lubrication of hydraulic components at high operating temperatures. It will also help protect against hydraulic failures during the wide temperature swings of spring and fall. To find the closest “Petro-Canada Hydrex XV” dealer call 1-888-284-4572.

Multi Viscosity motor oils are not recommended to mix with “Petro-Canada Hydrex XV” hydraulic oil. AW oils may mix with “Petro-Canada Hydrex XV” hydraulic oil. The following are specifications and authorizations of compatible oils. Only a high quality anti-wear (AW) hydraulic oil containing foam, corrosion, rust and oxidations inhibitors should be used. This viscosity grade depends on the oil temperature in service, based on the climate and operating conditions.

	Hydrex XV	ISO 22, AW	ISO 32, AW	ISO 46, AW	ISO 68, AW	ISO 100, AW
Viscosity Index	>235	>95	>95	>95	>95	>95
Flash Point	>240°C /464°F	>200°C /395°F	>210°C /410°F	>220°C /430°F	>220°C /430°F	>240°C /464°F
Oxidations Stability (ASTM D0943)	>9,000 Hours	>3,000 Hours	>3,000 Hours	>3,000 Hours	>3,000 Hours	>3,000 Hours
Cold Start-up, No Load, Max	-40°C/-40°F	-34°C/-29°F	-26°C/-14°F	-19°C/-3°F	-9°C/16°F	-4°C/24°F

HYDRAULIC SECTION

Alternate hydraulic oils are available, but they do not equal the performance or longevity of the “Hydrex XV” oil. Consult the following information supplied by the oil distributor.



Note: The above chart is a suggested guide for viscosity of hydraulic fluids at start up ambient temperature. The load, demand, and cleanliness of the equipment will affect actual oil temperatures which can increase dramatically above ambient air temperatures during operation. The actual viscosity needed is based on oil temperature during operation and not air temperature. Compare your fluid specifications with the specifications below to verify compliance.

When choosing a hydraulic fluid - these maximum and minimum specifications must be met:

Minimum Viscosity during operation = 12 cSt
 Maximum No-Load Viscosity at start-up = 2000 cSt

Hydraulic fluids vary in their resistance to oxidation at elevated temperatures, their ability to protect against metal-to-metal contact under increasing temperature, and their ability to separate water from the fluid. Viscosity is temperature dependant. Fluids with high viscosity-index (VI) will thin out slower at higher temperature and thicken slower at colder temperatures allowing a wider operating range. Choose a fluid that has test results in these areas for best results.

Based on the varying temperatures of the area where Bandit equipment is used, and the high demand and loads placed on this equipment, Bandit has filled each hydraulic system with Petro-Canada’s Hydrex XV All Season Hydraulic Fluid for maximum protection and performance.

Contact Petro Canada at (888) 284-4572 to find a dealer near you.

Note: Some equipment and components such as fluid engagement clutch’s (PTO’s) have their own lubrication requirements. Consult their manufactures manual for that information.

**TYPICAL HYDRAULIC RELIEF PRESSURE SETTINGS
TYPICAL HYDRAULIC FLOWS AND RPM SETTINGS
(Approximate, For Reference Only, Engine At Full RPM)**

Track (each) - GPM (LPM)	26.6 (100)
Main Boom - GPM (LPM)	10 (38)
Jib Boom, Grapple, Loader Swing - GPM (LPM)	10 (38)
Top Feedwheels - GPM (LPM)	16 (60)
Bottom Feedwheel - GPM (LPM)	10 (38)
Joystick - GPM (LPM)	.75 - 2.0 (2.8 - 7.6)
Track Relief - PSI (BAR)	4750 (327)
Top Feedwheel Relief - PSI (BAR)	2300 (159)
Bottom Feedwheel Relief - PSI (BAR)	2300 (159)
Loader Swing Relief - PSI (BAR)	1600 (110)
Main Boom Up Relief - PSI (BAR)	2200 (152)
Main Boom Down Relief - PSI (BAR)	300 (21)
Jib Boom Out Relief - PSI (BAR)	2200 (152)
Jib Boom In Relief - PSI (BAR)	2200 (152)
Grapple Rotate Relief - PSI (BAR)	2200 (152)
Grapple Open & Close Relief - PSI (BAR)	2200 (152)
Yoke Lift Up Relief - PSI (BAR)	1700 (117)
Yoke Lift Down Relief - PSI (BAR)	1000 (69)
Swivel Discharge Relief - PSI (BAR)	800 (55)
Discharge Flipper - PSI (BAR)	800 (55)
Tongue Jack Relief - PSI (BAR)	2000 (138)
Rear Stabilizer Relief - PSI (BAR)	2000 (138)
Winch - PSI (BAR)	2300 (159)
Joystick Relief (Parker Valve) - PSI (BAR)	250 (17)
Joystick Relief (Husco Valve) - PSI (BAR)	650 (45)

NOTICE

DO NOT UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES OVER-SET THESE RELIEF PRESSURES, BECAUSE IT WILL CAUSE DAMAGE TO COMPONENT PARTS AS WELL AS HYDRAULIC PARTS.

NOTE: These Typical Hydraulic Flows And Relief Pressure Settings Are With The Engine At Full RPM. All Settings Are Subject To Change!

HYDRAULIC SECTION

THE BANDIT HYDRAULIC SYSTEM

The Bandit is equipped with a very efficient, simple hydraulic system. Each component is capable of withstanding a specified PSI (bar) and still operate for a very long time.

If the simple rules mentioned below are followed, the hydraulic components will last for years:

- After you have operated a new machine for approximately an hour shut down the machine and recheck all hydraulic fittings for tightness and leaks.
- Avoid hydraulic pump cavitation. Low oil levels or cold start-ups will cause the hydraulic pump to cavitate. Cavitation will ruin the pump and possibly the entire hydraulic system. Cavitation only has to happen once. This will start the pump on its way to ruin. Allow hydraulic system to turn slowly for several minutes in cold weather in order for hydraulic system to warm up. Cavitation is not covered under warranty.
- Do not increase the feedwheel relief valve settings beyond specified PSI (bar). This will cause damage to hydraulic components. Do not set any other hydraulic component past it's specified pressure or this will cause damage to the hydraulic components.
- Keep hydraulic oil clean. Dirty oil will cause excessive wear and loss of hydraulic power.
- Replace the hydraulic oil filter(s) after first 10 hours and with each 400 hours of operation or 3 months.
- Replace hydraulic oil & suction screen(s) at least once yearly. This is also a very good time to flush and clean the tank. Replace hydraulic oil immediately if it is contaminated or looks "milky".

- If the Bandit's hydraulic system is kept clean and the hydraulic pressures are not increased beyond the specified PSI (bar), the maximum use and life should be received from the Bandit chipper hydraulic system.

- If a problem is encountered, it will more than likely be located in the relief valve or something as simple as belts slipping, check these first.

- Only use the optional adjustable flow control when chipping large diameter trees. Do not leave the speed adjustment partially open for long periods of time. This will cause excessive heat to the hydraulic system! Excessive heat will cause low feedwheel power and premature failure of all hydraulic components. Always operate system at full oil flow unless chipping large diameter trees.

- Do not close the optional hydraulic shut-off valve for more than 3 to 4 seconds. Hydraulic shut-off valve handle must be completely turned on (in line with hose) at all times unless checking hydraulic pressure. Pressure gauge should be safely stored and installed only when checking pressure. Follow above instructions or this will cause unwarranted damage to the hydraulic components.

- Some component manufacturers require different specific hydraulic lubrication, such as gear boxes, undercarriage drives, etc. Refer to their manuals and maintenance section of this manual.

HYDRAULIC COMPONENTS

Feedwheel hydraulic motor(s):

These hydraulic motors are attached to the feedwheels by a tapered feedwheel motor connection, a clamp style connection, or driven by a chain and sprockets system.

Hydraulic pump(s):

The hydraulic pump(s) could be bolted directly to the engine, or may be driven by a sheave/belt combination off of the engine.

Suction strainer(s):

The strainer(s) stops contaminants from reaching the hydraulic pump. The suction strainer(s) should be replaced at least once yearly or every 2000 hours.

Hydraulic tank:

This tank must be kept clean and filled minimum 7/8 full. Clean tank yearly.

Filter(s):

The cartridge filter(s) must be replaced per maintenance schedule.

Filter mount:

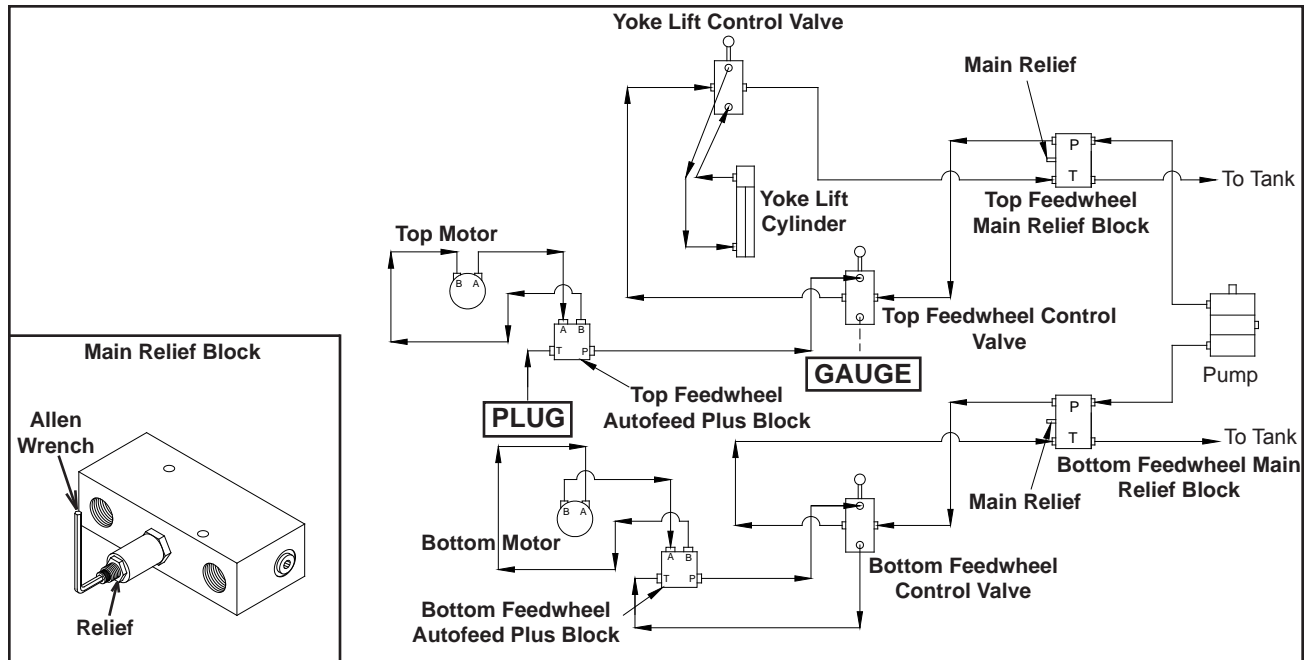
The filter is tightened on or inside the filter mount.

Feedwheel valve(s):

The valve(s) is actuated by the control bar. The valve(s) actuates the feedwheel for forward, off or reverse. It may also contain an adjustable relief valve.

Bandit

HYDRAULIC PRESSURE ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURE

**PROCEDURE FOR MODEL 1850****⚠ WARNING**

Before attempting any hydraulic pressure settings, make sure engine is shut off, engine key removed and in your possession, hydraulic oil is clean, hydraulic tank is 7/8 full, and the machine has been pre-run to warm the hydraulic oil. To correctly check relief valve pressure, gauge MUST be installed correctly.

1. First put control handle in off position.
2. Install pressure gauge in the port on the end of the main relief block for the top feedwheel.
3. Start engine and adjust engine to full throttle.
4. Close the ball valve on the top feedwheel main relief block that you are checking to activate a reading on the pressure gauge.
5. Pressure gauge should read maximum of specified PSI (bar).
ONLY LEAVE BALL VALVE CLOSED FOR 4-5 SECONDS TO SET PRESSURE OR YOU MAY DAMAGE HYDRAULICS.
6. Use an allen wrench to readjust relief pressure setting if needed, and then retighten jam nut.
7. Repeat steps 1 through 6 for the bottom feedwheel main relief block.
8. Check for hydraulic leaks.
9. Relief valve pressure should be checked and/or readjusted every month for best performance.

MAINTAIN FEEDWHEEL HYDRAULIC PRESSURE AT SPECIFIED PSI (bar).

Bandit

HYDRAULIC PRESSURE ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURE

VALVE BANK



TEST PORTS



PROCEDURE FOR MODEL 1850 WITH LOADER OR TRACKS

⚠ WARNING

Before attempting any hydraulic pressure settings, make sure engine is shut off, engine key removed and in your possession, hydraulic oil is clean, hydraulic tank is 7/8 full, and the machine has been pre-run to warm the hydraulic oil. To correctly check relief valve pressure, gauge MUST be installed correctly.

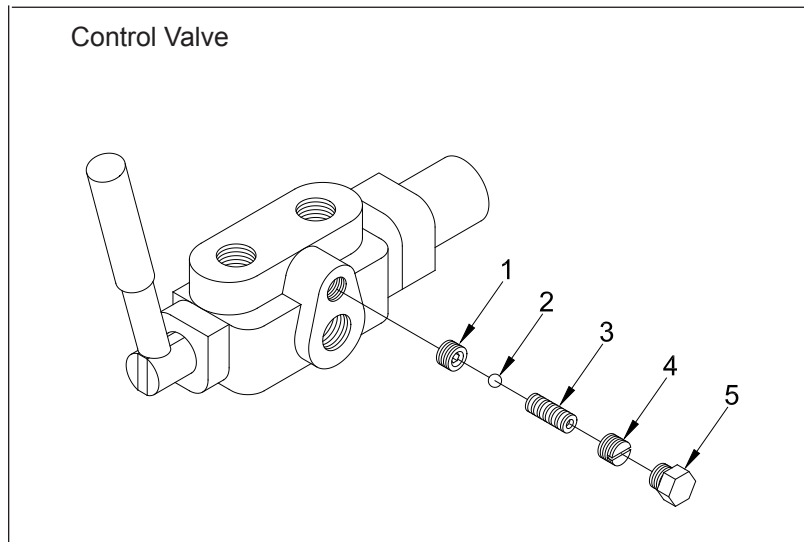
1. First put control handle in off position.
2. Install pressure gauge in the test port of the valve bank of the function you want to check. One of the test ports will be for the valve bank and other test port will be for pilot pressure.
3. The machine is equipped with main relief blocks and if that is the pressure to be checked, see page 57 & 59.
4. Start engine and adjust engine to full throttle.
5. When checking one of the valve bank functions you will need to bottom out the cylinder or stop the motor from turning to activate a reading on the pressure gauge. Pilot pressure for joysticks should be present at all times.
6. Pressure gauge should read maximum of specified PSI (bar).
ONLY LEAVE VALVE FUNCTION ACTIVATED FOR 4-5 SECONDS TO SET PRESSURE OR YOU MAY DAMAGE HYDRAULICS.
7. Use an allen wrench to readjust relief pressure setting if needed, and then retighten jam nut.
8. Check for hydraulic leaks.
9. Relief valve pressure should be checked and/or readjusted every month for best performance.

MAINTAIN FEEDWHEEL HYDRAULIC PRESSURE AT SPECIFIED PSI (bar).

Bandit

PROCEDURE FOR CHECKING OPTIONAL HYDRAULIC COMPONENTS**FOR MODEL 1850 HYDRAULIC COMPONENT OPTIONS**

The relief valve is typically located internally in the control valve. Do not adjust this relief valve above the specified PSI (bar). The relief valve system is a simple spring tension design but small pieces of debris can stick the valve partially open which weakens the feedwheel power. The relief as well as hydraulic oil, and screen must be kept clean.

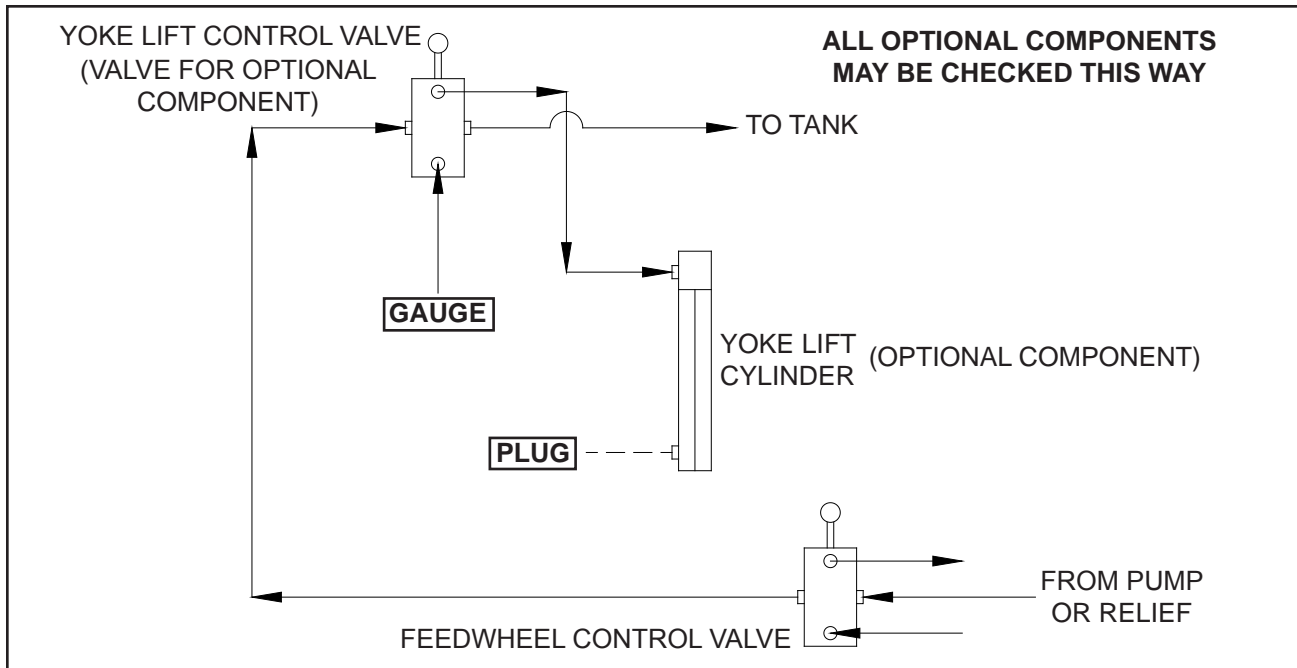


1. **VALVE SEAT:**
The springs push the relief valve ball against it, until pressure builds.
2. **POPPIT VALVE:**
This ball opens and closes to relieve excess pressure on hydraulic system.
3. **RELIEF SPRING:**
This spring tensions the amount of pressure required to open the relief valve ball. This spring weakens and must be checked and/or readjusted every month for best performance.
4. **SLOTTED SET SCREW:**
Turn clockwise to increase pressure, but do not surpass maximum of the specified PSI (bar).
5. **HEX HEAD PLUG:**
Remove to access the relief valve.

MAINTAIN FEEDWHEEL HYDRAULIC PRESSURE AT SPECIFIED PSI (bar).

Bandit

PROCEDURE FOR CHECKING OPTIONAL HYDRAULIC COMPONENTS



⚠ WARNING

MODEL 1850 PROCEDURE

Before attempting any hydraulic pressure settings, make sure engine is shut off, the ignition key is removed and in your possession, hydraulic oil is clean, hydraulic tank is 7/8 full, and the machine has been pre-run to warm the hydraulic oil. To correctly check relief valve pressure, the pressure gauge MUST be installed correctly.

1. First put control handle in off position.
2. Disconnect hose coming out of the port farthest from the handle of the control valve from the optional motor or cylinder, and plug the hose.
3. Leave all other hydraulic hoses connected.
4. Install pressure gauge in the valve port which had the hose of the optional motor or cylinder disconnected.
5. Start engine and adjust engine to full throttle to activate reading on pressure gauge.
6. Only operate the valve for that component to activate pressure gauge. Pressure gauge should read the maximum specified PSI (bar) for that component, see page 57.
ONLY RUN ENGINE FOR 4-5 SECONDS TO SET PRESSURE OR YOU MAY DAMAGE HYDRAULICS.
7. Readjust relief pressure setting if needed, if not needed, shut off engine and remove plug and pressure gauge. Reassemble control valve to optional motor or cylinder.
8. Check for hydraulic leaks.
9. Relief valve pressure should be checked and/or readjusted every month for best performance.

MAINTAIN HYDRAULIC PRESSURE TO THE SPECIFIED PSI (bar).

Bandit

HYDRAULIC SYSTEM TROUBLE SHOOTING

Before attempting any type of maintenance disengage clutch, install clutch lock if equipped, turn off engine, wait for the disc/drum to come to a complete stop, install the disc/drum lock pin, disconnect battery, and make sure the ignition key is in your possession!

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SOLUTION
Feedwheel(s) turn at normal speed but does not chip wood properly	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Dull Knives 2. Worn feed teeth 3. Low feedwheel relief valve setting 4. Pump is worn 5. Motor is weak 6. Feedwheel springs too loose 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Replace knives 2. Replace 3. Readjust to specified PSI (bar) 4. Replace 5. Replace 6. Adjust
Feedwheel(s) slow or stop when feeding	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Dull knives 2. Relief valve is worn or dirty 3. Pump is worn 4. Motor is worn 5. Feedwheel springs too tight 6. Feedwheel slide box sticking or hanging up 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Replace knives 2. Clean, reset or replace 3. Replace 4. Replace 5. Adjust 6. Lubricate
Feedwheel(s) turn slowly or not at all	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Relief valve stuck open 2. Worn hydraulic motor 3. Pump is worn 4. Feedwheel Relief pressure off 5. Pinched or damaged hydraulic hose 6. Feedwheel valve (control valve) worn & leaking internally 7. Low hydraulic oil level 8. Plugged oil screen 9. Binding such as worn bearings, etc. 10. Control lever improperly shifting valve 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Clean or replace 2. Replace 3. Replace 4. Reset to specified PSI (bar) 5. Replace 6. Replace 7. Fill 7/8 full minimum 8. Replace 9. Repair 10. Readjust, valve must open completely
Hydraulic oil very hot, causing system to operate slowly	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Dull knives 2. Low oil level 3. Pump is worn 4. Relief valve stuck open or opens easily 5. Damaged hose 6. Oil suction screen or filter plugged 7. Oil cooler plugged, if equipped 8. Motor is worn 9. Binding 10. Operator running oil over relief too much 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Replace knives 2. Fill 7/8 full minimum 3. Replace 4. Clean, reset or replace 5. Replace 6. Clean or replace 7. Clean 8. Replace 9. Repair 10. Don't

MAINTAIN FEEDWHEEL HYDRAULIC PRESSURE AT SPECIFIED PSI (bar).

Follow typical hydraulic flow and relief settings on pages 57 - 62.

Follow proper hydraulic oil requirements on pages 55 - 56.

CORRECTING HYDRAULIC PROBLEMS

Before attempting any type of maintenance disengage clutch, install clutch lock if equipped, turn off engine, wait for the disc/drum to come to a complete stop, install the disc/drum lock pin, disconnect battery, and make sure the ignition key is in your possession!

COMPONENT	PROCEDURE
Checking relief valve setting	Refer to the hydraulic pressure adjustment procedure section of the manual to find the correct procedure for checking relief valve setting. (pgs. 59 - 62)
Adjusting relief valve setting	Refer to the hydraulic pressure adjustment procedure section of the manual to find the correct procedure for adjusting relief valve pressure settings. (pgs. 59 - 62)
Cleaning relief valve of hydraulic components (with engine shut off)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Remove plug from feedwheel valve (control valve), see illustration of relief valve components. (pg. 61) 2. Unscrew slotted set screw completely out of the valve. 3. Remove poppit spring. 4. Remove poppit ball. 5. Clean all parts, inspect for damage and blow out relief hole with air. 6. Reassemble, set and maintain feedwheel hydraulic pressure at specified PSI (bar).
Checking for defective pump	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. See pages 66 - 67 on how to check a hydraulic pump.
Checking for defective motor	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. If everything checks out as correct, it may be time to check the hydraulic motor. 2. If your machine has Live Hydraulics, see page 65 on how to check a hydraulic motor. 3. If your machine does not have Live Hydraulics, contact your local dealer or Bandit Industries for instructions.

NOTE: When returning hydraulic components for warranty make sure to box up all warranted parts to avoid additional damage while shipping. **Do not disassemble any hydraulic components which are to be warranted.** Anything which has been disassembled or tampered with will not be warranted. Items being returned must be clean. All hydraulic components must have all hosing ports plugged. Failure to plug ports will allow debris to enter components which will void warranty.

MAINTAIN FEEDWHEEL HYDRAULIC PRESSURE AT SPECIFIED PSI (bar).

Follow typical hydraulic flow and relief settings on pages 57 - 62.

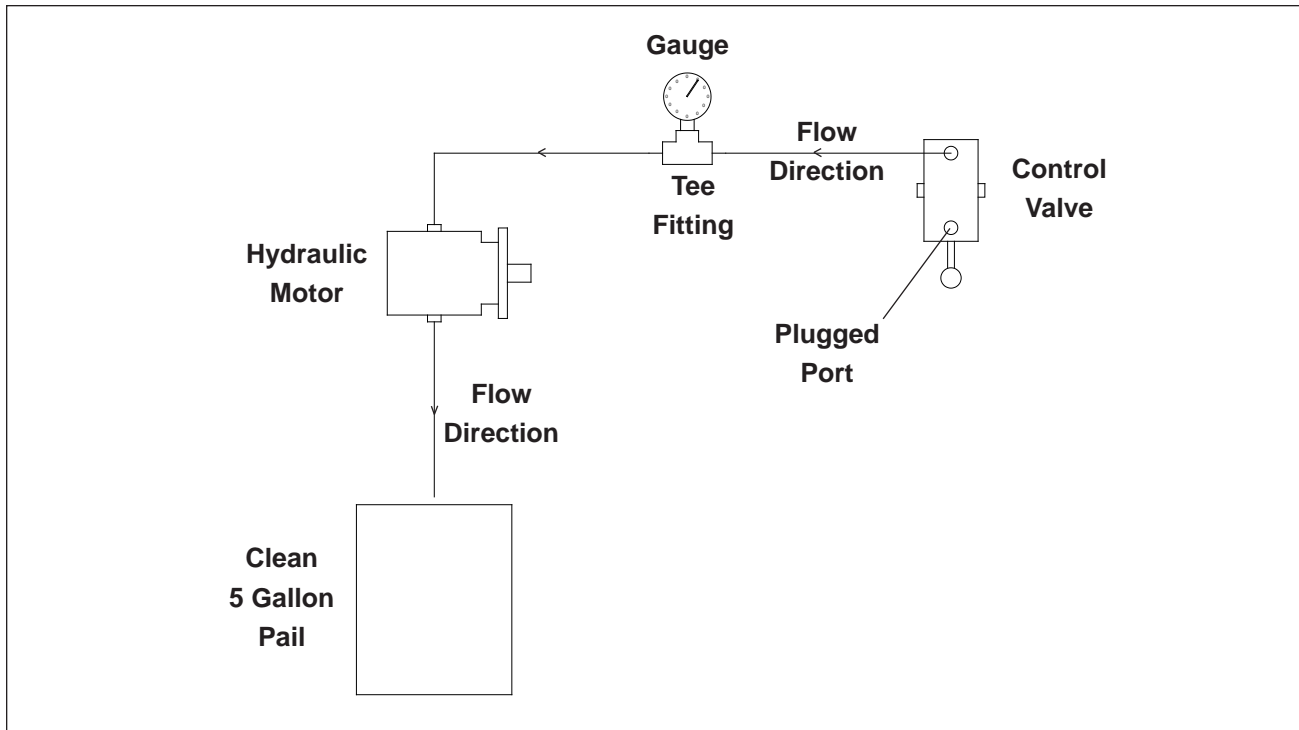
Follow proper hydraulic oil requirements on pages 55 - 56.

HYDRAULIC MOTOR CHECK OUT

HYDRAULIC MOTOR CHECK OUT FOR MACHINES WITH LIVE HYDRAULICS

To check out a hydraulic motor the mechanic will need a pressure gauge capable of reading 3000 p.s.i. (207 bar), a Tee fitting to install in the control valve, a plug fitting to install in the control valve and a clean 5 gallon (19L) pail.

- 1) The following instructions are for machines with Live Hydraulics, for machines without Live Hydraulics contact your local dealer or Bandit Industries.
- 2) In order to check out a hydraulic motor, it is necessary to mechanically stop the motor from turning while under load. The hydraulic pump needs to be driven without turning the chipper disc/drum (Live Hydraulics). Feed a reasonably large size log into the machine until it contacts the stationary disc/drum. This should stall the hydraulic motor(s). It may also be necessary to apply down pressure by operating the yoke control valve (if equipped).
- 3) With the feedwheel(s) mechanically locked as described and the engine turned off, unhook the hose going from the hydraulic motor back to the control valve at the valve. Some machines will be equipped with a flow divider between the hydraulic motor and the control valve.
- 4) Place the end of the hose in a clean 5 gallon (19L) pail.
- 5) Plug the open port in the control valve.
- 6) Unhook the other hose in the control valve and install a Tee fitting into the control valve and attach the hose to the Tee fitting.
- 7) Install a pressure gauge in the other port in the Tee fitting to monitor hydraulic pressure.
- 8) Put the infeed control valve in the center position and start the engine.
- 9) Increase the engine speed slowly to full rpm.
- 10) Operate the infeed control valve to feed the log into the stationary disc/drum. If the feedwheel(s) try to turn, apply down pressure by using the yoke control valve (if equipped).
- 11) Providing the pump and the relief are functioning properly, the pressure gauge should read the specified main relief setting.
- 12) Observe the amount of hydraulic fluid coming from the hose into the pail. The amount of leakage should not be more than about 1 g.p.m. (3.8 L.p.m.) into the pail.

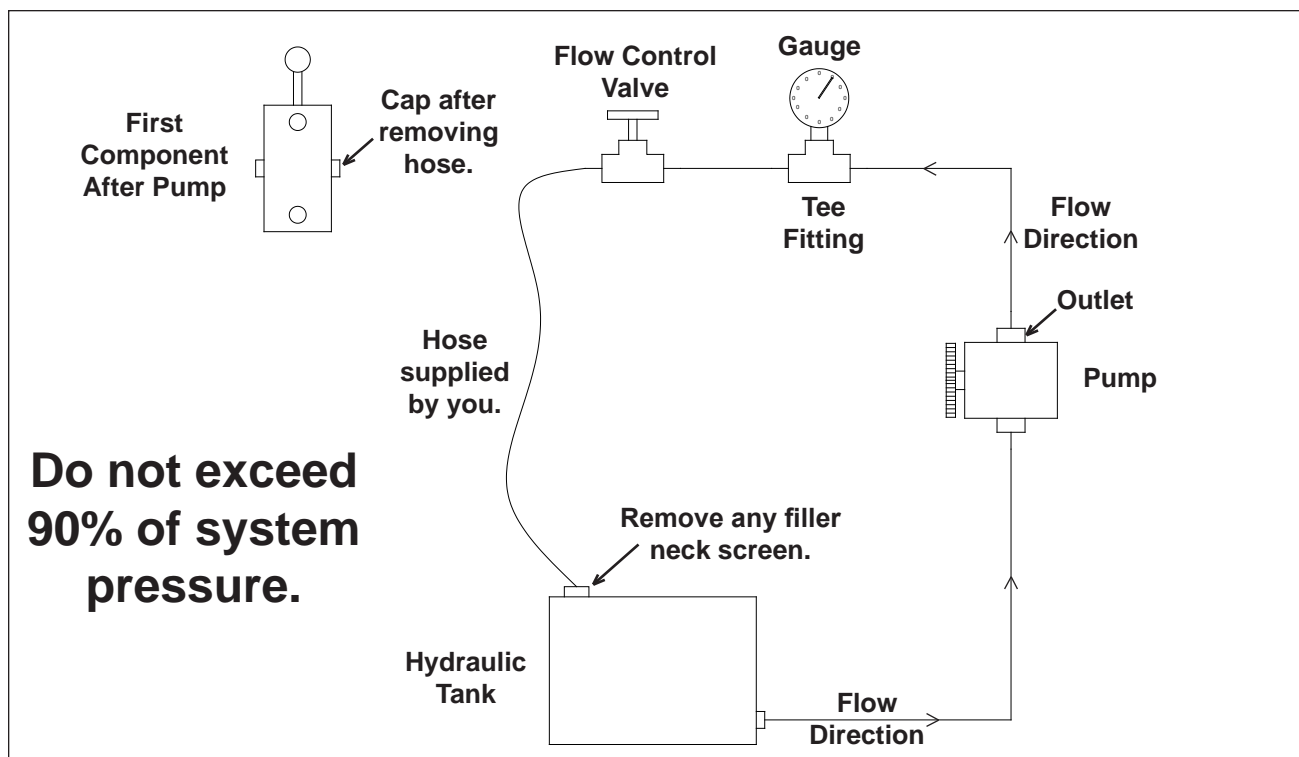


HYDRAULIC PUMP CHECK OUT

HYDRAULIC PUMP CHECK OUT WITHOUT USING A FLOW METER

To check out the hydraulic pump the mechanic will need a needle type flow control valve, a pressure gauge capable of reading 3000 psi (207 bar) and a long enough hose that will span between the pump and the hydraulic tank.

- 1) Disconnect the pressure line going from the pump at the first component and cap the fitting at the component.
- 2) Attach a Tee fitting to the end of the pressure hose (which was removed from the component) and install the Tee fitting and gauge.
- 3) Attach the hydraulic flow control valve to the Tee fitting and the hose (you supply) to the outlet port of the flow control valve.
- 4) **Make sure the pressure gauge is installed up stream from the flow control valve. Failure to do this will cause serious damage to the hydraulic pump when testing.**
- 5) If the hydraulic oil tank is equipped with a mesh strainer in the fill neck, remove it and place the open end of the hose (you supply) into the tank fill neck.
- 6) **MAKE SURE THAT THE FLOW CONTROL VALVE IS FULLY OPEN SO AS TO ALLOW UNRESTRICTED FLOW TO PASS THROUGH IT.**
- 7) Start the engine to engage the pump, the clutch may have to be engaged if the pump is belt driven.
- 8) Have a second person lift the hydraulic hose far enough out of the tank inlet to observe the flow of oil going into the tank. Observe the pressure gauge reading to make sure a high pressure does not exist.
- 9) Increase the engine speed slowly to full rpm and at the same time observe the pressure. This should still remain low.
- 10) **SLOWLY** turn the needle valve on the flow control in and observe the pressure increase on the pressure gauge.
- 11) Continue closing the flow control valve until the pressure gauge reading reaches 90% of the normal relief valve setting (example: if system operates at 2500 psi (172 bar), do not exceed 2250 psi (155 bar). **Never allow the pressure to go more than 90% of the main relief pressure.**
- 12) If the pump is good there should be no noticeable decrease in the flow rate coming out of the hose and into the hydraulic tank.
- 13) If 90% of the main relief pressure can not be obtained and/or the flow rate of the hose is considerably less, then the pump is worn or damaged.

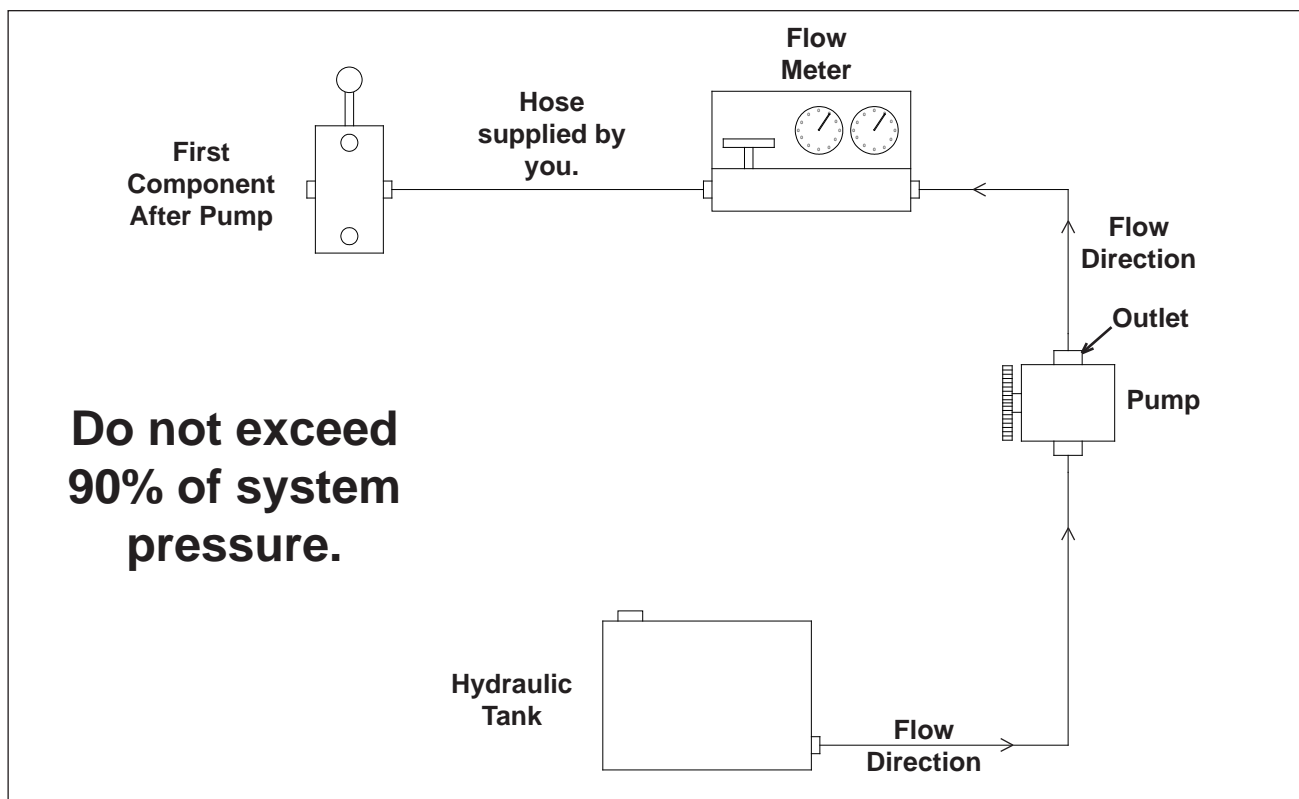


HYDRAULIC PUMP CHECK OUT

HYDRAULIC PUMP CHECK OUT USING A FLOW METER

To check out the hydraulic pump the mechanic will need a needle type flow meter capable of reading 3000 psi (207 bar) and a long enough hose that will go from the flow meter back to the first component.

- 1) Disconnect the pressure line going from the pump at the first component.
- 2) Attach the flow meter to the end of the pressure hose (which was removed from the component).
- 3) Attach the hose you supplied to the outlet of the flow meter and run the hose back to the first component. **MAKE SURE THE HOSES ARE ON THE CORRECT SIDES OF THE FLOW METER.**
- 4) **Make sure the pressure gauge is installed up stream from the flow control valve. Failure to do this will cause serious damage to the hydraulic pump when testing.**
- 5) **MAKE SURE THAT THE FLOW CONTROL VALVE IS FULLY OPEN SO AS TO ALLOW UNRESTRICTED FLOW TO PASS THROUGH IT.**
- 6) Start the engine to engage the pump, the clutch may have to be engaged if the pump is belt driven.
- 7) Observe the flow rate through the meter and pressure gauge reading to make sure a high pressure does not exist.
- 8) Increase the engine speed slowly to full rpm and at the same time observe the pressure and flow rate. The pressure should still remain low. Make a note of the flow rate (gpm or Lpm) at full engine rpm.
- 9) **SLOWLY** turn the needle valve on the flow control in and observe the pressure increase on the pressure gauge.
- 10) Continue closing the flow control valve until the pressure gauge reading reaches 90% of the normal relief valve setting (example: if system runs at 2500 psi (172 bar), do not exceed 2250 psi (155 bar). **Never allow the pressure to go more than 90% of the main relief pressure.**
- 11) If the pump is good, you should have at least 80% of the flow rate (gpm or Lpm) passing through the flow meter as noted at low pressure and full rpm (example: 10 gpm (38 Lpm) and low pressure = 8 gpm (30 Lpm) at 90% pressure).
- 12) If 90% of the main relief pressure can not be obtained and/or the flow rate passing through the meter is considerably less, then the pump is worn or damaged.



CONTROL VALVE DETENT ASSEMBLY AND O-RING REPLACEMENT

Tools Required:

- Small amount of clean hydraulic oil
- Clean working area, free of debris and shop rags
- 3/16" Tee handle hex driver
- 1/2" drag link drive socket
- Jawed vice

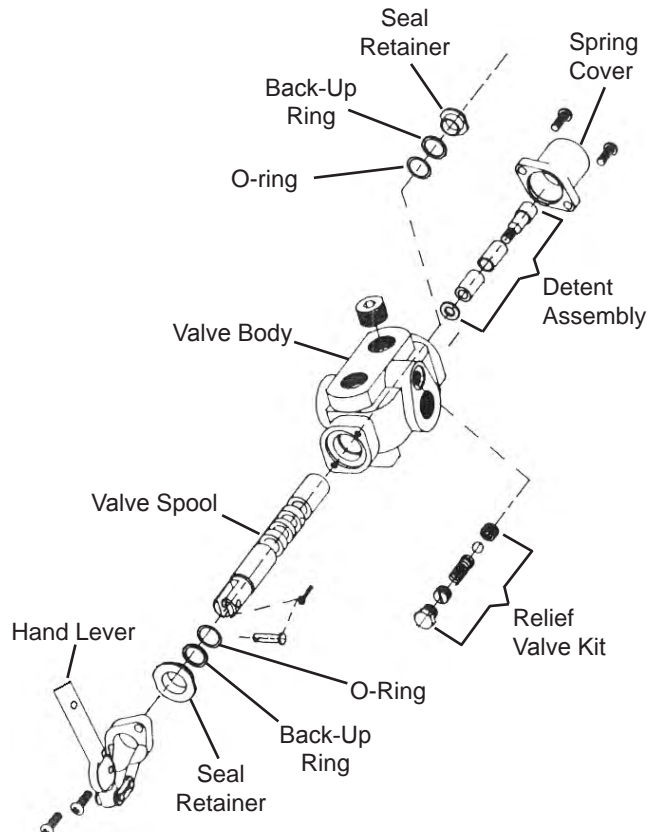
1/2" Drag Link
Drive Socket



General Procedure:

Disassembly:

- 1) Secure valve in vice or suitable method to firmly hold valve.
- 2) Note the orientation and placement of all components during disassembly.
- 3) Using the 3/16" Tee handle hex driver, remove (2) two socket head cap screws which hold the spring cover to the valve body. Set aside for re-use.
- 4) The detent assembly is now visible. Insert the 1/2" drag link drive socket blade into slot of retaining screw. Loosen and remove the retaining screw along with the entire detent assembly.
- 5) With the 3/16" Tee handle hex driver, remove (2) two socket head cap screws that hold the control lever assembly to the valve body.
- 6) Detach hand lever from spool. Carefully remove valve spool from valve body. Take care not to scratch, dent, or nick the spool. Note the orientation of handle attachment point on spool. Set aside for re-use.
- 7) Remove (2) seal retainers, o-rings, and back-up rings from both ends of the valve.
- 8) Inspect and replace o-ring and back-up ring if cut, or if leak is suspected.



Assembly:

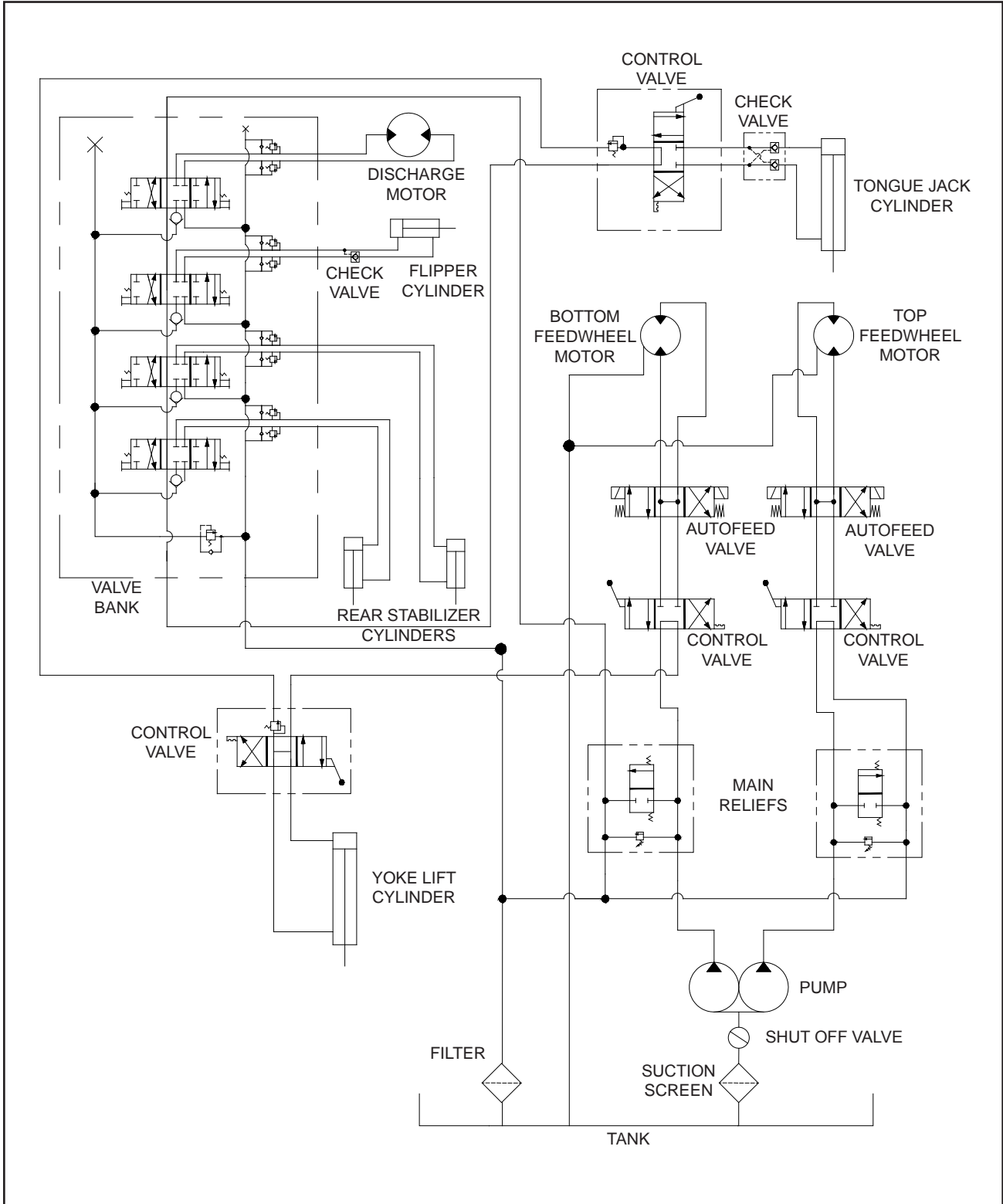
- 1) Lubricate spool, o-rings, and back-up rings with clean oil. Insert spool and center it in the valve body.
- 2) Place the new o-rings and back-up rings over spool ends and seat them into the valve body. Seat the seal retainer onto back-up ring making sure not to pinch the o-ring or back-up ring against the valve body.
- 3) Re-attach the hand lever to the spool. Mount control lever assembly onto the valve body using the (2) two socket head cap screws.
- 4) Thread a new detent assembly onto the spool end and hand tighten with the 1/2" drag link drive socket blade. No additional lubricant is required.
- 5) Mount the spring cover and the (2) socket head cap screws.
- 6) Hand tighten all (4) four socket head cap screws with the 3/16" Tee handle hex driver.
- 7) Shift valve with hand lever to assure operation. With some effort, the hand lever should move between three positions. The detent will hold the hand lever in the three positions.

Instructions and illustrations provided by component manufacturer.

Bandit

1850

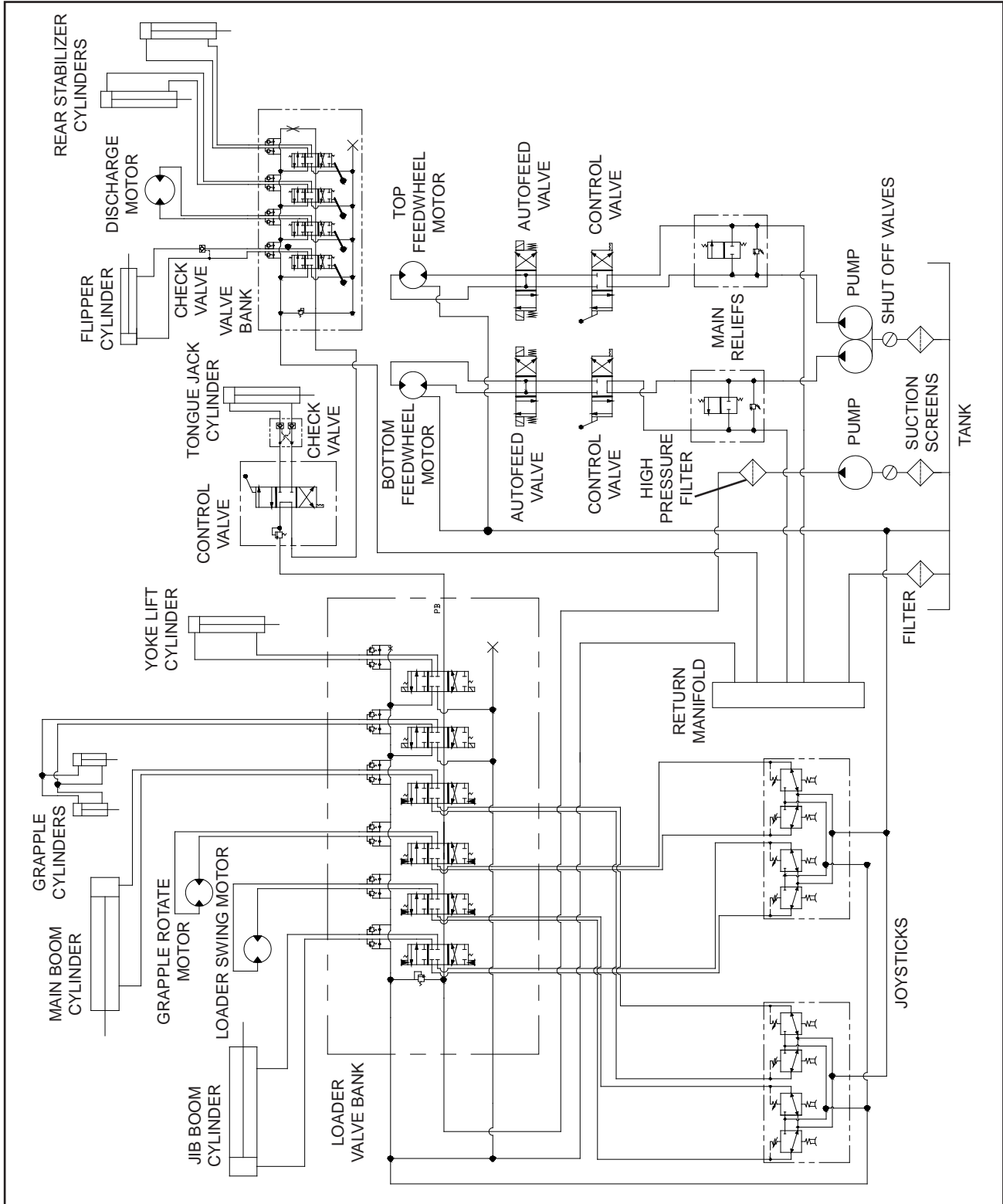
SPECIFIC SCHEMATIC FUNCTION MAY VARY DEPENDING ON OPTIONS OR COMPONENT MANUFACTURE.
WITH OPTIONAL REAR STABILIZERS



1850 With Loader

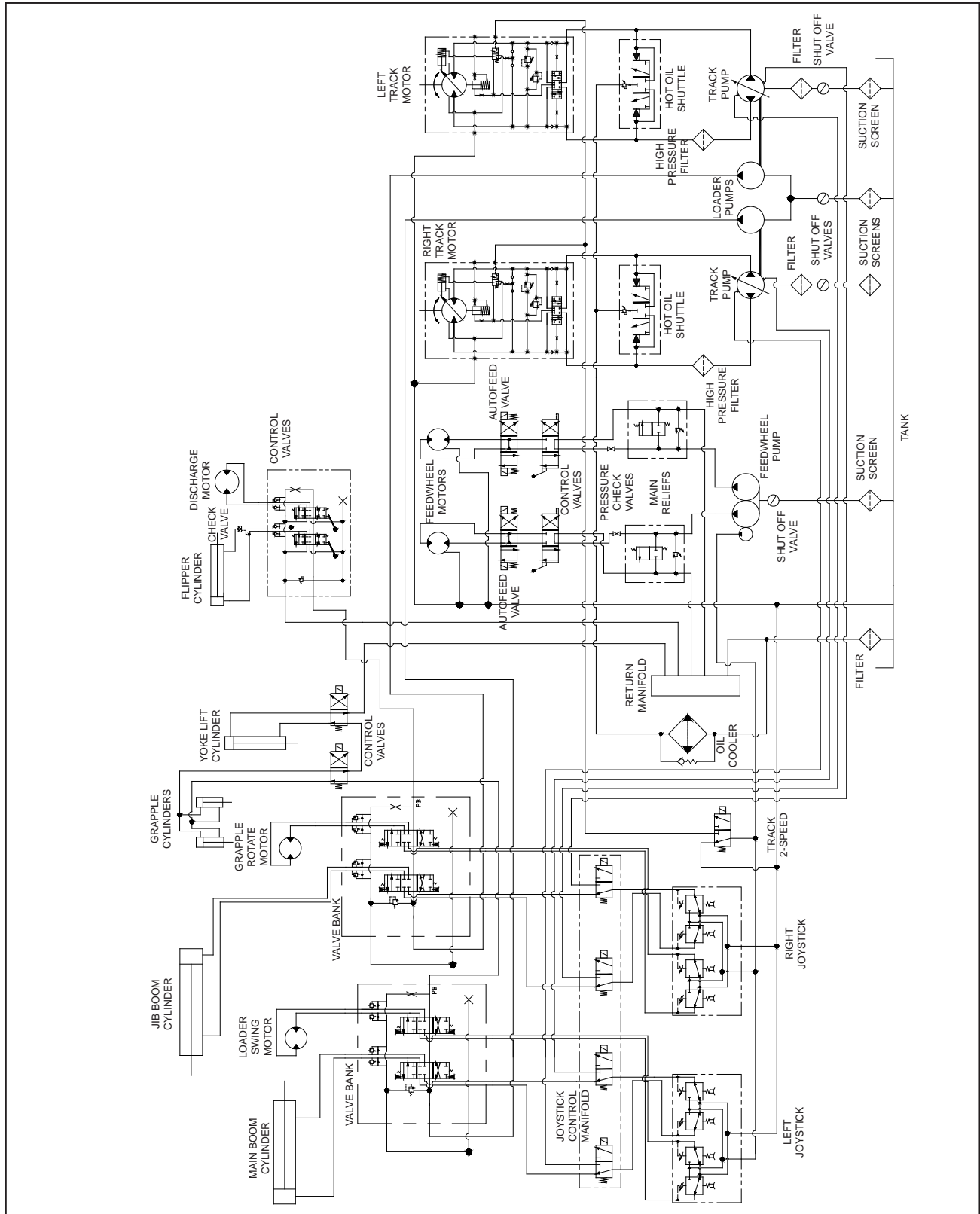
SPECIFIC SCHEMATIC FUNCTION MAY VARY DEPENDING ON OPTIONS OR COMPONENT MANUFACTURE.

WITH MODEL 1700 LOADER & OPTIONAL REAR STABILIZERS



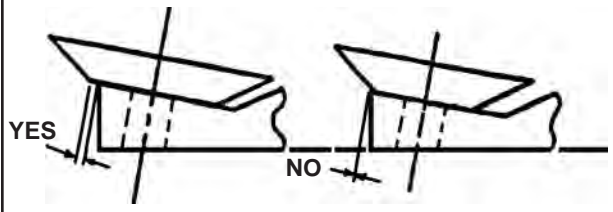
1850 Track

SPECIFIC SCHEMATIC FUNCTION MAY VARY DEPENDING ON OPTIONS OR COMPONENT MANUFACTURE.



CHIPPER SECTION

UNDER **NO** SITUATION IS HEAL OF KNIFE TO BE **INSIDE** EDGE OF MILLED POCKET!



Knives should be replaced in sets. These sets are determined by the amount of resharpening done to the knives. It should be reinstalled with another knife of comparable usage. It helps to keep the disc/drum balanced, and it helps maintain chip quality.

NEVER allow these knives to wear beyond absolute specified minimum distance from the center line of bolt (see below).

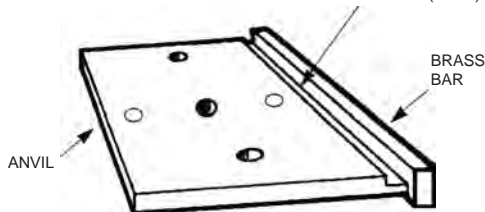
TROUBLE SHOOTING CHIPPER PROBLEMS

- 1) **Chipper Makes Poor Quality Chips or Does Not Feed Properly.**
 - A. Knives have lost their edge. File, grind or replace knives. **DO NOT** operate the Bandit with dull knives.
 - B. Knife anvil worn or needs adjustment. Rotate, repair or replace (see Figure 1).
 - C. Feedwheel(s) are not operating correctly. (SEE HYDRAULIC TROUBLE SHOOTING).
 - D. The throat/base opening is a high-wear area. The feed plate anvil takes much of this wear but other areas wear as well. Attention must be paid to any areas where outer, noncutting edges of chipper knife are exposed. These areas must be built up with weld to maintain the original integrity.
 - E. Knives are at the wrong angle. Knives must be ground at a 30° to 31° angle.
 - F. Feedwheel teeth worn (REPLACE).
 - G. Material being chipped is very small, dry or rotting. This type of material does not produce good chip quality.

- 2) **Chipper Knife Hits Anvil.**
 - A. Check the anvil clearance at both sides of the knife by using a feeler gauge, the clearance should be the specified distance from the highest knife.
 - B. Check the chipper front bearing retainer cap for tightness (SEE TORQUE CHART).
- 3) **Discharge Plugs or Does Not Throw Chips Properly.**
 - A. Lugging engine on large material - keep engine RPM up.
 - B. Knives are dull or worn to minimum size.
 - C. Obstruction in discharge chute. Patches welded into the chute can cause obstruction of chip flow. Anything causing an obstruction will cause the chute to plug.
 - D. Chipping rotting material that has little substance can also plug the discharge chute.
 - E. Worn fan blades.
- 4) **Chipper Bearings Running Too Hot.**
 - A. Improper lubrication - purge bearings once a day with EP-2 Lithium type grease.
 - B. Chipper disc operating at too high RPM's. **DO NOT** exceed recommended RPM's.
 - C. Front bearing retainer cap loose (SEE TORQUE CHART).
 - D. Bearings worn out (REPLACE).
 - E. Locknut on sheave side bearing is loose.

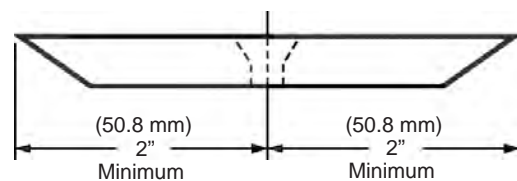
FIGURE 1

Fill Working Edge With Hard Surface Weld As Flat To Anvil Surface As Possible. Use A Non-Weldable Bar Stock (Brass)



REMOVE BRASS BAR AFTER BUILDING UP AREA WITH HARD SURFACE WELD AND SQUARE WORKING CORNER WITH GRINDER

1/2" x 4 1/2" (12.7 mm x 114.3 mm)
Chipper Knives



KNIFE GRINDING AND FILING

Only Bandit knives and hardware are recommended for use in your Bandit chippers. Only then can you be assured of a quality product that fits and performs the best to the standards of excellence that is expected from the Bandit chipper.

Chipper knives **MUST** be kept sharp at all times for the ultimate chipper and knife performance. The main cause of poor cutting performance is dull knives.

Dull Knives Cause:

- Excessive waste of engine horsepower
- Bad quality chips; chunks, slivers, etc.
- Excessive strain on knives and mounting hardware
- Excessive strain on chipper disc/drum bearings and total machine
- Excessive chipping vibration damaging the machine
- Excessive strain on drives, PTO's, engines, etc.
- Increase the probability of the discharge plugging and decreases the throwing distance
- Loss of time and money

The Dulling Of Chipper Knives Is Caused By:

- Poor quality knives
- Improper anvil to knife clearance
- Force feeding wood faster than chipper will accept
- Dirt, grit, or foreign material on the wood
- Chipper knives ground at wrong angle
- Improper care of knives and knife hardware

These are just a few factors, there are other situations that can lead to the dulling of chipper knives.

NOTICE

Many times a chipper knives cutting edge/point can be brought back to a good edge with a #10 Flat Bastard Mill File. This can reduce the amount of regrinding.

Typical Knife Grinding Angles:

"Bolt-In" Knives = 30° to 31° Angle

Knives should be replaced in sets. These sets are determined by the amount of resharpening done to the knives (knife width). Regrinding knives reduces the width of the knife. Knife replacement should be done in sets of the same width knives. That will reduce chipping vibration and increase chipping performance.

NOTICE

- Keep knives sharp.
- Keep knife angle correct when grinding.
- Do not over grind so knife is narrower than allowed width, or you will pack wood and break knives.
- Use correct knife size, knife quality, knife mounting hardware, and torque knife mounting hardware to the specified torque.
- Replace knife mounting hardware after (5) times of tightening.

CAUTION

Do not grind the knives in a direction which produces a radius, or hollow grind, on the surface of the knife. Strength and life of the cutting edge is reduced.

- For maximum chipper efficiency, the original cutting angle must be maintained when the knives are sharpened. The knives should be machine ground to produce a flat, straight edge.
- Knives may be sharpened repeatedly as long as their original width is not reduced to less than the specified minimum width. If a knife measures less than the specified minimum width after sharpening, it must be discarded.
- Sharpening techniques should be the same as those employed for any high carbon steel cutting edge. Use a coolant and exercise care not to draw temper or crack the cutting edges by excessive heating.
- Inspect the knives after grinding to ensure the knives are free of cracks.
- Maintain spare sharpened knives to avoid downtime for knife sharpening.

NOTICE

USE CORRECT KNIFE AND HARDWARE

DO NOT use a size or style chipper knife, bolt or nut other than factory approved for this chipper - see manual.

DO NOT over torque or under torque knife bolts and nuts - see manual.

DO NOT resharpen knife more than minimum width - see manual.

DO NOT use a knife bolt or nut which has been tightened over (5) times - replace.



DO NOT improperly install the knife nuts. Flat surface of nut goes toward the chipper disc.

Bandit

KNIFE CHANGING PROCEDURE

Only Bandit knives and hardware are recommended for use in your Bandit chippers. Only then can you be assured of a quality product that fits and performs the best to the standards of excellence that is expected from the Bandit chipper.

DANGER

Chipper knives are sharp and can be dangerous. It is always necessary for your protection to be extra careful and wear leather gloves when handling knives. Before changing knives make sure all shut down procedures are followed.

1. Before attempting any type of maintenance disengage clutch, install clutch lock if equipped, turn off engine, wait for the disc/drum to come to a complete stop, install the disc/drum lock pin, disconnect battery, and make sure the ignition key is in your possession.
2. Disconnect the chipper hood engine disable plug.
3. Remove the padlock from the hood pin.
4. On disc chippers, recess the spring lock for the hood pin and retract the hood pin. On drum chippers, retract the hood pin.
5. Carefully open the hinged part of the chipper hood. Do not slam the chipper hood to the open position. This will cause damage to the hinge. If the hinge becomes damaged by slamming the hood open, replace the hinge immediately! If the hinge has become damaged, it will cause misalignment of the hood, the chipper disc/drum may hit the hood and cause a serious accident!
6. Changing the chipper knives is a two person job. One person, using a wooden block, holds the chipper knife in place while the other person removes the chipper knife hardware. Remove all of the knives in each pocket. If the machine is a disc chipper with 5/8" knife bolts, typically a 3/8" allen key and a 1 1/16" socket is required to change or torque the knife hardware. If the machine is a disc chipper with 1/2" knife bolts, typically a 5/16" allen key and a 7/8" socket is required to change or torque the knife hardware. If the machine is a drum chipper, typically a 15/16" socket is required to change or torque the knife hardware.
7. Once the knives have been removed, inspect the knife pocket. Check for secure welds, excessive wear, impact cracks, and elongated bolt holes on disc chippers or the condition of the knife bolt threads on drum chippers. If a problem is found, contact your local dealer or Bandit Industries.
8. Clean out the knife pocket at this time. Remove all debris from the pocket and knife bolt holes.
9. Sharpen, rotate, or replace the chipper knife. Knives should be professionally ground, maintaining angle and dimensional specifications. Knives should be replaced in sets. These sets are determined by the amount of resharpening done to the knives. It should be reinstalled with another knife of comparable usage. It helps to keep the disc/drum balanced, and it helps maintain chip quality. Do not allow the knives to wear beyond the absolute minimum specified distance from the center line of the bolt hole. Reinstall the chipper knives. Make sure to properly torque the knife hardware, see Bolt Torque Chart. Knife mounting hardware must be replaced after maximum of 4 - 5 knife rotations/changes to insure safe clamping ability. All knives and knife mounting hardware must be factory approved.
10. Remove the disc/drum lock pin. Very carefully, manually with a bar, turn the chipper disc/drum to the next knife pocket. Reinstall the disc/drum lock pin.
11. Repeat steps 6 through 10, for each knife pocket.
12. Once the knives have been changed or rotated, check the anvil clearance. Make sure the clearance is maintained to the specified distance from the highest knife. Do Not under any circumstance attempt to rotate the chipper disc/drum while someone is inside the infeed hopper. They may become seriously injured, Do Not Do This!
13. Close the hinged part of the chipper hood and reinstall the hood pin, hood pin padlock, chipper hood disable plug, and on disc chippers make sure the spring lock for the hood pin springs back into position.

LUBRICATION & COOLANT

- 1) **Engine:** Follow original equipment manufacturer's requirements for both changing oils and filters, refer to engine manual specifications.
- 2) **Engine Coolant:** Refer to engine manufacturer's manual specifications.
- 3) **Clutch:** Follow original equipment manufacturer's requirements for both greasing and adjusting. Frequently, adjust and lubricate per PTO manufacturer's manual.
- 4) **Wheel Bearings (if equipped):** Follow axle manufacturer's instructions for greasing wheel bearings.
- 5) **Tracks (if equipped):** Follow track manufacturer's instructions for specific track lubricating procedures.
- 6) **Hydraulic Reservoir Tank:** Completely change hydraulic oil, suction screen(s), and flush the tank annually. Change hydraulic oil filter(s) AFTER FIRST 10 HOURS OF OPERATION. Then change hydraulic oil filter(s) every 3 months or 400 hours thereafter. Maintain hydraulic oil level 7/8 full. See hydraulic oil requirements below. Check hydraulic oil level in tank daily.
- 7) **High Pressure Filter(s) (if equipped):** If machine is equipped, change high pressure oil filter(s) AFTER FIRST 10 HOURS OF OPERATION. Then change high pressure oil filter(s) every 3 months or 400 hours thereafter.
- 8) **Hydraulic Fluid Requirements:** See pages 55 - 56 for hydraulic fluid requirements.
- 9) **Discharge Swivel:** Grease swivel plates for discharge as needed.
- 10) **Hood Hinge:** Make sure the hood hinge operates correctly, and is lubricated. Must replace hinge if damaged.
- 11) **Pivoting And Hinged Areas:** Lubricate all pivoting and hinged areas weekly. (i.e. control handle, discharge flipper, etc.)
- 12) **Pintle Eye Ring:** Keep greased to reduce wear and extend the normal life of your pintle eye ring.
- 13) **Chain Operated Components:** Use a dry lubricant on any chain driven components weekly. (i.e. hydraulic swivel discharge, chain driven feedwheels, etc.)
- 14) **Chipper & Feedwheel Bearings:** Use an EP-2 Lithium type grease only for all bearings. Purge chipper bearings with grease you can not over grease these bearings. Grease feedwheel bearings with one shot of grease. Both types of bearings are designed with a relief system that will not allow over greasing. In other words, you can not hurt the bearing seals by pumping in to much grease. Wipe off excess grease. **Excessive grease will attract dirt.**

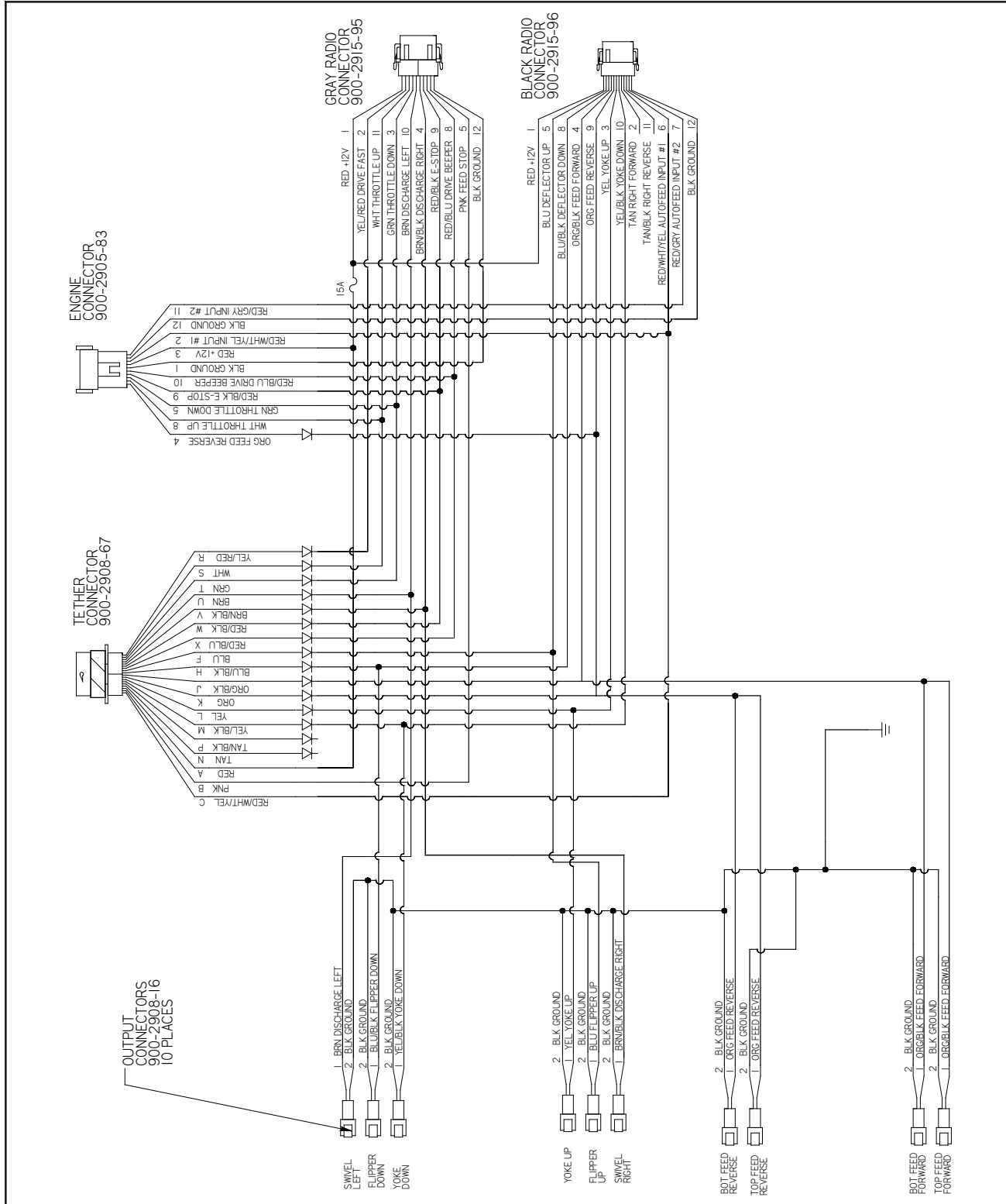
Most of the failures related to bearings are diagnosed as "Contamination". Contamination is caused by improper lubrication.

Especially important is proper lubrication when the chipper is setting idle. The bearings must be fully purged when shut down. Then the bearings must be again fully purged each thirty (30) days and the machine allowed to run for approximately 10 minutes. Then fully purged again before the machine is put back into operation. Failure to do this will ruin the bearings. Bearings corrode when the machine is setting idle.

The second largest cause of bearing failure is operating them at high speeds when the grease is cold. This causes the bearing race to turn on the shaft. Naturally this ruins the bearing as well as the shaft. Allow the bearings to turn at slower speeds for at least five minutes. Also check the bearing lock collar set screws or bearing locknut for tightness each 30 days. Loose set screws or locknut allows the race to turn on the shaft. Failed bearings diagnosed as contamination or cold starts at high speed are not covered by warranty of the bearing manufacturer.
- 15) **Feedwheel Slide Box:** Check that feedwheel slide box is working smoothly, oil with 10W/30 type motor oil weekly. Especially new machines need oiling to ensure correct operation during break-in.
- 16) **"Bandit Lever Throttle Cable (if equipped):** If the machine is equipped with a "Bandit" lever throttle system, lubricate inner throttle cable and cable ends with a cable lube or SAE 10W/30 oil every month. Replace throttle cable if it doesn't operate smoothly.
- 17) **Loader (if equipped):** Grease all pins and bushings on loader and grapple daily. Use 1 or 2 shots of EP-2 Lithium type grease. Wipe off excess grease. **Excessive grease will attract dirt.** NOTE: will take grease easier after the loader has been operated.
- 18) **Planetary Speed Reducer (if equipped):** Change gear lube after first 50 hours and 100 hours, then every 6 months or every 1000 hours afterwards. Requires 40 oz. (1.2 L) of 80W/90 type gear lube, keep full.
- 19) **Pump Bearing Block(s) (if equipped):** Check and keep the fluid level in the pump bearing block(s) full weekly, use an 80W/90 type gear lube. Pack the female splines of the bearing block(s) every 6 months or every 1000 hours with an EP-2 Lithium type grease.

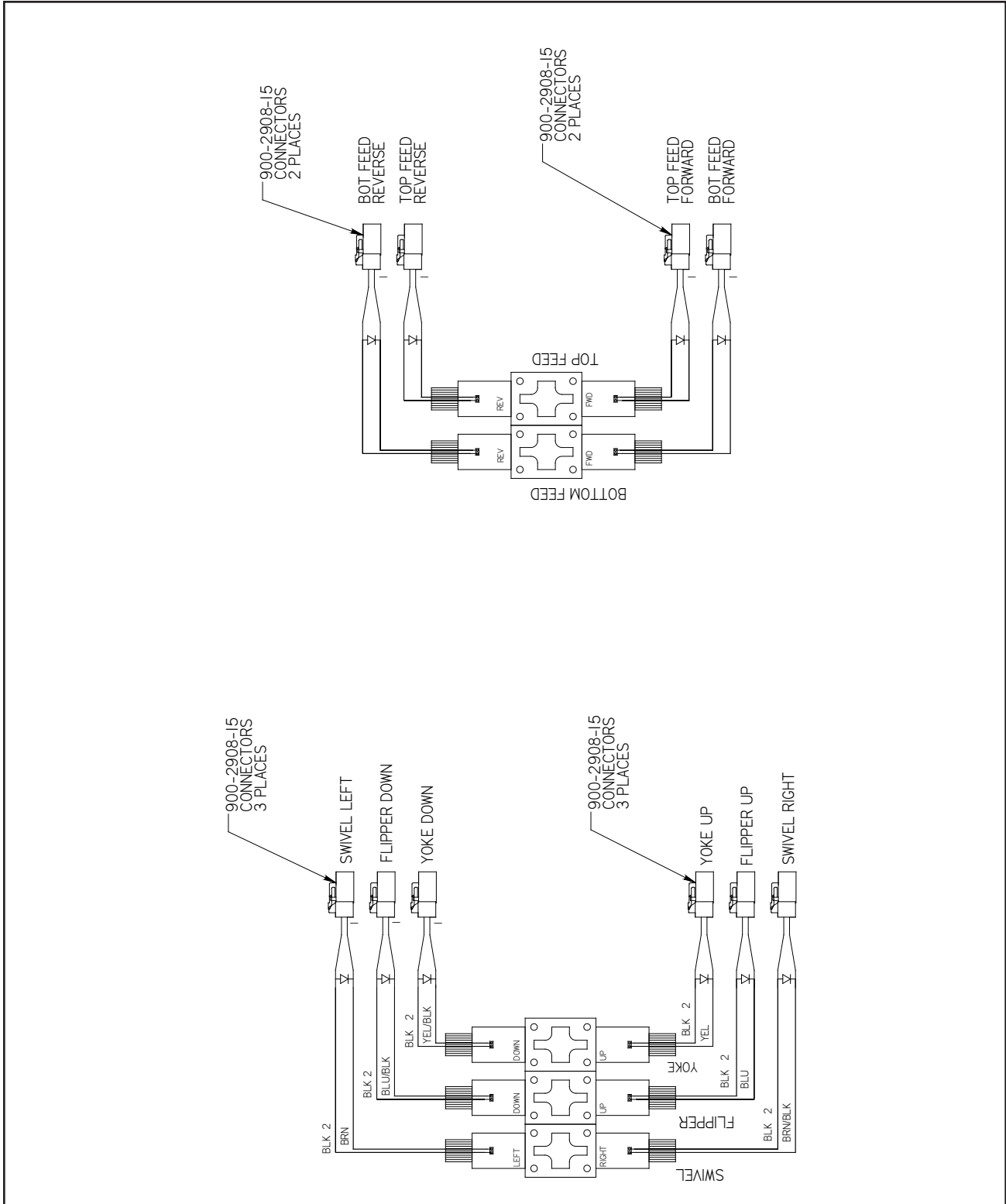
1850 WITH RADIO REMOTE MACHINE HARNESS 900-2912-36

SPECIFIC SCHEMATIC FUNCTION MAY VARY DEPENDING
ON OPTIONS OR COMPONENT MANUFACTURE.



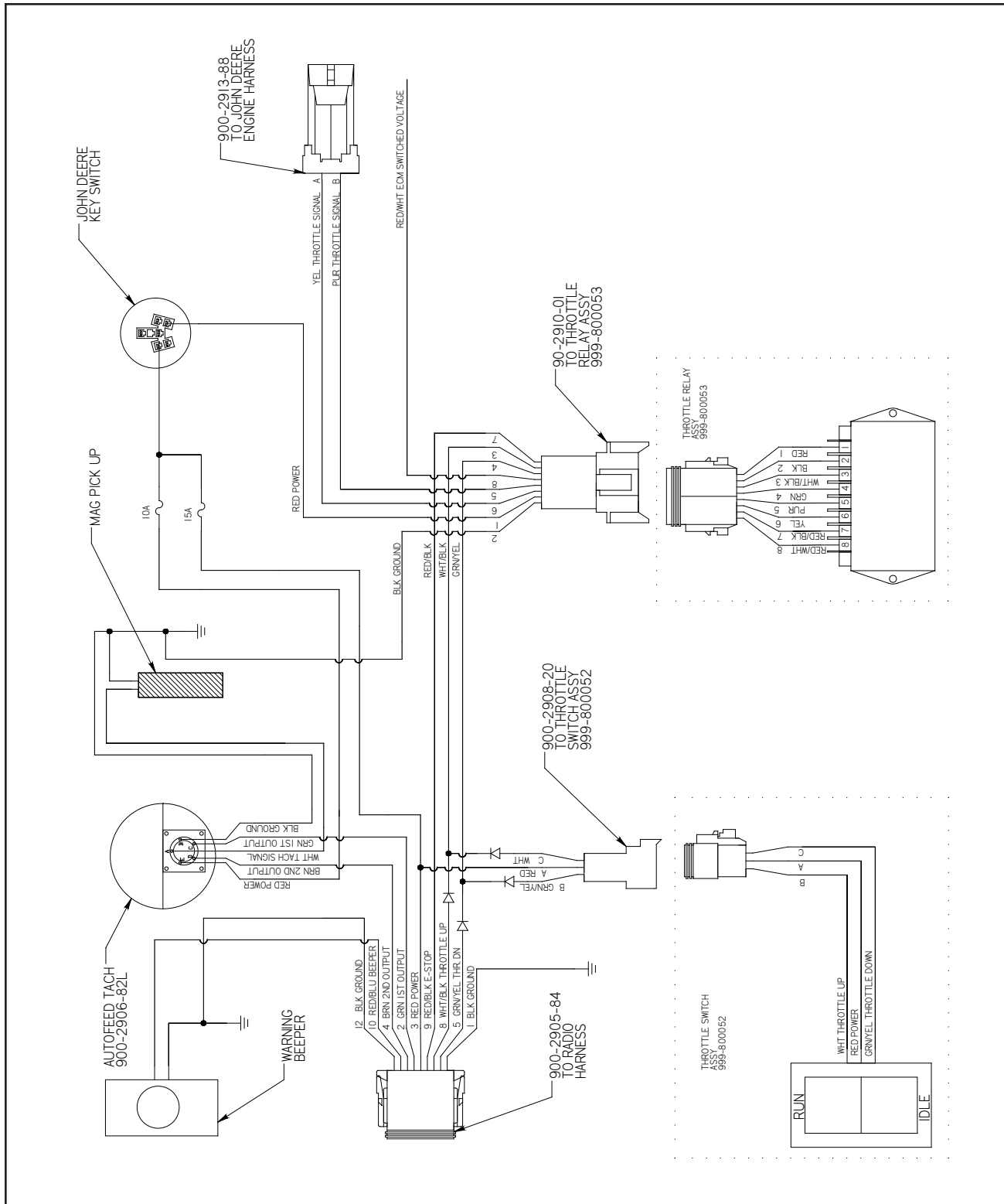
1850 WITH RADIO REMOTE MACHINE HARNESS TO VALVES

SPECIFIC SCHEMATIC FUNCTION MAY VARY DEPENDING
ON OPTIONS OR COMPONENT MANUFACTURE.



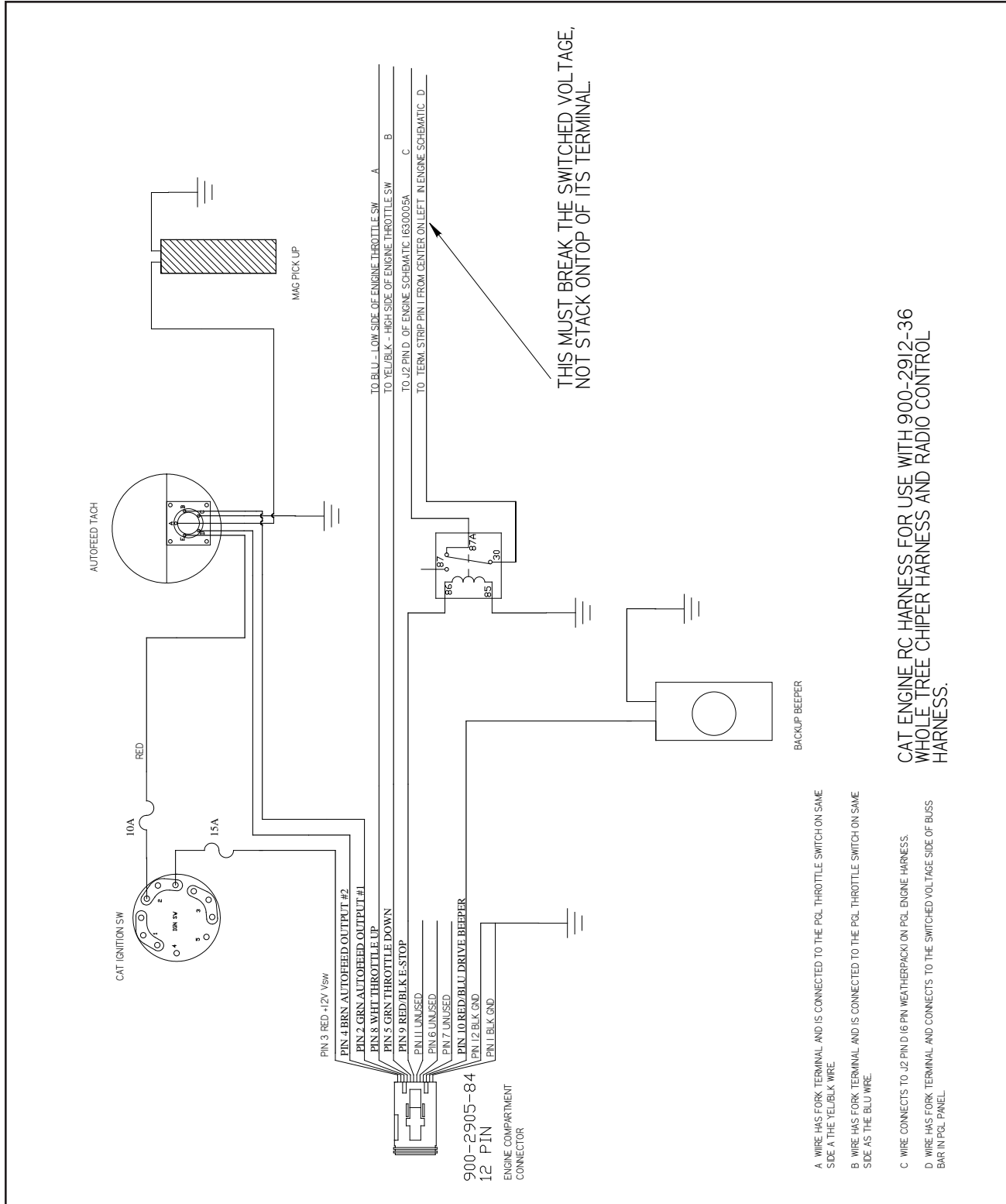
RADIO REMOTE 1850 WITH JOHN DEERE ENGINE MACHINE HARNESS TO ENGINE 999-800051

SPECIFIC SCHEMATIC FUNCTION MAY VARY DEPENDING
ON OPTIONS OR COMPONENT MANUFACTURE.



RADIO REMOTE 1850 WITH CAT OR PERKINS ENGINE MACHINE HARNESS TO ENGINE 999-800018

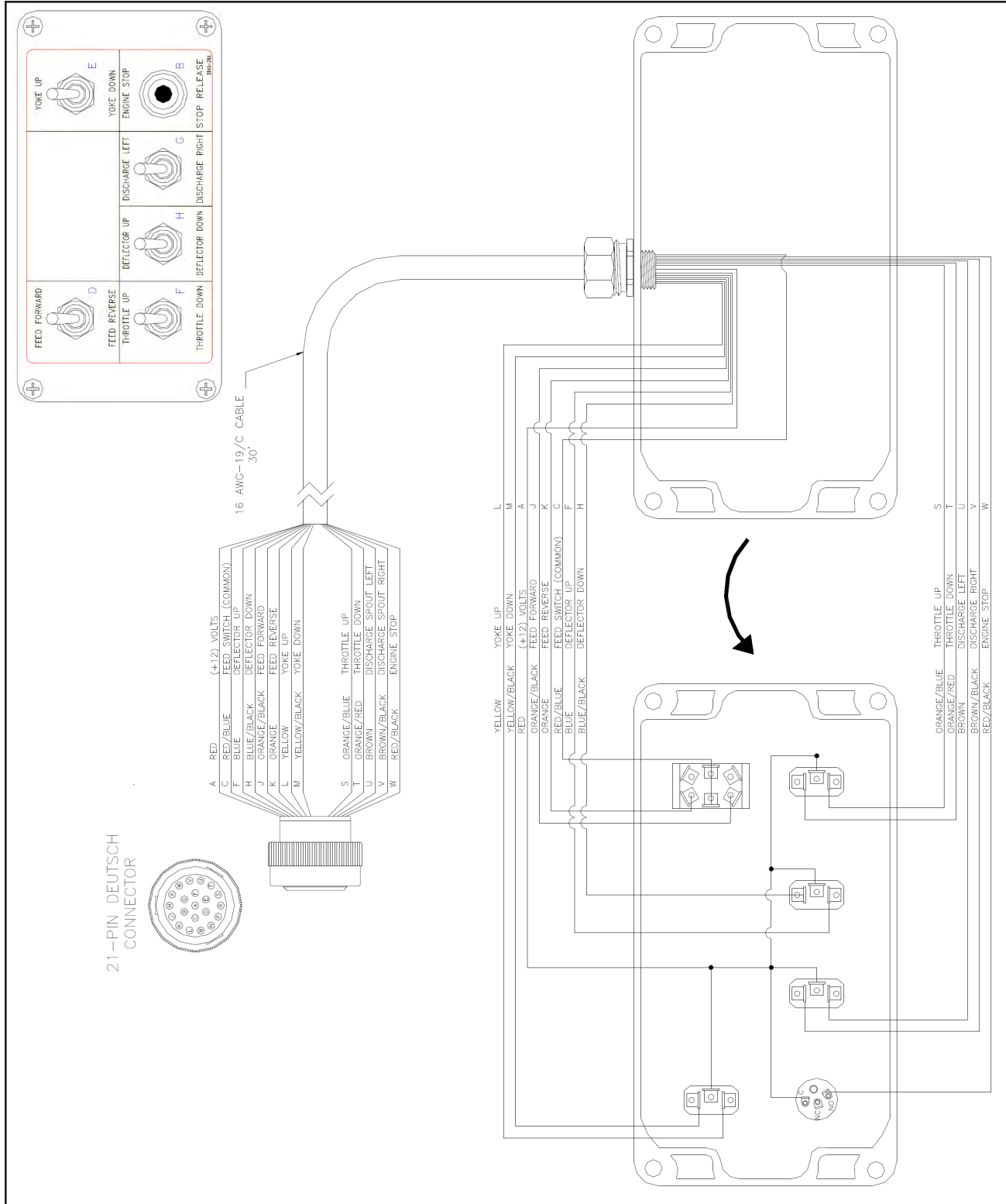
SPECIFIC SCHEMATIC FUNCTION MAY VARY DEPENDING
ON OPTIONS OR COMPONENT MANUFACTURE.



CAT ENGINE RC HARNESS FOR USE WITH 900-2912-36
WHOLE TREE CHIPPER HARNESS AND RADIO CONTROL
HARNESS.

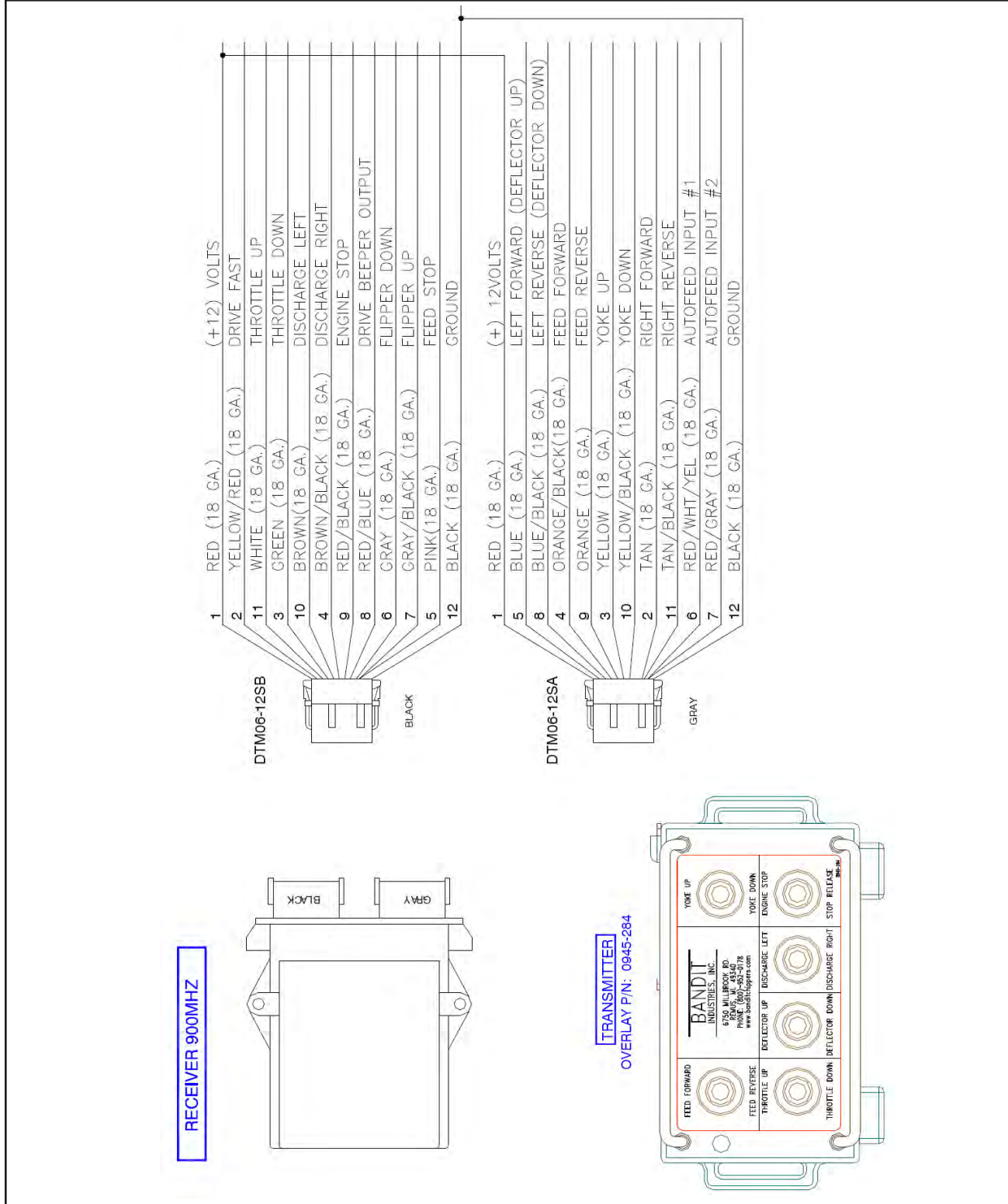
1850 WITH RADIO REMOTE TETHER 900-2912-82

SPECIFIC SCHEMATIC FUNCTION MAY VARY DEPENDING
ON OPTIONS OR COMPONENT MANUFACTURE.



1850 WITH RADIO REMOTE RECEIVER, TRANSMITTER, & OUTPUT

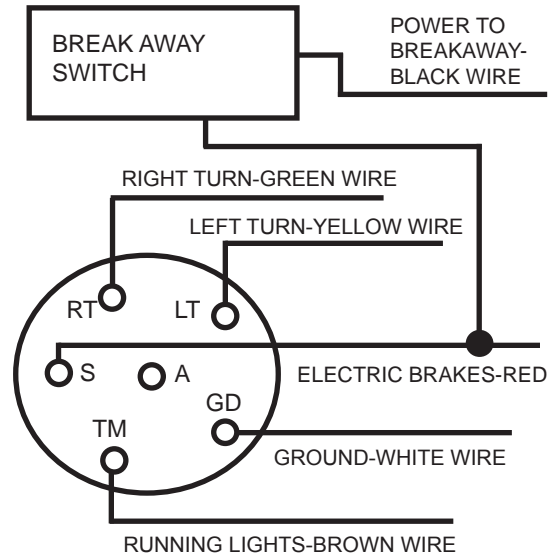
SPECIFIC SCHEMATIC FUNCTION MAY VARY DEPENDING
ON OPTIONS OR COMPONENT MANUFACTURE.



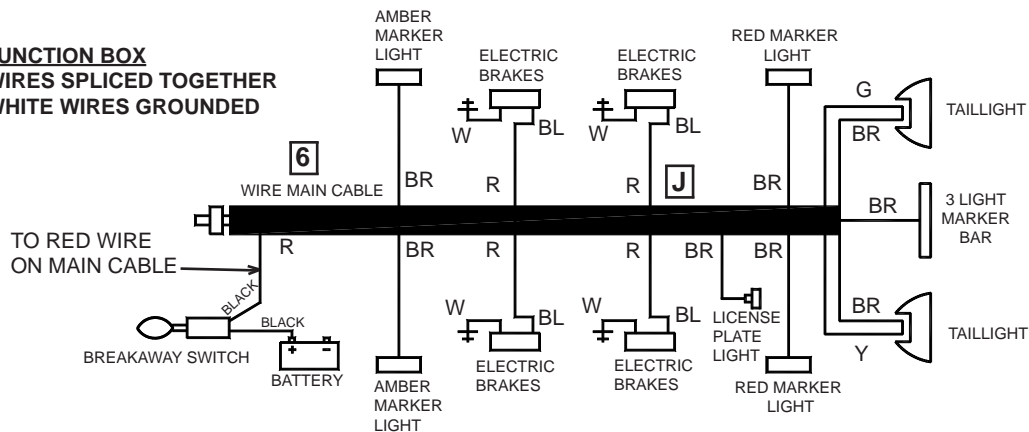
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL WIRING DIAGRAMS

WIRING FOR STANDARD 6 PRONG PLUG AND 6 WIRE MAIN CABLE EFFECTIVE ON MACHINES BUILT AFTER 11/01/04

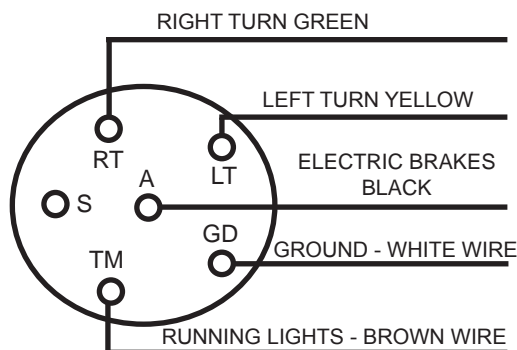
6 Wire Main Cable Color Code
 Red R (Brakes & Breakaway Switch)
 White W (Ground)
 Green G (Right Turn)
 Yellow Y (Left Turn)
 Brown BR (Running Lights)
 Black BL (Power to Breakaway Switch)



J JUNCTION BOX
 WIRES SPLICED TOGETHER
 WHITE WIRES GROUNDED



6 WIRE MAIN CABLE COLOR CODE (OLD STYLE)



OLD STYLE
6 Wire Main Cable Color Code
 Black BL (Brakes)
 White W (Ground)
 Green G (Right Turn)
 Yellow Y (Left Turn)
 Brown BR (Running Lights)
 Red R (Breakaway Switch)

REPLACEMENT PARTS SECTION

Depending on what replacement parts you are ordering the following information will be needed:

CHIPPER COMPONENTS

Serial Number
Model Number of Chipper

ENGINE COMPONENTS

Brand
Engine Serial Number
Engine Spec. Number

CLUTCH COMPONENTS

Brand
Serial Number
Assembly Number of Clutch

NOTE

When ordering any replacement parts you should have the serial number (S/N) and model of the machine to ensure that you receive the correct replacement part. See page 6 for typical serial number & work order number locations.

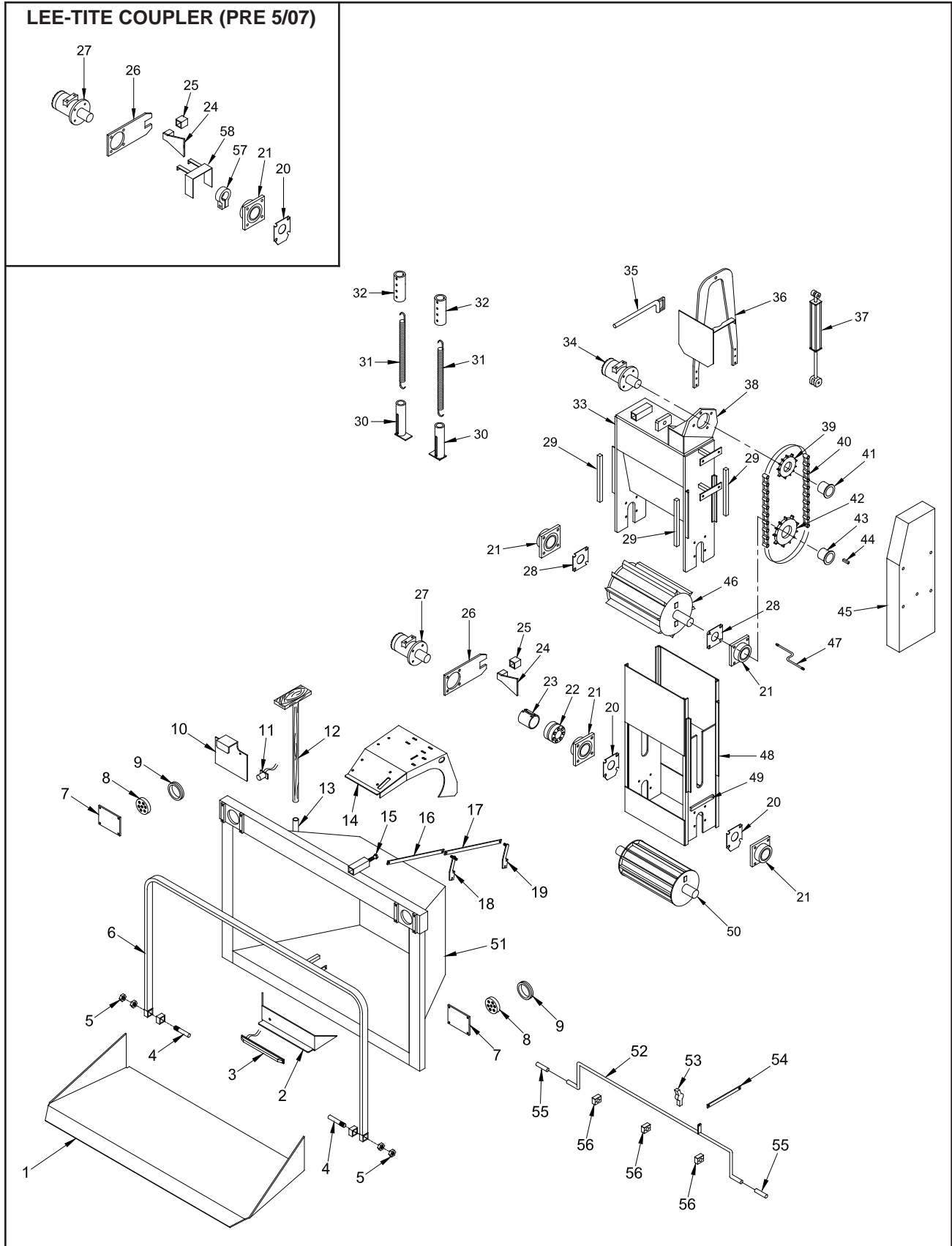
NOTE

All nuts, bolts, washers, and many other components can be ordered by physical description.

NOTE

Some of the components shown in this section are for optional equipment and may not apply to every machine.

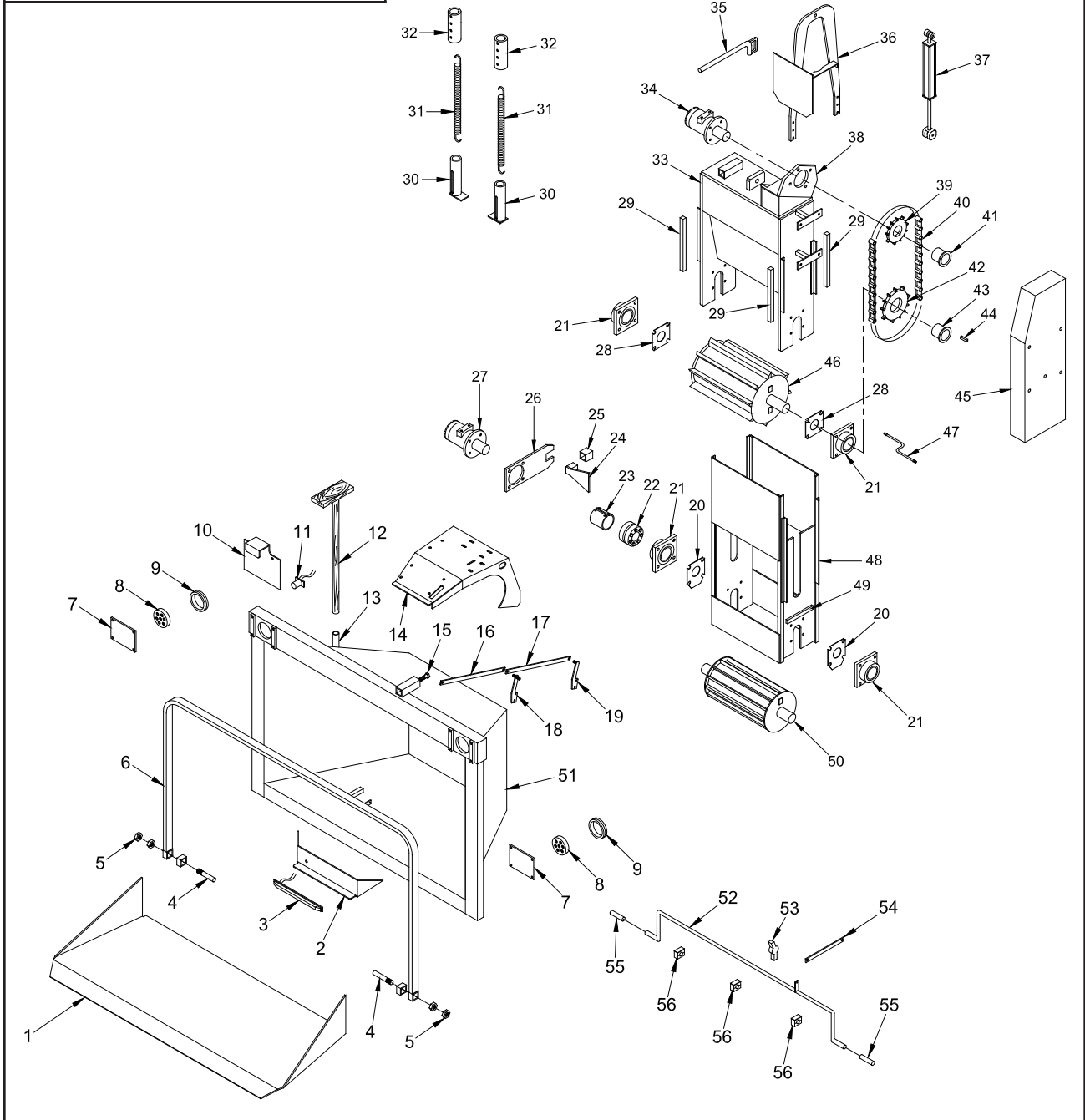
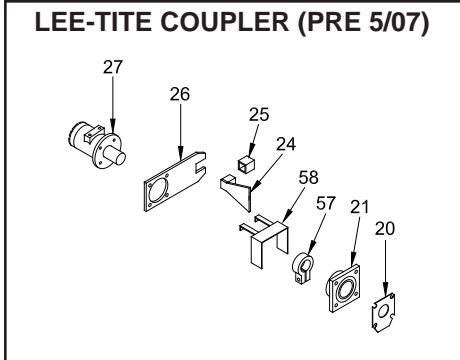
Bandit Industries Inc. reserves the right to make changes in models, size, design, installations and applications on any part without notification.



NOTE: Parts may not be exactly as shown.

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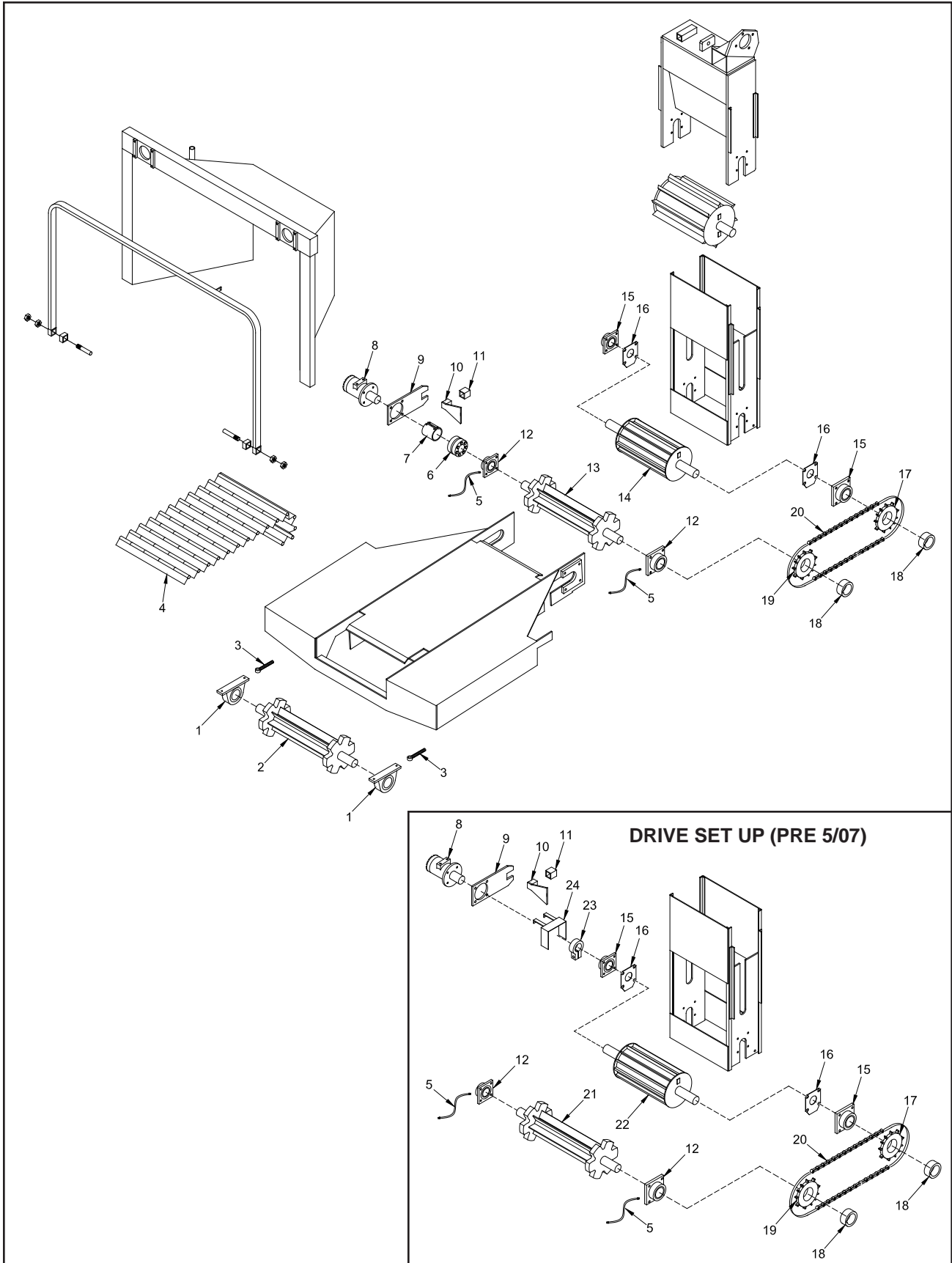
LOCATION	STANDARD PART NUMBER	SUPER SIZED PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1.	955-0501-15	955-0501-15	Weld On Pan For Infeed Hopper
2.	980-300169	980-300169	Mount For LED 3 Light Bar
3.	900-2909-93	900-2909-93	LED 3 Light Bar
4.	955-1016-49	955-1016-49	Pivot Pin
5.	900-4900-44	900-4900-44	Pivot Pin Jam Nut
6.	955-0500-25A	955-0500-25A	Control Handle
7.	955-1017-72	955-1017-72	Clear Tail Light Cover
8 a.	900-2908-76	900-2908-76	LED Tail Light
b.	900-2908-74	900-2908-74	Adapter Wire for LED Tail Light (Not Shown)
9.	900-2908-75	900-2908-75	Rubber Grommet for LED Tail Light
10.	980-300181	980-300181	License Plate and Light Mount
11.	900-2900-07	900-2900-07	License Plate Light
12.	981-1005-30	980-200147	Wooden Push Paddle
13.	980-0122-55	980-0122-55	Wooden Push Paddle Mount
14.	955-300423	955-300423	Winch and Valve Mount
15 a.	900-4912-80	900-4912-80	Bolt For Control Handle Stop - 3/4"-10NC x 4"
b.	900-4910-19	900-4910-19	Jam Nut For Control Handle Stop - 3/4"-10NC
16.	955-300052	955-300052	Hydraulic Control Arm - 6 1/2"
17.	955-300055	955-300055	Hydraulic Control Arm Between Valves -12 1/2"
18.	955-200092	955-200092	Double Studded Feedwheel Control Valve Linkage
19.	980-0125-74	980-0125-74	Feedwheel Control Valve Linkage
20.	955-1002-14	955-1002-14	Bottom Feedwheel Bearing Backer Plate
21 a.	900-1904-07	900-1904-07	Feedwheel Bearing
b.	900-4900-19	900-4900-19	Top Feedwheel Bearing Bolt
c.	900-4911-04	900-4911-04	Bottom Feedwheel Bearing Bolt
22.	900-1912-99	900-1912-99	Taperlock Keyless Coupler (Start 5/07)
23 a.	937-300516	937-300516	Bottom Feedwheel Coupler Guard - Taperlock (Start 5/07)
b.	980-0508-57	980-0508-57	Coupler Guard Mount - Taperlock (Start 5/07)
24 a.	955-1013-99	955-1013-99	Bottom Torque Arm Stop
b.	937-300316	937-300316	Torque Arm Cushion Mount (Start 4/06)
c.	955-1014-01	955-1014-01	Torque Arm Stop Block (Pre 4/06)
25.	937-900009	937-900009	Torque Arm Cushion (Start 4/06)
26 a.	955-300103	955-300103	Bottom Torque Arm 15 3/4" Long
b.	955-1014-00	955-1014-00	Bottom Torque Arm 10" Long
27.	900-3907-71	900-3907-71	Bottom Feedwheel Hydraulic Motor
28.	955-1002-13	955-1002-13	Top Feedwheel Bearing Backer Plate - Optional
29 a.	937-300406	937-300406	Yoke Slide - 2" x 2" x 16" (Start 1/06)
b.	955-1016-99	955-1016-99	Yoke Slide - 1" x 1" x 16" (2/03 To 1/06)
c.	960-0001-97	960-0001-97	Yoke Slide - 3/4" x 1" x 24" (Pre 2/03)
30 a.	981-300031	981-300031	Bottom Mount for Easy Climb System
b.	900-4905-79	900-4905-79	Clevis Pin (Not Shown)
c.	900-4905-80	900-4905-80	Cotter Pin for Clevis Pin (Not Shown)
d.	900-4900-36	900-4900-36	Flat Washer (Not Shown)
31 a.	900-4903-81	900-4903-81	Yoke Spring
b.	900-4902-02	900-4902-02	Spring Adjuster (Pre S/N 1086) (Not Shown)
32 a.	981-300030	981-300030	Top Mount for Easy Climb System
b.	900-4905-14	900-4905-14	Clevis Pin (Not Shown)
c.	900-4905-19	900-4905-19	Hair Pin for Clevis Pin (Not Shown)



NOTE: Parts may not be exactly as shown.

Bandit

LOCATION	STANDARD PART NUMBER	SUPER SIZED PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
33 a.	955-0502-03	955-0502-38	Top Yoke Assembly (Start 2/03)
b.	955-0500-12	955-0502-16	Top Yoke Assembly (Pre 2/03)
34.	900-3906-29	900-3906-29	Top Feedwheel Hydraulic Motor
35.	955-1007-72	955-1007-72	Yoke Lock Pin
36.	955-0500-66	955-0500-66	Yoke Lift Lug
37 a.	900-3925-06	900-3925-06	Yoke Lift Cylinder-Welded
b.	900-3908-16	900-3908-16	Yoke Lift Cylinder-Tie Rod
c.	904-0007-14	904-0007-14	Pin For Welded Cylinder (Not Shown)
d.	904-0006-90	904-0006-90	Seal Kit - Welded Lift Cylinder (Not Shown)
e.	900-3905-37	900-3905-37	Seal Kit - Tie Rod Cylinder (Not Shown)
38.	955-0500-72	955-0500-72	Mount For Top Feedwheel Hydraulic Motor
39.	900-1904-30	900-1904-30	Top Feedwheel Hydraulic Motor Sprocket (15 Teeth)
40 a.	900-1901-39	900-1901-39	Top Feedwheel Drive Chain (80-2) - 69" (Start 2/03)
b.	900-1901-39	900-1901-39	Top Feedwheel Drive Chain (80-2) - 83" (Pre 2/03)
c.	900-1905-62	900-1905-62	Master Link
d.	900-1905-61	900-1905-61	Half Link
41.	900-1901-36	900-1901-36	Top Feedwheel Hydraulic Motor Bushing
42.	900-1905-73	900-1905-73	Top Feedwheel Sprocket (36 Teeth)
43.	900-1900-08	900-1900-08	Top Feedwheel Bushing
44.	955-1008-72	955-1008-72	Key For Top Feedwheel Bushing
45 a.	955-300532	955-300532	Top Feedwheel Chain Guard (Start 1/06)
b.	955-1016-91	955-1016-91	Top Feedwheel Chain Guard - Track or Cab Unit (Start 1/06)
c.	955-0502-45	955-0502-45	Top Feedwheel Chain Guard (2/03 To 1/06)
d.	955-1016-61	955-1016-61	Top Feedwheel Chain Guard - Track or Cab Unit (2/03 To 1/06)
e.	955-0500-73	955-0500-73	Top Feedwheel Chain Guard (Pre 2/03)
f.	955-1016-91	955-1016-91	Top Feedwheel Chain Guard - Track or Cab Unit (Pre 2/03)
46 a.	955-0500-27	937-0501-10	Top Feedwheel Assembly
b.	955-1000-87	937-1007-63	Top Feedwheel Tooth
c.	955-1002-07	937-1007-41	Top Feedwheel Shaft
47.	900-3921-02	900-3921-02	Grease Line - 13"
48 a.	955-0502-04	955-0502-46	Feedwheel Slide Box Assembly (Start 2/03)
b.	955-0500-28	955-0502-17	Feedwheel Slide Box Assembly (Pre 2/03)
49.	955-1002-44	955-1002-44	Yoke Stop Block
50 a.	955-200106	937-200136	Bottom Feedwheel Assembly For Taperlock Coupler (Start 5/07)
b.	955-0500-21	955-0502-10	Bottom Feedwheel Assembly For Lee-Tite Coupler (Pre 5/07)
c.	955-1001-52	937-1007-50	Bottom Feedwheel Tooth
d.	937-300509	937-300510	Bottom Feedwheel Shaft For Taperlock Coupler (Start 5/07)
e.	955-1000-92	955-1015-02	Bottom Feedwheel Shaft For Lee-Tite Coupler (Pre 5/07)
51.	955-200094	955-0502-27	Infeed Hopper Assembly
52.	980-300065	980-300065	Dual Yoke Lift Control Bar
53.	900-3930-96	900-3930-96	Short Valve Handle - Lift Cylinder Control Linkage
54.	980-300157	980-300157	Control Arm - Dual Yoke Lift - 12 1/2"
55.	900-7900-96	900-7900-96	Rubber Cap - Dual Yoke Lift Control Bar
56.	900-3914-02	900-3914-02	Clamp - Lift Control Bar
57 a.	960-0012-73	960-0012-73	Lee-Tite Feedwheel Coupler (Pre 5/07)
b.	955-1006-68	955-1006-68	Key For Lee-Tite Coupler (Not Shown)
58.	955-0501-16	955-0501-16	Bottom Feedwheel Coupler Guard - Lee-Tite (Pre 5/07)
59.	955-1006-71	955-1014-65	Bottom Feedwheel Scrapper Bar (Not Shown)

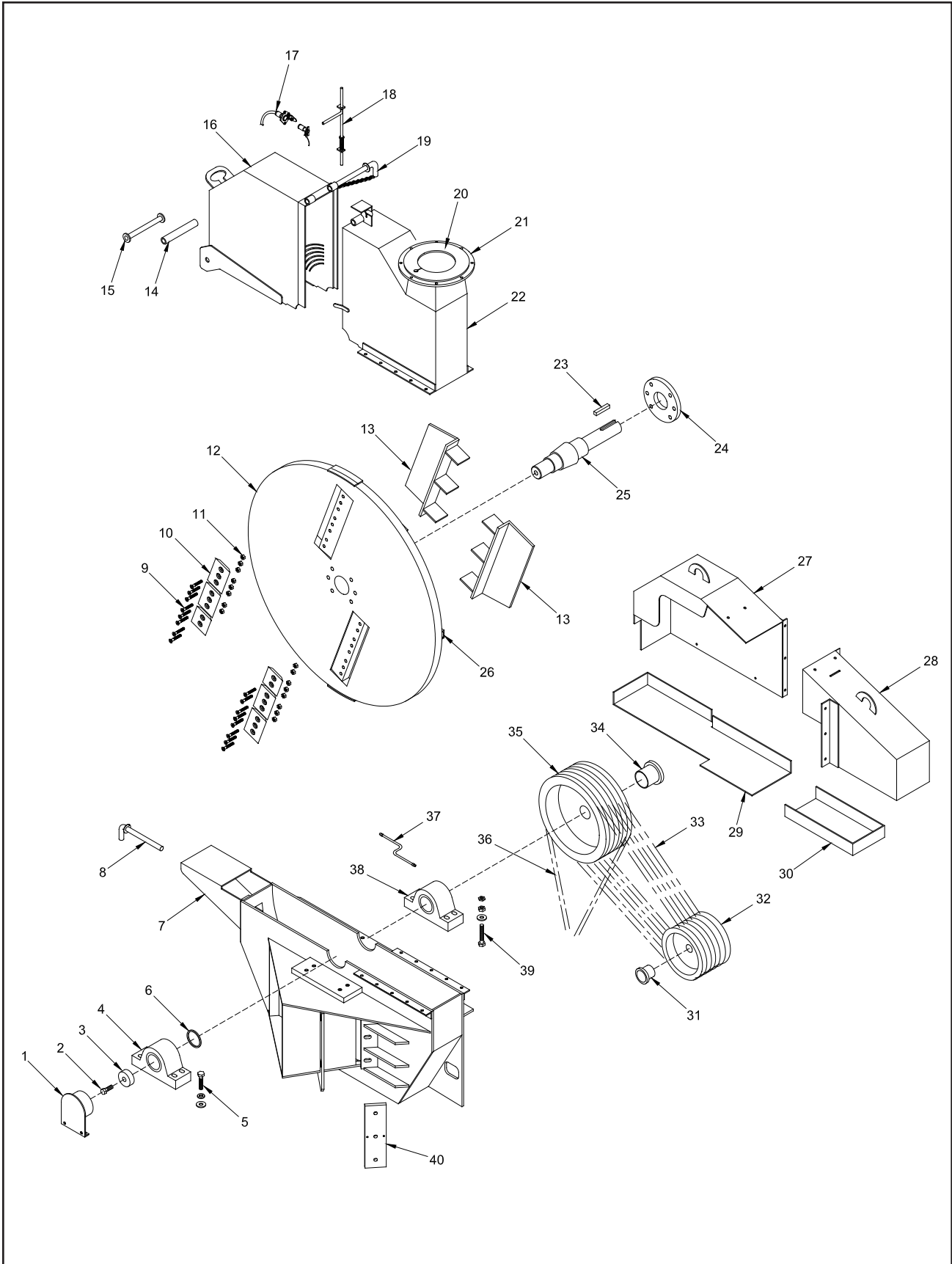


NOTE: Parts may not be exactly as shown.

Bandit

LOCATION	STANDARD PART NUMBER	SUPER SIZED PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1.	900-1906-33	900-1906-33	Infeed Conveyor Tail Shaft Bearing
2.	955-0501-65	955-0501-65	Infeed Conveyor Tail Shaft Assembly
3 a.	900-4902-75	900-4902-75	Adjuster Bolt - 5/8"-11NC x 6" (Start 6/07)
b.	900-4910-43	900-4910-43	3/4"-10NC x 8" Hex Head Bolt (Pre 6/07) (Not Shown)
4 a.	955-0501-68	955-0501-68	Infeed Conveyor Complete Chain Assembly
b.	900-0501-47	900-0501-47	Infeed Conveyor Single Chain Assembly
c.	955-1013-25	955-1013-25	Pin (Not Shown)
d.	900-4904-51	900-4904-51	Set Screw (Not Shown)
5.	900-3921-02	900-3921-02	Grease Line - 13"
6.	900-1912-99	900-1912-99	Taperlock Keyless Coupler (Start 5/07)
7 a.	937-300516	937-300516	Bottom Feedwheel Coupler Guard - Taperlock (Start 5/07)
b.	980-0508-57	980-0508-57	Coupler Guard Mount - Taperlock (Start 5/07) (Not Shown)
8.	900-3907-71	900-3907-71	Bottom Feedwheel Motor
9 a.	955-300103	955-300103	Bottom Torque Arm - 15 3/4" Long
b.	955-1014-00	955-1014-00	Bottom Torque Arm - 10" Long
10 a.	955-3006-73	955-3006-73	Bottom Torque Arm Stop (Start 5/07)
b.	937-1004-71	937-1004-71	Bottom Torque Arm Stop (Pre 5/07)
c.	937-300316	937-300316	Torque Arm Cushion Mount
11.	937-900009	937-900009	Torque Arm Cushion
12.	900-1904-07	900-1904-07	Bearing For Infeed Conveyor Head Shaft
13.	955-2001-15	955-200104	Infeed Conveyor Head Shaft Assembly (Start 5/07)
14 a.	955-2001-16	955-200105	Bottom Feedwheel Ass'y - Taperlock Coupler (Start 5/07)
b.	955-1001-52	937-1007-50	Bottom Feedwheel Tooth
c.	955-3006-82	955-300667	Bottom Feedwheel Shaft For Taperlock Coupler (Start 5/07)
15 a.	900-1904-07	900-1904-07	Feedwheel Bearing
b.	900-4900-19	900-4900-19	Feedwheel Bearing Bolt (Not Shown)
16.	955-1002-14	955-1002-14	Bottom Feedwheel Bearing Backer Plate
17.	900-1904-30	900-1904-30	Bottom Feedwheel Sprocket
18.	900-1907-58	900-1907-58	Sprocket Bushing
19.	900-1904-30	900-1904-30	Infeed Conveyor Sprocket
20 a.	900-1901-39	900-1901-39	Infeed Conveyor Drive Chain
b.	900-1905-62	900-1905-62	Master Link (Not Shown)
c.	900-1905-61	900-1905-61	Half Link (Not Shown)
21.	955-0501-48	955-200057	Infeed Conveyor Head Shaft Assembly (Pre 5/07)
22 a.	955-0501-49	955-200018	Bottom Feedwheel Ass'y - Lee-Tite Coupler (Pre 5/07)
b.	955-1001-52	937-1007-50	Bottom Feedwheel Tooth
c.	955-1012-99	955-300235	Bottom Feedwheel Shaft For Lee-Tite Coupler (Pre 5/07)
23 a.	960-0012-73	960-0012-73	Lee-Tite Feedwheel Coupler (Pre 5/07)
b.	955-1006-68	955-1006-68	Key For Lee-Tite Coupler (Not Shown)
24.	955-0501-16	955-0501-16	Bottom Feedwheel Coupler Guard - Lee-Tite (Pre 5/07)

NOTE: Nuts, bolts, washers, and all other components can be ordered by physical description.



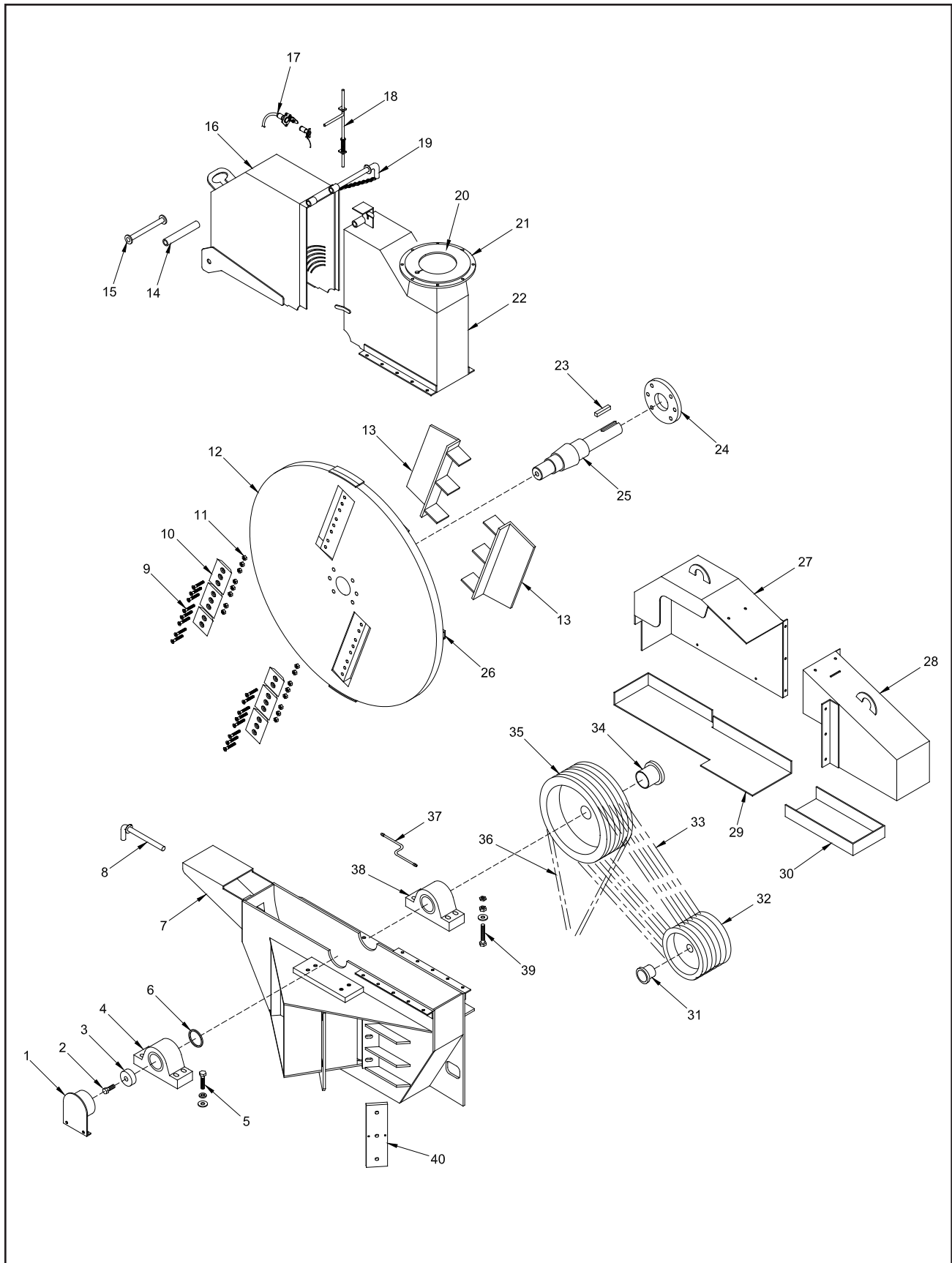
NOTE: Parts may not be exactly as shown.

Bandit

LOCATION	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1.	955-0501-36	Front Chipper Bearing Cover
2 a.	900-4912-45	Bearing Retainer Bolt - 1"-8NC x 3 3/4" Hex Head (Start 6/05)
b.	900-4909-12	Bearing Retainer Bolt - 1"-8NC x 3" Hex Head (5/02 - 6/05)
c.	900-4907-14	Bearing Retainer Bolt - 3/4"-10NC x 3" Hex Head (Pre 5/02)
d.	900-4908-99	1" Lock Washer (Start 5/02) (Not Shown)
e.	900-4907-17	3/4" Lock Washer (Pre 5/02) (Not Shown)
3.	955-300309	Bearing Retainer
4 a.	900-1906-31	Front Chipper Bearing (Start 1/00)
b.	900-1906-61	Front Chipper Bearing (Pre 1/00)
5 a.	900-4912-80	Front Chipper Bearing Bolt - 3/4"-10NC x 4" Hex Head (Start 1/00)
b.	900-4907-14	Front Chipper Bearing Bolt - 3/4"-10NC x 3" Hex Head (Pre 1/00)
c.	900-4900-33	3/4" Lock Washer (4 Required)
d.	900-4903-21	3/4" Mill Carb Washer (4 Required)
6 a.	955-1008-24	1/16" Chipper Disc Spacer
b.	955-1004-12	1/8" Chipper Disc Spacer
c.	955-1012-43	1/4" Chipper Disc Spacer
d.	955-1011-51	1/2" Chipper Disc Spacer
7.	955-300385	Hood Stop
8.	955-1015-32	Chipper Disc Lock Pin
9.	See Page 94	Chipper Knife Bolt
10.	See Page 94	Chipper Knife
11.	See Page 94	Chipper Knife Nut
12.	955-0501-64	2-Knife Chipper Disc Ass'y
13.	955-0501-19	Fan Blade Assembly
14.	914-300039	Hood Hinge Tube (Start 12/04)
15 a.	955-300386	Hood Hinge Pin (Start 12/04)
b.	955-0501-18	Hood Hinge Assembly (Pre 12/04)
c.	955-1005-59	Hood Hinge Pin Only (Pre 12/04)
16.	955-0500-40	Chipper Hood Hinged Half
17 a.	980-0509-04	Chipper Hood Engine Disable Plug Kit (Includes Hood Pin & Mounts)
b.	900-2904-13	6-Prong Female Plug Only
c.	980-100083	6-Prong Male Plug With Wire Loop & Crimp Sleeves
18 a.	955-0502-29	Spring Lock For Hood Pin
b.	900-7900-93	Black Vinyl Cap (Not Shown)
19 a.	980-0123-29	Hood Pin With Attaching chain
b.	900-4902-20	Padlock For Hood Pin (Not Shown)
c.	P812	Key For Padlock (Not Shown)
20.	914-300079	Hood Flange
21.	980-0122-18	Bottom Swivel Ring For Hydraulic Swivel Discharge
22.	955-200071	Chipper Hood Stationary Half - Hydraulic Swivel Discharge
23.	955-300304	Key For Chipper Shaft
24 a.	955-300301	Chipper Draw Ring
b.	900-4900-22	Chipper Draw Ring Bolt - 3/4"-16NF x 5 1/2" Hex Head (Not Shown)
c.	900-4900-28	Chipper Draw Ring Nut - 3/4"-16NF High Nut (Not Shown)
25.	955-1011-52	Chipper Shaft
26.	980-0123-82	Chipper Disc Lock Tube

-- Components need to be ordered by the serial number of machine.

** Components vary with engine and disc options,
order by physical description.



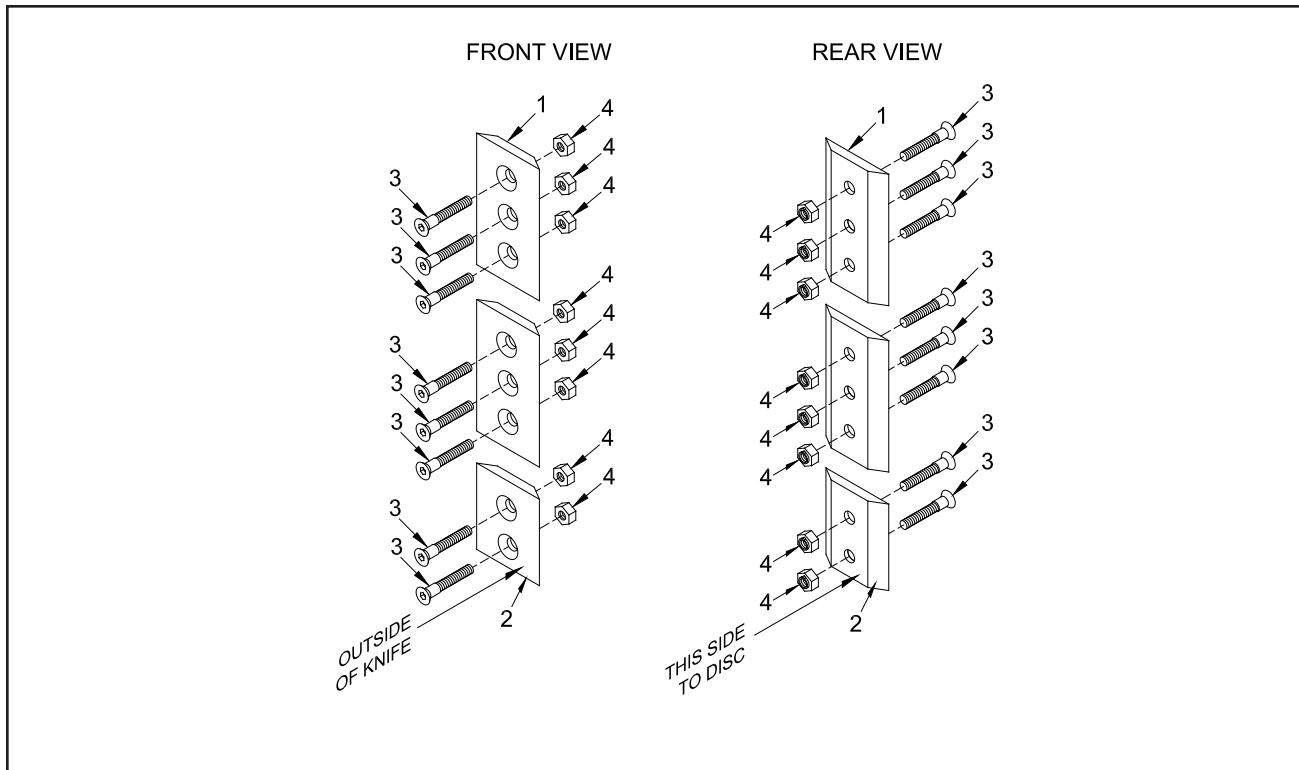
NOTE: Parts may not be exactly as shown.

Bandit

LOCATION	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
27 a.	955-200098	Beltshield Assembly - Chipper End (Start 12/03)
b.	955-0500-51	Beltshield Assembly - 1 Piece (Not Shown) (Pre 12/03)
28.	955-200099	Beltshield Assembly - PTO End (Start 12/03)
29.	955-300124	Beltshield Bottom - Chipper End (Start 12/03)
30.	955-300663	Beltshield Bottom - PTO End (Start 12/03)
31.	**	Engine Sheave Bushing
32.	**	Engine Sheave
33.	**	Chipper Belts
34.	**	Chipper Sheave Bushing
35.	**	Chipper Sheave
36.	**	Hydraulic Pump Belts (If Applicable)
37.	900-3921-02	Chipper Bearing Grease Line - 13"
38 a.	900-1906-32	Rear Chipper Bearing (Start S/N 510, 1/00)
b.	*--*	Rear Chipper Bearing (Pre S/N 502, 1/00)
39 a.	900-4910-34	Rear Chipper Bearing Bolt - 3/4"-10NC x 4 1/2" Hex Head (Start 1/00)
b.	900-4910-38	Rear Chipper Bearing Bolt - 3/4"-10NC x 5 1/2" Hex Head (Pre 1/00)
c.	900-4903-21	3/4" Mill Carb Washer (4 Required)
d.	900-4901-23	3/4"-10NC Nut (4 Required)
e.	900-4910-19	3/4"-10NC Jam Nut (4 Required)
40.	See Page 95	Anvil

-- Components need to be ordered by the serial number of machine.

** Components vary with engine and disc options,
order by physical description.



KNIFE BOLTS MUST BE INSTALLED THROUGH KNIFE AS SHOWN

Part Numbers For Model 1850 Knives

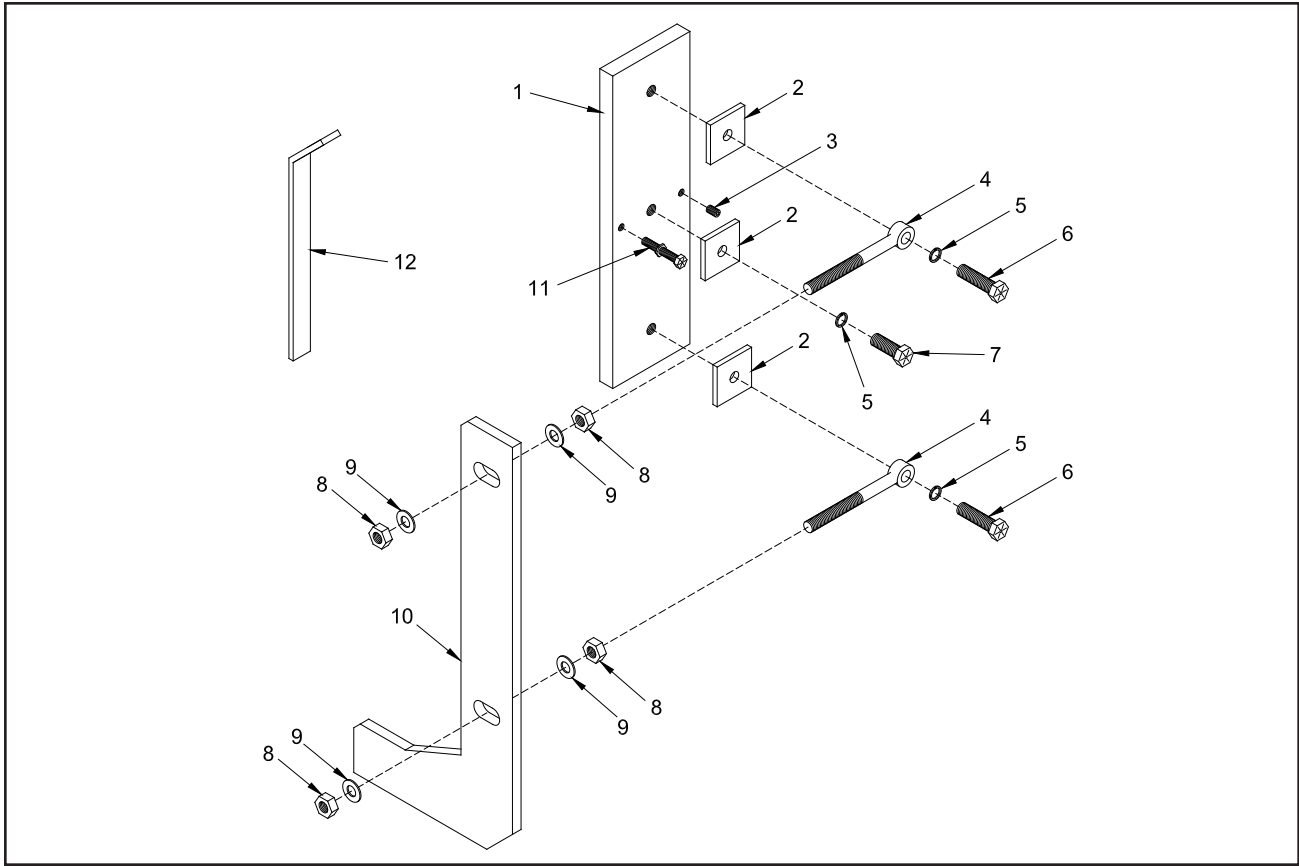
LOCATION	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1.	900-9901-18	1/2" x 4 1/2" x 7 1/4" Chipper Knife
2.	900-9901-19	1/2" x 4 1/2" x 5 1/8" Chipper Knife
3.	900-4903-92	5/8"-11NC x 3" Chipper Knife Bolt
4.	900-4903-93	5/8"-11NC Chipper Knife Nut

NOTE: Torque Knife Bolts to 180 ft.-lbs. (245 Nm)

Part Numbers For Miscellaneous Knife Parts

LOCATION	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
5.	900-9901-68	Knife Saver Kit (Not Shown)
6.	900-9901-65	File For Knife Saver Kit Only (Not Shown)
7.	900-9901-63	Replacement Blades For Knife Saver (Not Shown)

NOTE: Parts may not be exactly as shown.

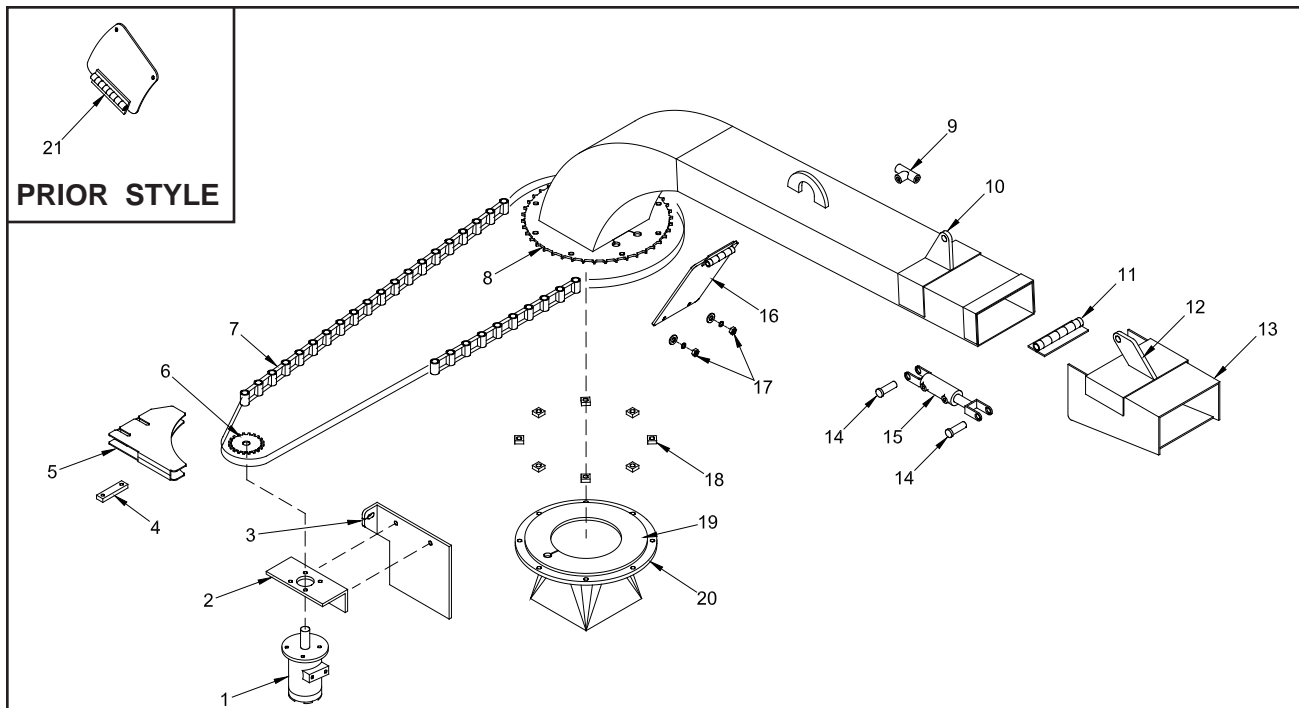


LOCATION	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1 a.	955-1000-37	Anvil Only
1 b.	955-1017-25	"AR" Anvil Only
2.	914-1002-14	Square Anvil Washer - 1/4" Thick
3.	900-4902-87	5/16"-18NC x 3/4" Set Screw
4.	900-4902-75	Anvil Eye Bolt - 5/8"-11NC x 6"
5.	900-4900-33	3/4" High Collar Lock Washer
6.	900-4902-78	3/4"-10NC x 2 1/2" Hex Head Bolt
7.	900-4902-79	3/4"-10NC x 1 3/4" Hex Head Bolt
8.	900-4907-04	5/8"-11NC Hex Nut
9.	900-4907-10	5/8" Flat Washer
10 a.	955-1009-59	Anvil Puller Block
10 b.	955-1016-60	Anvil Puller Block - Supersized Feed System
11 a.	900-4902-17	5/16"-18NC x 2" Hex Head Bolt
11 b.	900-4902-18	5/16"-18NC Hex Nut
12.	981-1006-25	Anvil Gauge
13.	955-0502-47	Anvil Hardware Only (Includes 2 Through 9, & 11)
14.	955-0500-06	Anvil and Hardware Kit (Includes 1a, 2 Through 9, & 11)

NOTE: Torque Anvil Bolts to 175 - 180 ft.-lbs. (237 - 245 Nm)

NOTE: Parts may not be exactly as shown.

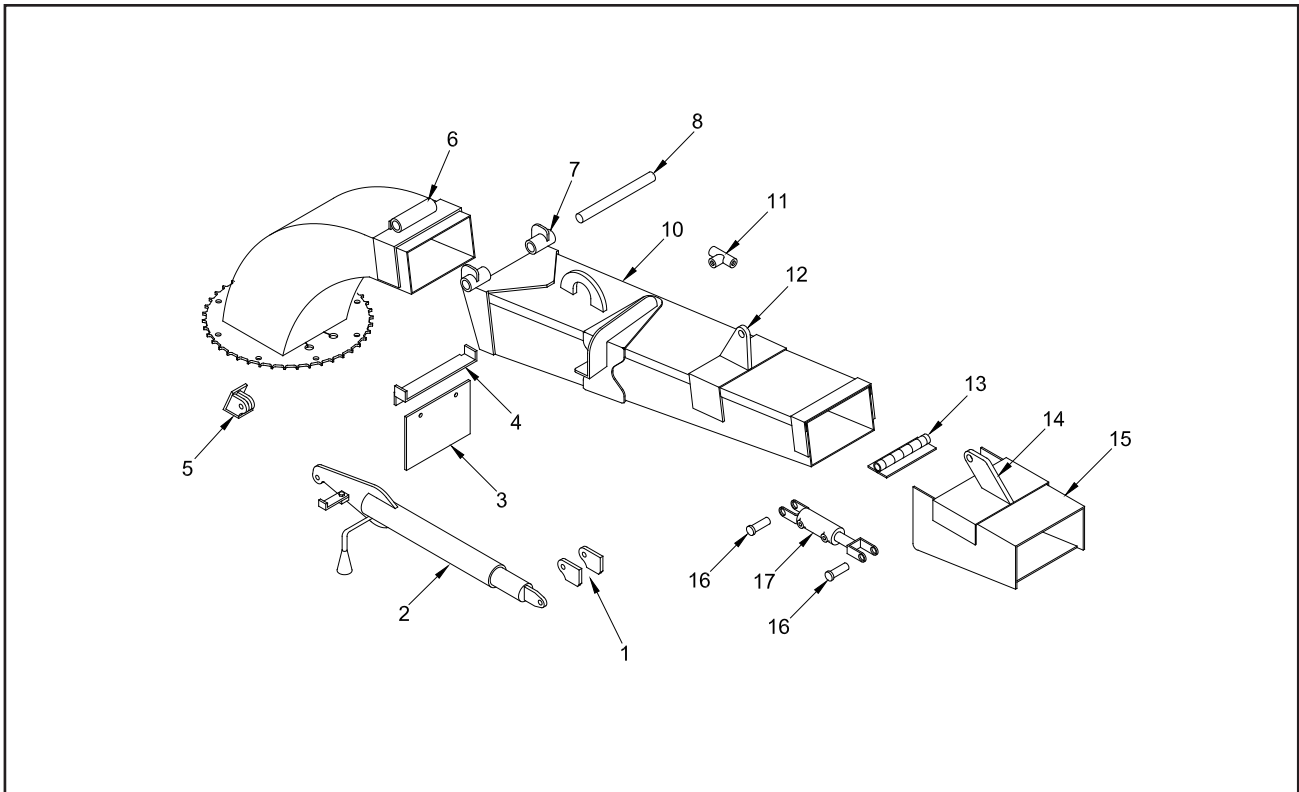
DISCHARGE



LOCATION	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1 a.	900-3921-57	Discharge Swivel Hydraulic Motor - SAE O-ring
1 b.	900-3902-14	Discharge Swivel Hydraulic Motor - Pipe Fitting
2.	980-0110-66	Hydraulic Swivel Mount
3.	914-1006-17	Hydraulic Swivel Motor Mount
4.	980-0126-04	Chain Guard Mount
5.	980-200086	Hydraulic Swivel Chain Guard
6.	900-1901-21	Sprocket For Hydraulic Motor
7 a.	900-1901-20	#50 Roller Chain
7 b.	900-1901-18	Half Link- Chain (Not Shown)
7 c.	900-1901-19	Master Link - Chain (Not Shown)
8.	980-0110-63	Sprocket For Discharge (Weld On)
9.	900-3925-18	Check Valve For Flipper Cylinder
10.	960-0006-42	Straight Section Cylinder Lug
11.	981-1001-63	Discharge Deflector Hinge
12.	980-0126-48	Flipper Lug
13.	955-200093	Hydraulic Flipper Assembly (Enclosed)
14.	900-3930-71	Cylinder Lug Pin - 3/4" Dia. x 2 1/2" & Cotter Pin - 1/4" x 1 1/2"
15.	900-3928-16	Hydraulic Flipper Cylinder
16.	938-300578	Optional Clean Out Door (Optional On All Discharges)
17 a.	900-4910-73	5/16"-18NC Hex Nut
17 b.	900-4906-47	5/16" Lock Washer
17 c.	900-4906-48	5/16" Flat Washer
18.	900-4905-00	Spacer Washer
19.	914-300079	Hood Flange
20.	980-0122-18	Bottom Swivel Ring
21.	980-0509-94	Optional Clean Out Door Assembly (Pre 9/06)
22 a.	900-4911-04	Discharge Transport Bolt - 5/8"-11NC x 1 1/2" (Not Shown)
22 b.	900-4903-25	Discharge Transport Nut - 5/8"-11NC (Not Shown)
23.	955-0501-08	Hydraulic Swivel Discharge Assembly With Hydraulic Flipper

NOTE: Parts may not be exactly as shown.

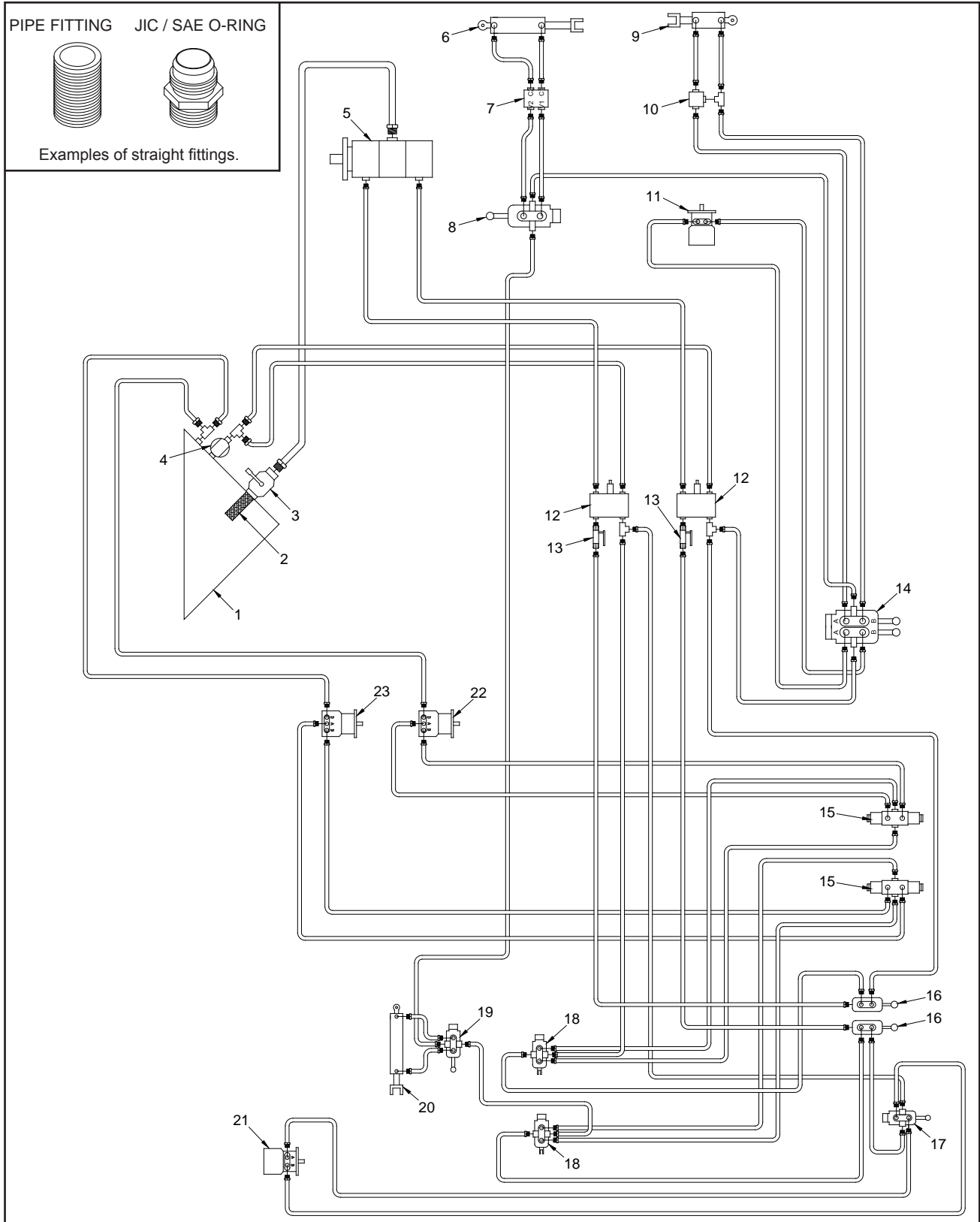
HAND CRANK ADJ. HEIGHT DISCHARGE



LOCATION	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1.	980-300032	Hand Crank Adj. Height Mount Brackets
2 a.	980-0510-86	Hand Crank For Adj. Height Discharge - Mounted On The Side
b.	980-0508-51	Hand Crank For Adj. Height Discharge - Mounted Underneath
3.	980-0126-12	Rubber Discharge Guard
4.	937-300318	Rubber Discharge Guard Mount
5.	980-300032	Hand Crank Adj. Height Mount Brackets
6.	980-300210	Hand Crank Adj. Height Hinge Large Hinge Tube
7.	980-300211	Hand Crank Adj. Height Small Hinge Tube
8.	980-300209	Hand Crank Adj. Height Hinge Pin
9.	937-200130	Hand Crank Adj. Height Hinge Assembly (Includes #'s 6 - 8)
10.	955-0502-34	Straight Section Hand Crank Adj. Height Discharge
11.	900-3925-18	Check Valve For Flipper Cylinder
12.	960-0006-42	Straight Section Cylinder Lug
13.	981-1001-63	Discharge Flipper Hinge
14.	980-0126-48	Flipper Lug
15.	980-0510-02	Hydraulic Flipper Assembly (Enclosed)
16.	900-3930-71	Cylinder Lug Pin - 3/4" Dia. x 2 1/2" & Cotter Pin - 1/4" x 1 1/2"
17.	900-3928-16	Hydraulic Flipper Cylinder
18 a.	900-3909-81	Swivel Discharge & Discharge Flipper Control Valve (Not Shown)
b.	900-3903-38	Swivel Discharge & Discharge Flipper Control Valve - Track Only (Not Shown)
19 a.	900-4911-04	Discharge Transport Bolt - 5/8"-11NC x 1 1/2" (Not Shown)
b.	900-4903-25	Discharge Transport Nut - 5/8"-11NC (Not Shown)

NOTE: Parts may not be exactly as shown.

TYPICAL MODEL 1850 HYDRAULIC SCHEMATIC (Options May Vary)



NOTE: Parts may not be exactly as shown.

Bandit

**TYPICAL MODEL 1850
HYDRAULIC COMPONENTS (Options May Vary)**

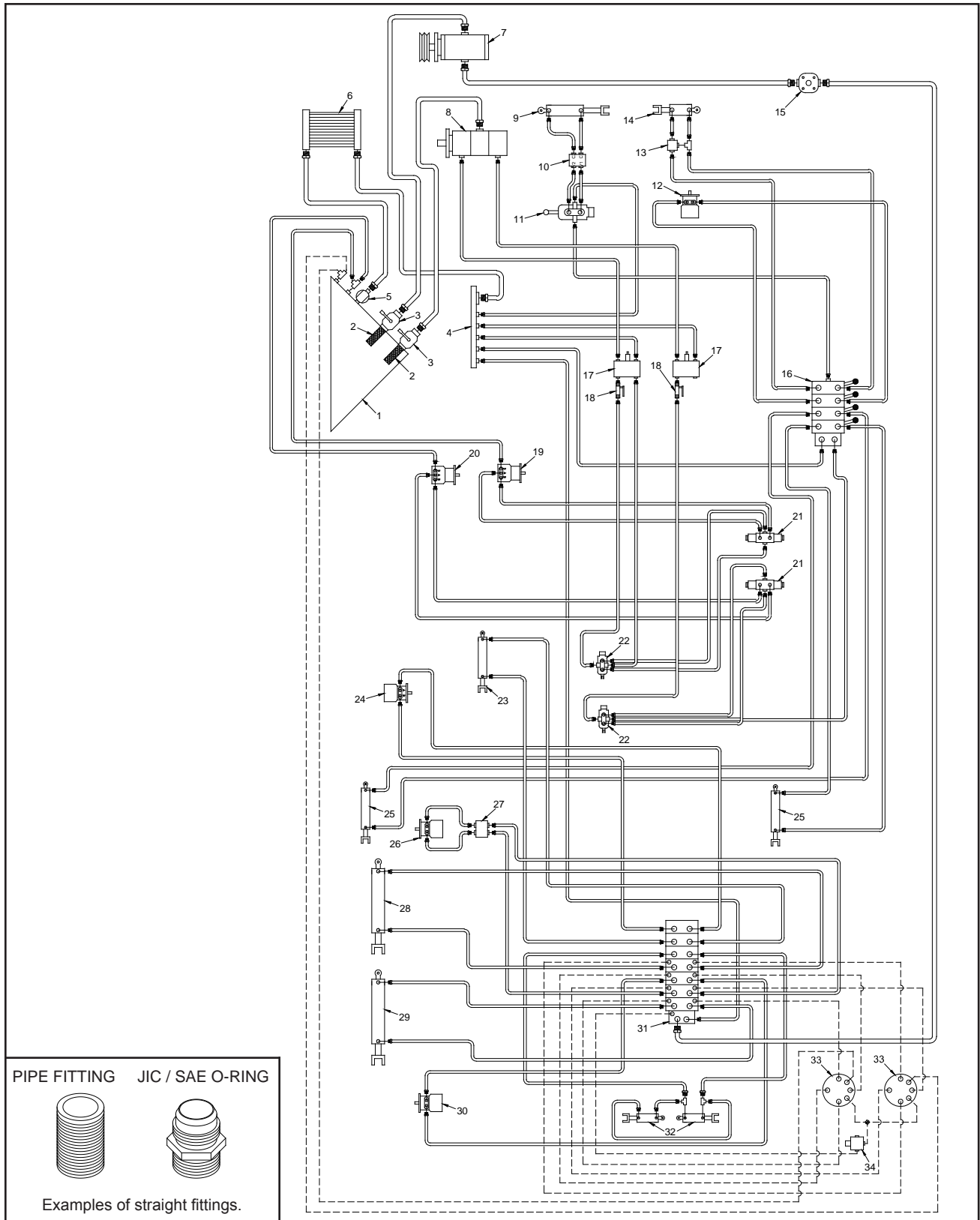
LOCATION	PIPE FITTING	SAE O-RING	DESCRIPTION
1.	See Pages 126-127	See Pages 126-127	Hydraulic Tank
2.	900-3912-51	N/A	Hydraulic Tank Strainer - 2"
3.	900-3920-14	N/A	Shut Off Valve - 1 1/2"
4 a.	900-3910-18	N/A	Filter Head
b.	900-3901-66	N/A	Filter Element
c.	900-3901-73	N/A	Filter Gauge
5.	**	**	Hydraulic Pump
6 a.	900-3934-24	N/A	Tongue Jack Cylinder - Welded
b.	900-3912-12	N/A	Tongue Jack Cylinder - Tie Rod
7.	N/A	900-3925-94	Tongue Jack Check Valve
8.	900-3901-42	900-3920-01	Tongue Jack Control Valve
9.	900-3928-16	N/A	Discharge Flipper Cylinder
10.	900-3925-18	N/A	Flipper Check Valve
11.	900-3902-14	900-3921-57	Swivel Discharge Hydraulic Motor
12.	See Pages 108-109	See Pages 108-109	Relief Block
13.	900-3926-11	N/A	Ball Valve - 1/2"
14 a.	N/A	900-3909-81	Swivel Discharge & Discharge Flipper Control Valve
b.	N/A	900-3934-68	Swivel Discharge, Flipper, & Rear Stabilizer Valve (Not Shown)
15.	N/A	900-3907-99	Reversing "Autofeed Plus" Valve
16 a.	900-3913-41	900-3936-39	Winch Selector Control Valve (Replaces 900-3920-58)
b.	N/A	900-3936-40	5/16" Replacement Stud For Selector Valve (900-3936-39)
c.	900-3924-48	900-3924-48	1/4" Replacement Stud For Selector Valve (900-3920-58 & 900-3913-41)
17.	900-3901-42	900-3920-01	Winch Control Valve
18.	900-3914-47	900-3920-05A	Feedwheel Control Valve Without Relief
19 a.	N/A	900-3927-73	Yoke Lift Control Valve For Dual Control Yoke Lift
b.	900-3908-62	900-3920-09	Yoke Lift Control Valve
20 a.	N/A	900-3925-06	Yoke Lift Cylinder - Welded
b.	900-3908-16	N/A	Yoke Lift Cylinder - Tie Rod
c.	904-0007-14	904-0007-14	Pin - Welded Lift Cylinder (Not Shown)
d.	904-0006-90	904-0006-90	Seal Kit - Welded Lift Cylinder (Not Shown)
e.	900-3905-37	900-3905-37	Seal Kit - Tie Rod Cylinder (Not Shown)
21.	900-3902-14	900-3921-57	Winch Hydraulic Motor - "RS" - Square Motor
22.	900-3906-29	900-3906-29	Top Feedwheel Hydraulic Motor
23.	900-3907-71	900-3907-71	Bottom Feedwheel Hydraulic Motor
24 a.	900-3934-24	N/A	Rear Stabilizer Cylinder - Welded (Not Shown)
b.	900-3912-12	N/A	Rear Stabilizer Cylinder - Tie Rod (Not Shown)
25.	900-3901-99	900-3924-55	Variable Speed Control Valve (Not Shown)
26.	900-3906-90	900-3906-90	In-Line Pressure Check Gauge (Not Shown)

NOTE: Make sure to order components according to fitting type, fittings may vary on all components.

**** Hydraulic components need to be ordered by the serial number of machine.**

- Hydraulic components, fittings, hoses will vary depending on optional equipment. Order by physical description.

TYPICAL MODEL 1850 WITH LOADER HYDRAULIC SCHEMATIC (Options May Vary)



PIPE FITTING JIC / SAE O-RING

Examples of straight fittings.

NOTE: Parts may not be exactly as shown.



**TYPICAL MODEL 1850 WITH LOADER
HYDRAULIC COMPONENTS (Options May Vary)**

LOCATION	PIPE FITTING	SAE O-RING	DESCRIPTION
1.	See Pages 126-127	See Pages 126-127	Hydraulic Tank
2.	900-3912-51	900-3912-51	Hydraulic Tank Strainer - 2"
3.	900-3920-14	900-3920-14	Shut Off Valve - 1 1/2"
4.	937-1009-36	937-1009-36	Return Manifold
5 a.	900-3910-18	900-3910-18	Filter Head
b.	900-3901-66	900-3901-66	Filter Element
c.	900-3901-73	900-3901-73	Filter Gauge
6.	900-3915-67	900-3915-67	Oil Cooler (if equipped)
7.	**	**	Hydraulic Pump - Loader
8.	**	**	Hydraulic Pump - Feed System
9.	900-3928-16	N/A	Discharge Flipper Cylinder
10.	900-3925-18	N/A	Flipper Check Valve
11.	900-3901-42	900-3920-01	Tongue Jack Control Valve
12.	900-3902-14	900-3921-57	Swivel Discharge Hydraulic Motor
13.	N/A	900-3925-94	Tongue Jack Check Valve
14 a.	900-3934-24	900-3934-24	Tongue Jack Cylinder - Welded
b.	900-3912-12	900-3912-12	Tongue Jack Cylinder - Tie Rod Ends
15 a.	N/A	900-3934-84	High Pressure Filter Assembly (if equipped)
b.	N/A	900-3931-99	High Pressure Filter Element Only
16 a.	N/A	900-3934-68	Swivel Discharge, Flipper, & Rear Stabilizer Valve
b.	N/A	900-3909-81	Swivel Discharge & Flipper Control Valve (Not Shown)
17.	See Pages 108-109	See Pages 108-109	Relief Block
18.	900-3926-11	N/A	Ball Valve - 1/2"
19.	N/A	900-3906-29	Top Feedwheel Hydraulic Motor
20.	N/A	900-3907-71	Bottom Feedwheel Hydraulic Motor
21.	N/A	900-3907-99	Reversing "Autofeed Plus" Valve
22.	900-3914-47	900-3920-05A	Feedwheel Control Valve Without Relief
23 a.	N/A	900-3925-06	Yoke Lift Cylinder - Welded
b.	900-3908-16	N/A	Yoke Lift Cylinder - Tie Rod
c.	904-0007-14	904-0007-14	Pin - Welded Lift Cylinder (Not Shown)
d.	904-0006-90	904-0006-90	Seal Kit - Welded Lift Cylinder (Not Shown)
e.	900-3905-37	900-3905-37	Seal Kit - Tie Rod Cylinder (Not Shown)
24.	900-3902-14	900-3921-57	Winch Hydraulic Motor - "RS" - Square Motor
25 a.	900-3934-24	N/A	Rear Stabilizer Cylinder - Welded
b.	900-3912-12	N/A	Rear Stabilizer Cylinder - Tie Rod

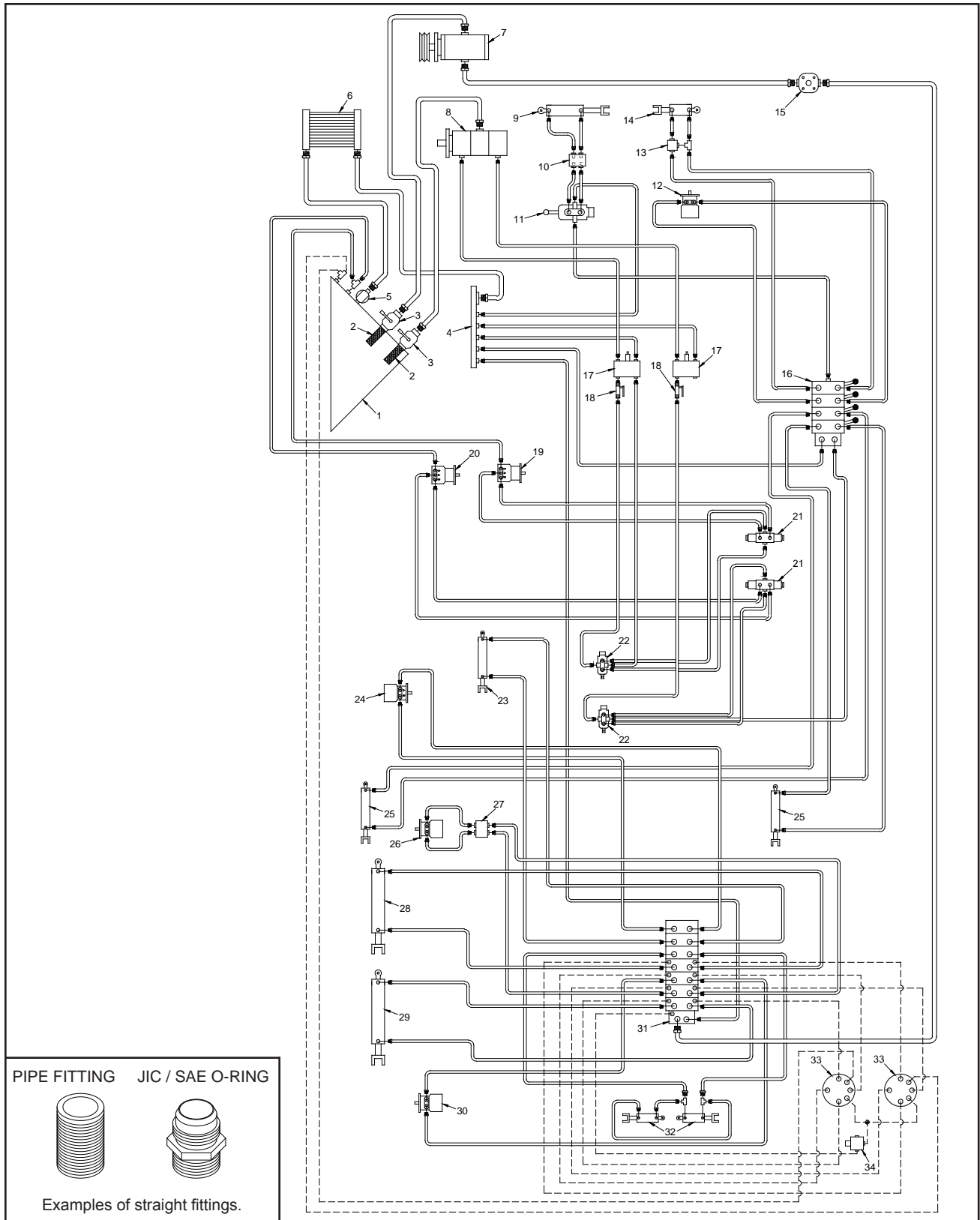
NOTE: Make sure to order components according to fitting type, fittings may vary on all components.

**** Hydraulic components need to be ordered by the serial number of machine.**

- Hydraulic components, fittings, hoses will vary depending on optional equipment. Order by physical description.

Bandit

TYPICAL MODEL 1850 WITH LOADER HYDRAULIC SCHEMATIC (Options May Vary)



NOTE: Parts may not be exactly as shown.



**TYPICAL MODEL 1850 WITH LOADER
HYDRAULIC COMPONENTS (Options May Vary)**

LOCATION	PIPE FITTING	SAE O-RING	DESCRIPTION
26 a.	N/A	900-3901-57	Swing Motor (Start 5/98)
b.	900-3903-01	N/A	Swing Cylinder (Pre 5/98) - (Not Shown)
27.	N/A	900-3901-70	Cross Over Relief
28 a.	900-3937-00	N/A	Main Boom Cylinder (Start 5/98)
b.	900-3905-32	N/A	Main Boom Cylinder (Pre 5/98)
29 a.	900-3937-01	N/A	Jib Boom Cylinder (Start 5/98)
b.	N/A	900-3924-07	Jib Boom Cylinder (Pre 5/98)
30.	See Pages 136-137	See Pages 136-137	Grapple Rotator Motor
31.	**	**	Valve Bank
32 a.	N/A	900-3933-18	Grapple Cylinder - Welded - Dual Cylinder Grapple
b.	900-3917-21	N/A	Grapple Cylinder - Tie Rod - Dual Cylinder Grapple
c.	N/A	955-200027	Grapple Cylinder - Single Cylinder Grapple (Not Shown)
33.	**	**	Joystick
34.	900-3926-69	900-3926-69	Selector Valve For Winch
35.	900-3906-90	900-3906-90	In-Line Pressure Check Gauge (Not Shown)

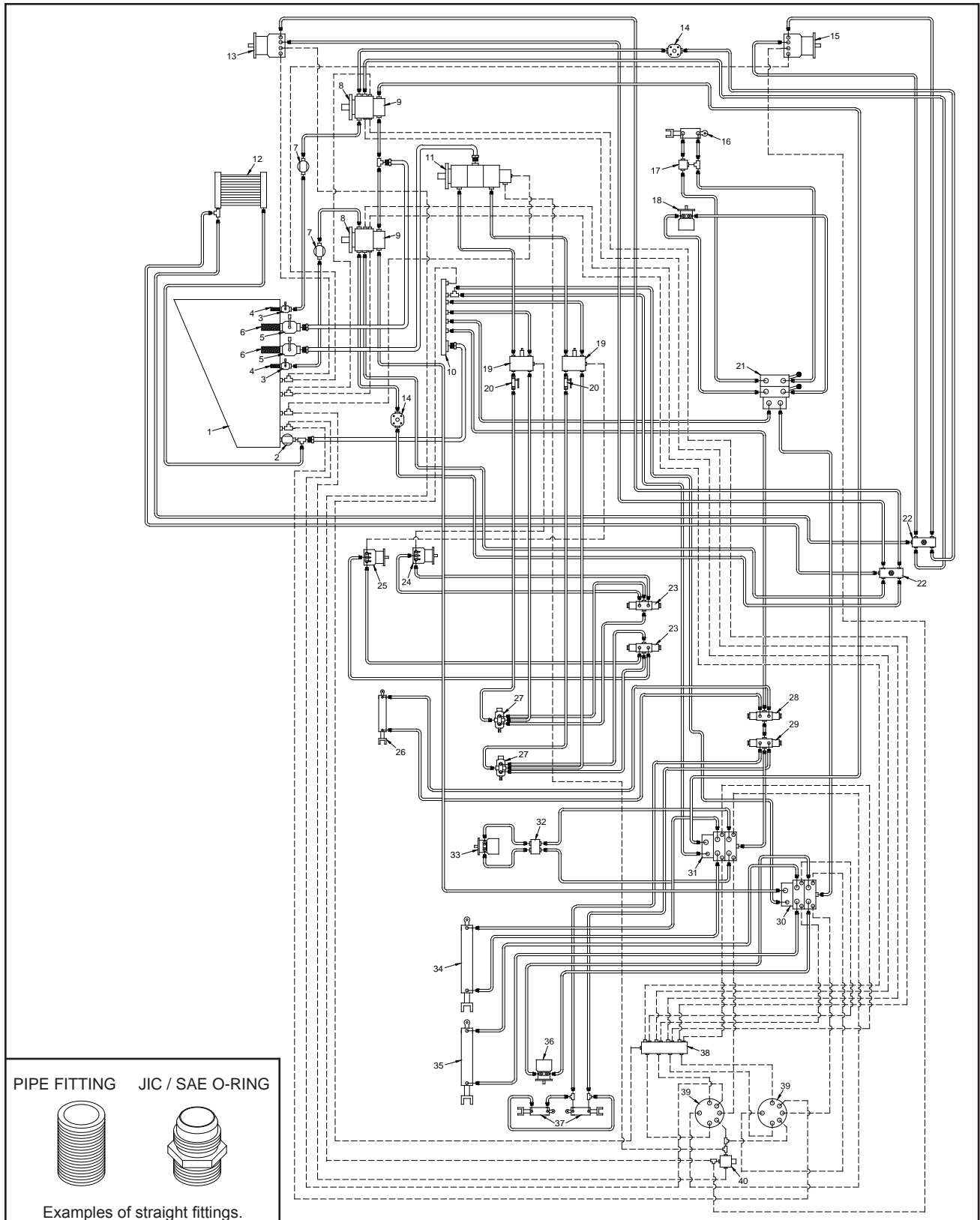
NOTE: Make sure to order components according to fitting type, fittings may vary on all components.

**** Hydraulic components need to be ordered by the serial number of machine.**

- Hydraulic components, fittings, hoses will vary depending on optional equipment. Order by physical description.

Bandit

TYPICAL MODEL 1850 TRACK HYDRAULIC SCHEMATIC (Options May Vary)



PIPE FITTING JIC / SAE O-RING

Examples of straight fittings.

NOTE: Parts may not be exactly as shown.



**TYPICAL MODEL 1850 TRACK
HYDRAULIC COMPONENTS (Options May Vary)**

LOCATION	PIPE FITTING	SAE O-RING	DESCRIPTION
1.	See Pages 126-127	See Pages 126-127	Hydraulic Tank
2 a.	900-3910-18	N/A	Filter Head
b.	900-3901-66	N/A	Filter Element
c.	900-3901-73	N/A	Filter Gauge
3.	900-3905-57	N/A	Shut Off Valve - 3/4"
4.	900-3901-41	N/A	Hydraulic Tank Strainer - 1"
5.	900-3920-14	N/A	Shut Off Valve - 1 1/2"
6.	900-3912-51	N/A	Hydraulic Tank Strainer - 2"
7 a.	900-3915-65	N/A	Filter Head
b.	900-3900-10	N/A	Filter Element
8.	N/A	900-3918-70	Hydraulic Pump - Track
9.	N/A	900-3915-90	Hydraulic Pump - Loader
10.	In Frame	In Frame	Return Manifold
11.	**	**	Hydraulic Pump - Feed
12.	N/A	900-3915-67	Oil Cooler
13.	**	**	Track Motor - Right
14 a.	900-3914-16	N/A	High Pressure Filter Assembly
b.	900-3914-17	N/A	High Pressure Filter Element Only
c.	900-3915-32	900-3915-32	High Pressure Indicator
15.	**	**	Track Motor - Left
16.	900-3928-16	N/A	Discharge Flipper Cylinder
17.	900-3925-18	N/A	Flipper Check Valve
18.	900-3902-14	900-3921-57	Swivel Discharge Hydraulic Motor
19.	See Pages 108-109	See Pages 108-109	Relief Block
20.	900-3926-11	N/A	Ball Valve - 1/2"
21.	N/A	900-3903-38	Swivel Discharge & Flipper Control Valve
22 a.	900-3914-15	N/A	Hot Oil Shuttle
b.	900-3915-92	N/A	Relief Cartridge For Hot Oil Shuttle
c.	900-3915-91	N/A	Cartridge For Hot Oil Shuttle
23.	900-3907-99	N/A	Reversing "Autofeed Plus" Valve
24.	900-3906-29	N/A	Top Feedwheel Hydraulic Motor
25.	900-3907-71	N/A	Bottom Feedwheel Hydraulic Motor
26 a.	N/A	900-3925-06	Yoke Lift Cylinder - Welded
b.	900-3908-16	N/A	Yoke Lift Cylinder - Tie Rod
c.	904-0007-14	904-0007-14	Pin - Welded Lift Cylinder (Not Shown)
d.	904-0006-90	904-0006-90	Seal Kit - Welded Lift Cylinder (Not Shown)
e.	900-3905-37	900-3905-37	Seal Kit - Tie Rod Cylinder (Not Shown)
27.	900-3914-47	900-3920-05A	Feedwheel Control Valve Without Relief
28.	N/A	900-3907-12	Electric Valve - Yoke Lift
29.	N/A	900-3907-99	Electric Valve - Grapple Open & Close
30.	N/A	900-3931-83	Valve Bank - Jib Boom / Grapple Rotate
31.	N/A	900-3931-84	Valve Bank - Main Boom / Loader Swing

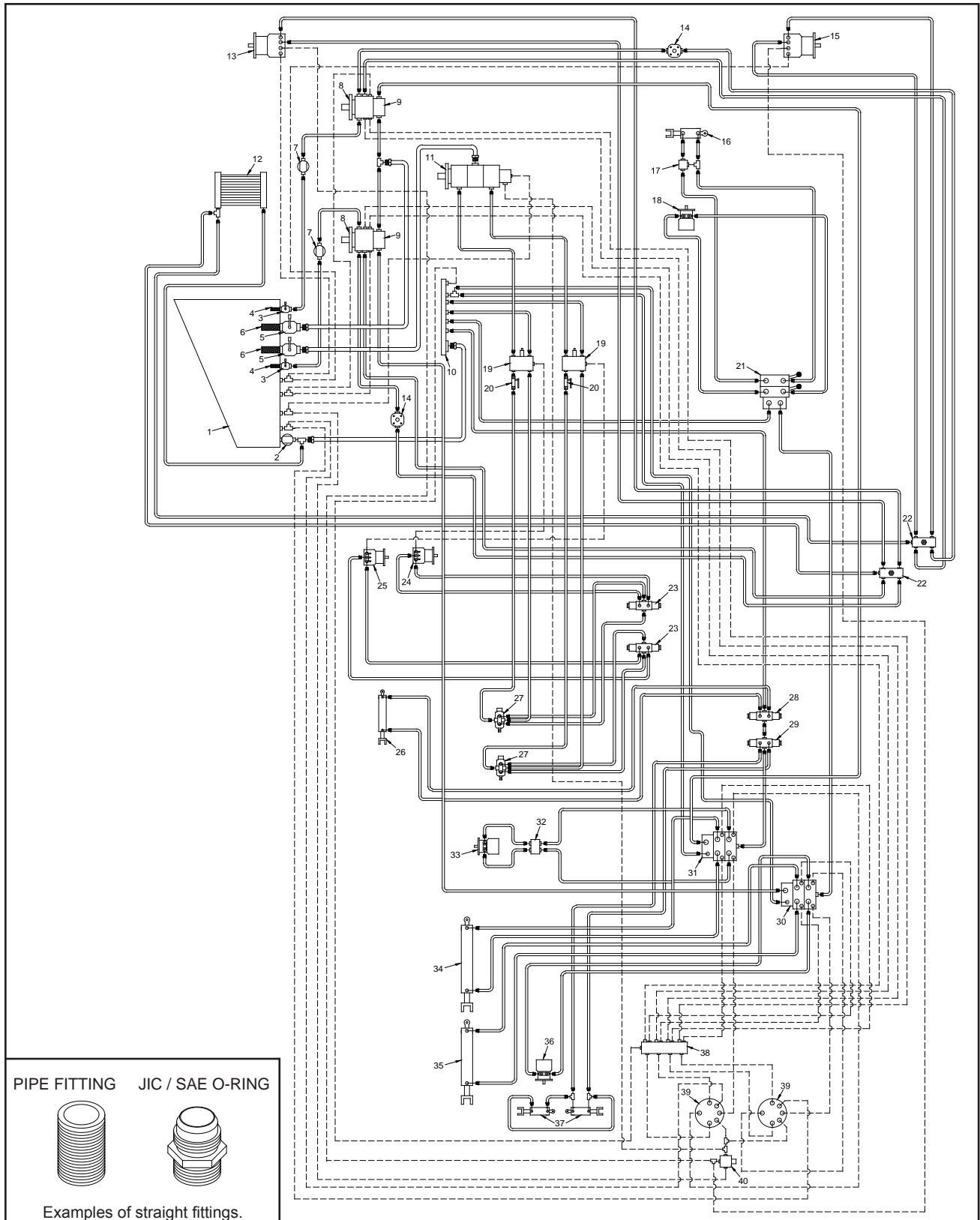
NOTE: Make sure to order components according to fitting type, fittings may vary on all components.

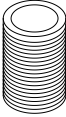
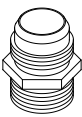
**** Hydraulic components need to be ordered by the serial number of machine.**

- Hydraulic components, fittings, hoses will vary depending on optional equipment. Order by physical description.

Bandit

TYPICAL MODEL 1850 TRACK HYDRAULIC SCHEMATIC (Options May Vary)



PIPE FITTING	JIC / SAE O-RING
	
Examples of straight fittings.	

NOTE: Parts may not be exactly as shown.



**TYPICAL MODEL 1850 TRACK (cont.)
HYDRAULIC COMPONENTS (Options May Vary)**

LOCATION	PIPE FITTING	SAE O-RING	DESCRIPTION
32.	N/A	900-3901-70	Cross Over Relief
33 a.	N/A	900-3901-57	Swing Motor (Start 5/98)
b.	900-3903-01	N/A	Swing Cylinder (Pre 5/98) - (Not Shown)
34 a.	900-3937-00	N/A	Main Boom Cylinder (Start 5/98)
b.	900-3905-32	N/A	Main Boom Cylinder (Pre 5/98)
35 a.	900-3937-01	N/A	Jib Boom Cylinder (Start 5/98)
b.	N/A	900-3924-07	Jib Boom Cylinder (Pre 5/98)
36.	See Pages 136-137	See Pages 136-137	Grapple Rotator Motor
37 a.	N/A	900-3933-18	Grapple Cylinder - Welded - Dual Cylinder Grapple
b.	900-3917-21	N/A	Grapple Cylinder - Tie Rod - Dual Cylinder Grapple
c.	N/A	955-200027	Grapple Cylinder - Single Cylinder Grapple (Not Shown)
38.	900-3915-64	900-3915-64	Joystick Control Manifold
39.	**	**	Joystick
40.	900-3926-69	900-3926-69	Two Speed For Track
41.	900-3906-90	900-3906-90	In-Line Pressure Check Gauge (Not Shown)
42.	900-3902-14	900-3921-57	Winch Hydraulic Motor - "RS" - Square Motor (Not Shown)

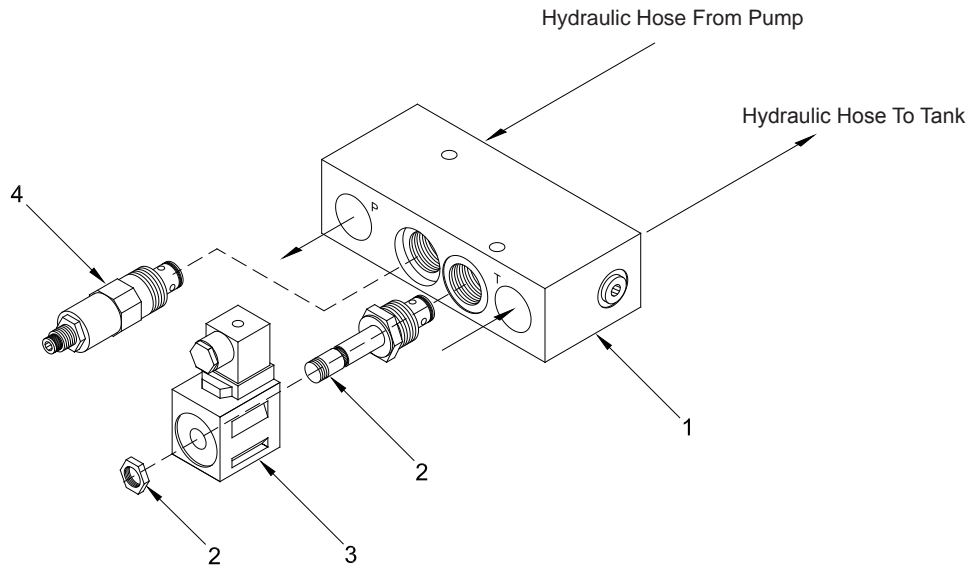
NOTE: Make sure to order components according to fitting type, fittings may vary on all components.

**** Hydraulic components need to be ordered by the serial number of machine.**

- Hydraulic components, fittings, hoses will vary depending on optional equipment. Order by physical description.

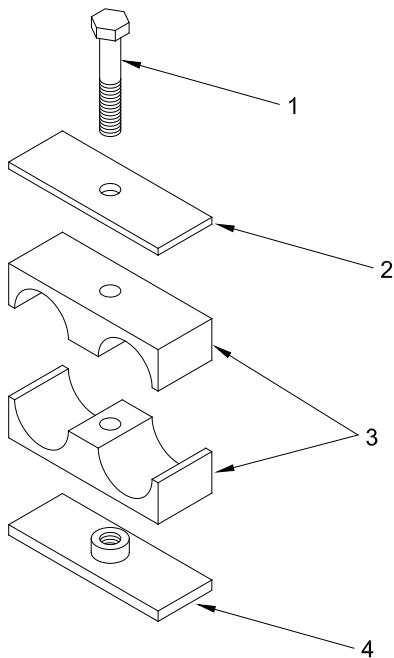
Bandit

RELIEF BLOCK

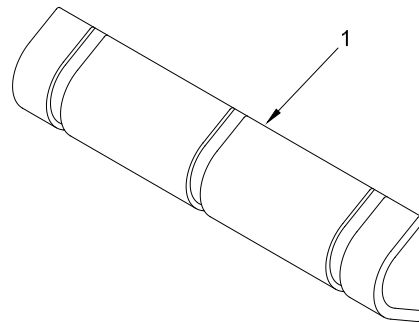


Torque Autofeed Cartridge Nut to a Maximum of 4 to 6 ft.-lbs. (5 to 8 Nm) and Install Loc-Tite 241. Over Torque Will Cause Damage and Will Also Void Warranty.

HOSE CLAMP



HOSE GUARD



NOTE: Parts may not be exactly as shown.

RELIEF BLOCK

LOCATION	PIPE FITTING	SAE O-RING	DESCRIPTION
1 a.	900-2900-82	N/A	Autofeed Block Only
b.	N/A	N/A	Main Relief Block Only
2.	900-3923-47	900-3923-47	Autofeed Cartridge Only
3.	900-3923-44	900-3923-44	12 V Autofeed Solenoid Only
4 a.	900-3908-23	900-3908-23	Main Relief Only (Vickers)
b.	900-3919-96	900-3919-96	Main Relief Only (Danfoss)
5.	900-3910-68	900-3923-46	Autofeed Block Assembly With Relief (Includes #'s 1-4)
6.	900-3909-05	900-3923-48	Main Relief Block Assembly (Includes #'s 1 & 4)

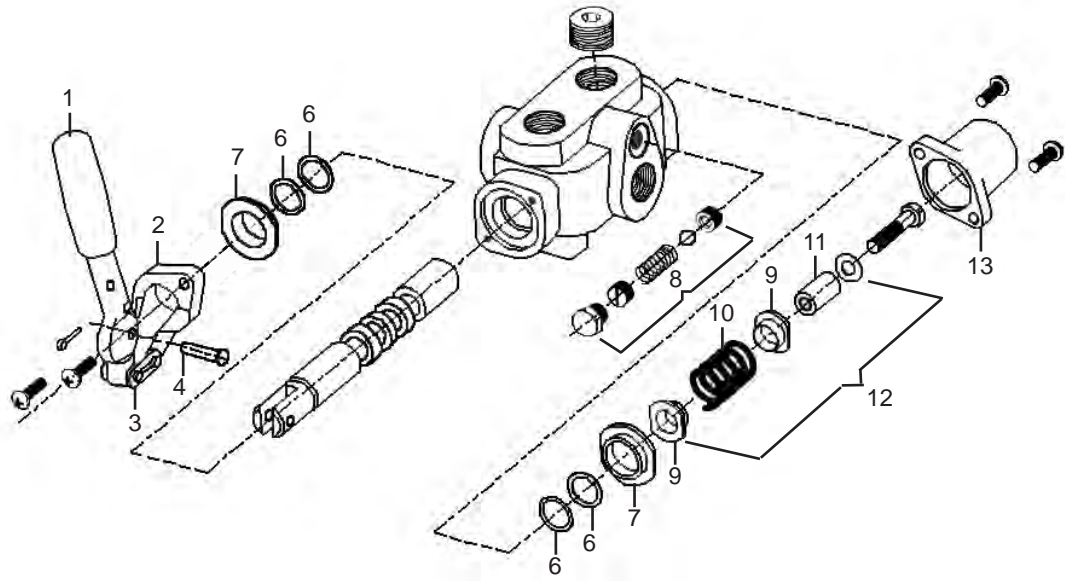
HOSE CLAMP

LOCATION	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1.	N/A	Bolt
2.	N/A	Locking Plate
3.	N/A	Plastic Clamp
4 a.	900-3914-09	Weld Plate for 1/4" Double Clamp
b.	900-3914-08	Weld Plate for 1/2" Double Clamp
c.	900-3926-47	Weld Plate for 3/4" Double Clamp
5 a.	900-3917-25	1/4" Double Clamp Assembly (Includes #'s 1-4)
b.	900-3926-44	3/8" Double Clamp Assembly (Includes #'s 1-4)
c.	900-3928-19	1/2" Single Clamp Assembly (Includes #'s 1-4)
d.	900-3914-02	1/2" Single Clamp Assembly For Steel Lines (Includes #'s 1-4)
e.	900-3915-61	1/2" Double Clamp Assembly (Includes #'s 1-4)
f.	900-3913-32	1/2" Double Clamp Assembly For Steel Lines (Includes #'s 1-4)
g.	900-3914-03	3/4" Single Clamp Assembly (Includes #'s 1-4)
h.	900-3914-07	3/4" Double Clamp Assembly (Includes #'s 1-4)
i.	900-3914-04	1" Single Clamp Assembly (Includes #'s 1-4)
j.	900-3914-05	1 1/4" Single Clamp Assembly (Includes #'s 1-4)
k.	900-3914-06	1 1/2" Single Clamp Assembly (Includes #'s 1-4)
6 a.	900-3914-10	Stacking Bolt for 1/2" Double Clamp (Not Shown)
b.	900-3920-11	Stacking Bolt for 3/4" Double Clamp (Not Shown)

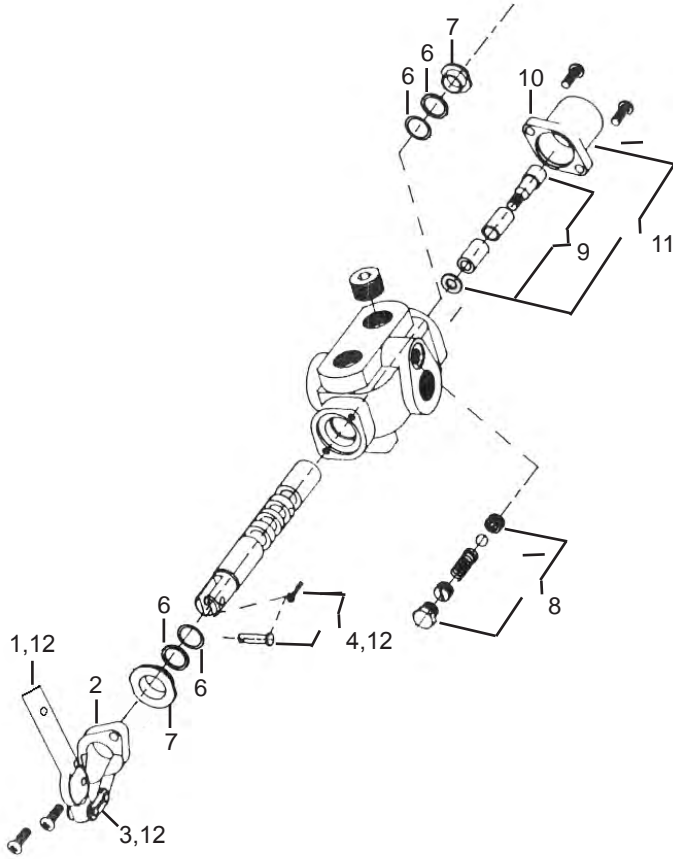
HOSE GUARD

LOCATION	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1 a.	900-3934-76	Hose Guard - 4" Long
b.	900-3934-77	Hose Guard - 6" Long
c.	900-3934-78	Hose Guard - 8" Long

TYPICAL SPRING LOADED CONTROL VALVE



TYPICAL FEEDWHEEL CONTROL VALVES



NOTE: Parts may not be exactly as shown.

TYPICAL SPRING LOADED CONTROL VALVE COMPONENTS

LOCATION	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1.	904-0003-29	Handle Only (Long)
2.	900-3905-95	Valve Bracket Only With Screws
3.	904-0003-30	Master Link Only Control Valve
4.	904-0003-31	Pin And Cotter Key For Control Valve
5.	904-0003-32	Bracket, Handle And Chain Link
	NOTE: INCLUDES #s 1, 2, 3, 4	
6.	900-3937-34	Seal Kit For Control Valve
7.	904-0003-33	Seal Retainer For Control Valve
	NOTE: NOT INCLUDED IN SEAL KIT	
8.	900-3901-12	Relief Valve Kit - Spring, Ball, Screw
	NOTE: SOLD ONLY AS A KIT	
9.	904-0003-34	Valve Spool Stop For Spring Loaded Valve
10.	904-0003-35	Valve Spool Spring
11.	904-0003-36	Valve Spacer For Yoke Lift Valve
12.	900-A-2941	Spring Center Kit For Spring Loaded Valve
13.	904-0003-37	Detent Cap Only For Spring Loaded Valve (Short)

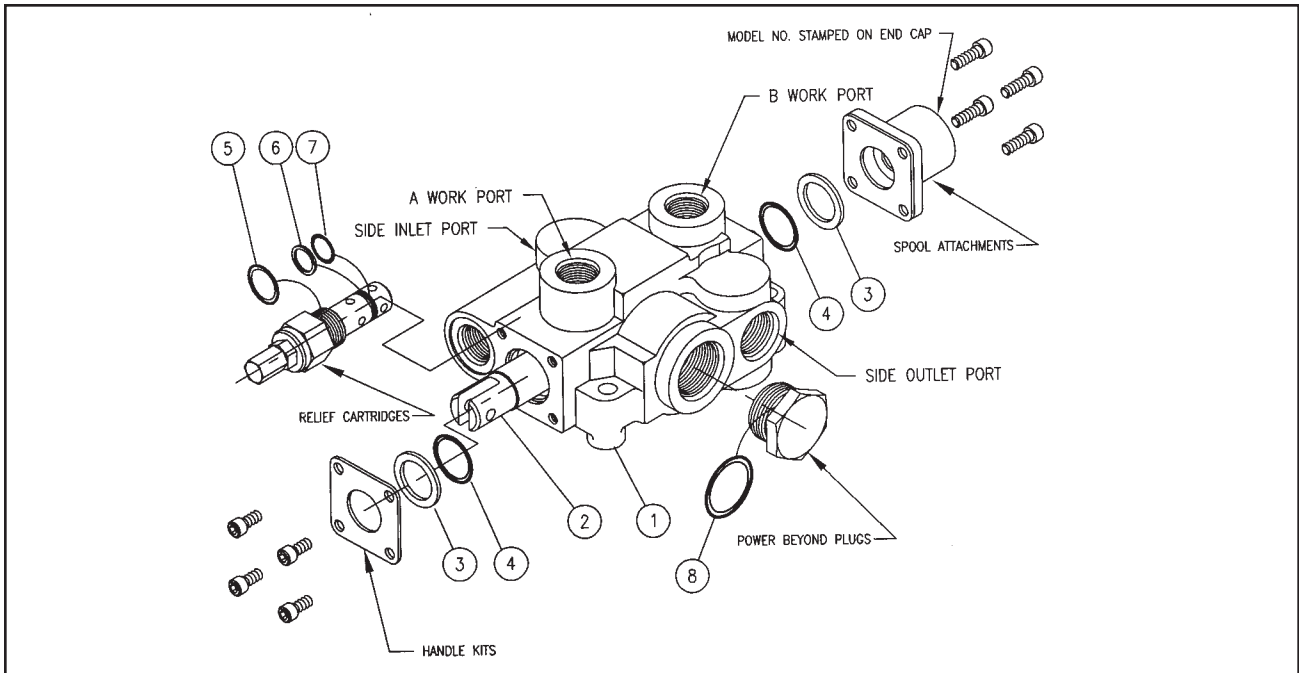
TYPICAL FEEDWHEEL CONTROL VALVE COMPONENTS

LOCATION	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1.	900-3905-95H	Handle Only (Short)
2.	900-3905-95	Valve Bracket Only With Screws
3.	904-0003-30	Master Link Only Control Valve
4.	904-0003-31	Pin And Cotter Key For Control Valve
5.	904-0003-32	Bracket, Handle And Chain Link
	NOTE: INCLUDES #s 1, 2, 3, 4	
6.	900-3937-34	Seal Kit For Control Valve
7.	904-0003-33	Seal Retainer For Control Valve
	NOTE: NOT INCLUDED IN SEAL KIT	
8.	900-3901-12	Relief Valve Kit - Spring, Ball, Screw
	NOTE: SOLD ONLY AS A KIT	
9.	900-3900-71	Detent Kit For Feedwheel Control Valve
	NOTE: SOLD ONLY AS A KIT	
10.	900-390071C	Detent Cap Only With Screws (Long)
11.	900-3900-71E	Detent Kit With Cap And Screws
	NOTE: INCLUDES #s 9 & 10	
12.	900-3905-59	Handle, Pin, and Link
	NOTE: INCLUDES #s 1, 3, & 4	

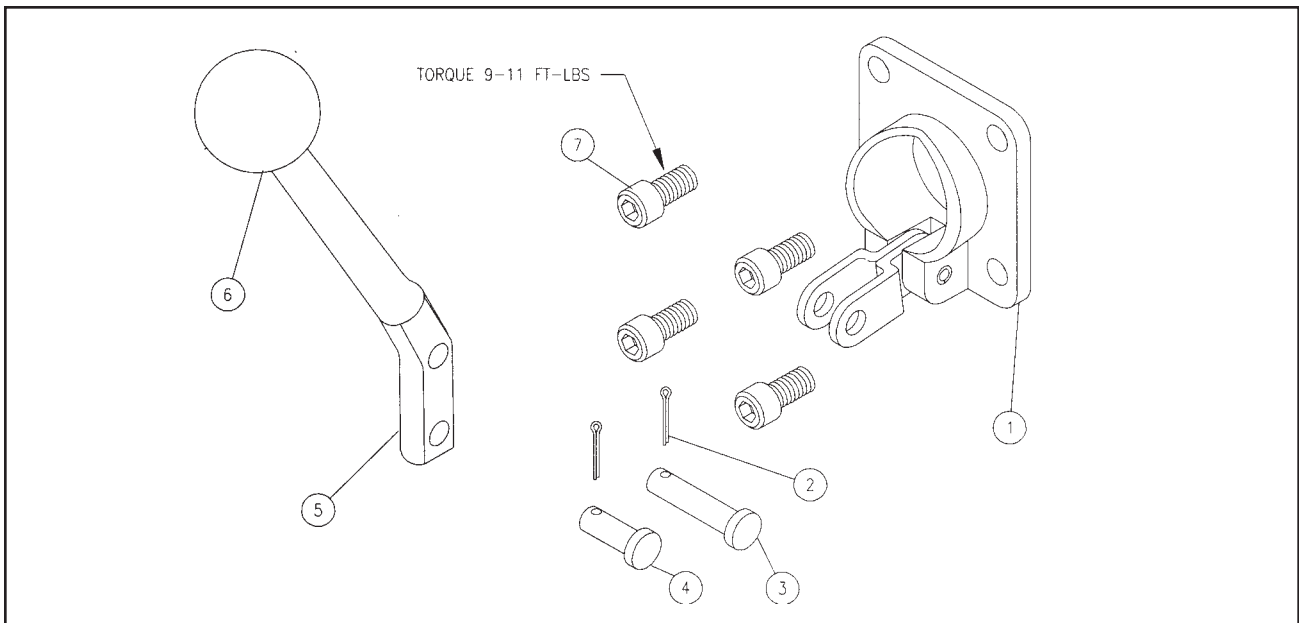
CONTROL VALVES

LOCATION	PIPE FITTING	SAE O-RING	DESCRIPTION
1.	N/A	900-3927-73	Yoke Lift Control Valve for Dual Control Yoke Lift
2.	900-3908-62	900-3920-09	Yoke Lift Control Valve With Or Without Winch Option
3.	900-3901-42	900-3920-01	Winch, Hyd. Swivel Discharge, and Articulating Tongue
4.	900-3914-47	900-3920-05A	Feedwheel Control Valve Without Relief

Dual Control Valve 900-3916-62



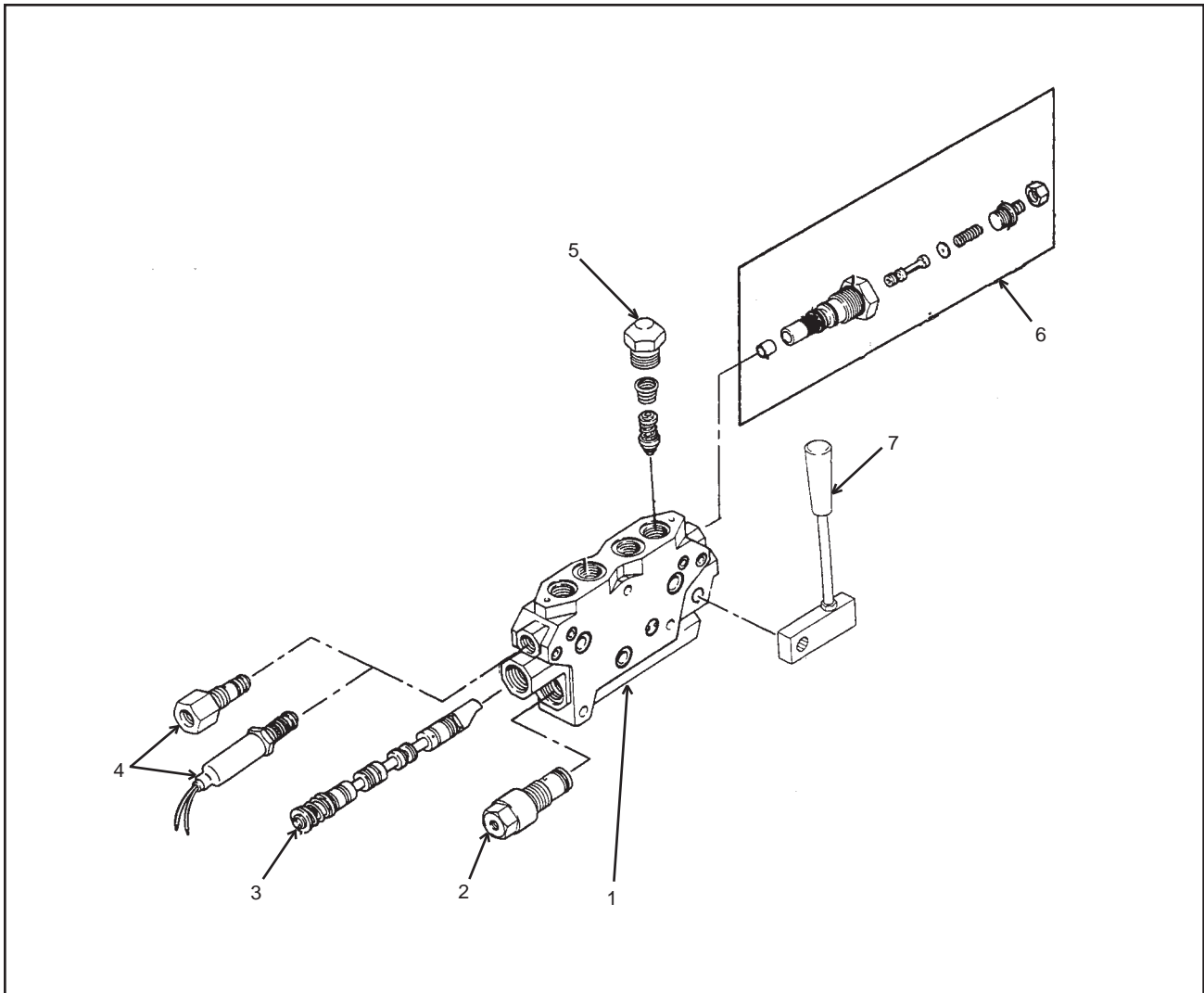
LOCATION	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
A.	900-3935-70	Seal Kit (Includes 3 through 8)



LOCATION	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
B.	900-3937-27	Handle Kit (Includes 1 through 8)

NOTE: Parts may not be exactly as shown.

Parker Valve Section



LOCATION	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1.	**	Valve Section
2.	900-3938-29	Pressure Limiter
3 a.	900-3938-30	Spool - Closed Center
b.	900-3938-31	Spool - Open Center
4 a.	900-3938-71	Electrohydraulic Pilot - 12V
b.	900-3938-72	Electrohydraulic Pilot - 24V
c.	900-3938-33	Hydraulic Pilot
5.	900-3938-34	Port Relief
6 a.	900-3938-71	Electrohydraulic Pilot - 12V
b.	900-3938-72	Electrohydraulic Pilot - 24V
c.	900-3938-33	Hydraulic Pilot
7.	900-3938-37	Handle

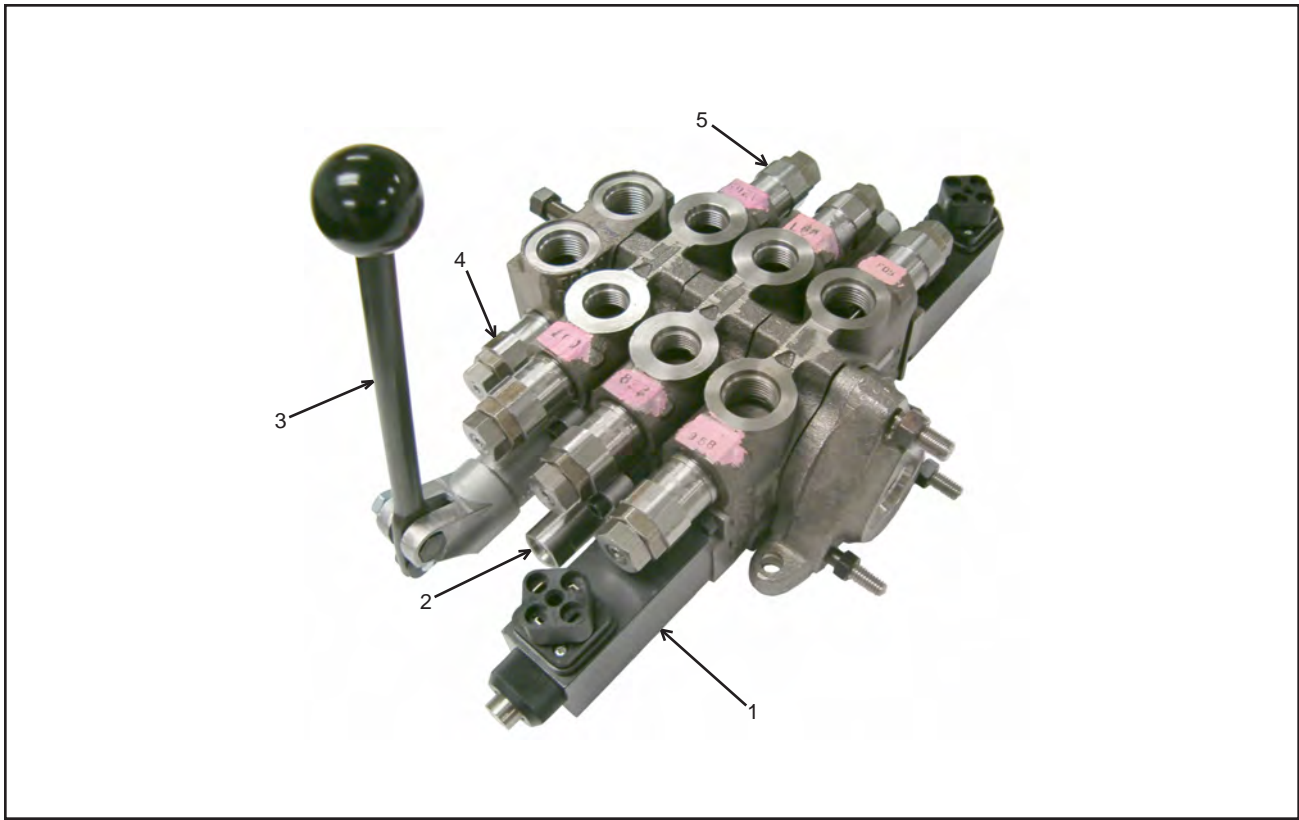
Note: Contact your nearest dealer or Bandit Industries.

NOTE: ** Hydraulic components need to be ordered by the serial number of machine.

NOTE: Parts may not be exactly as shown.

Bandit

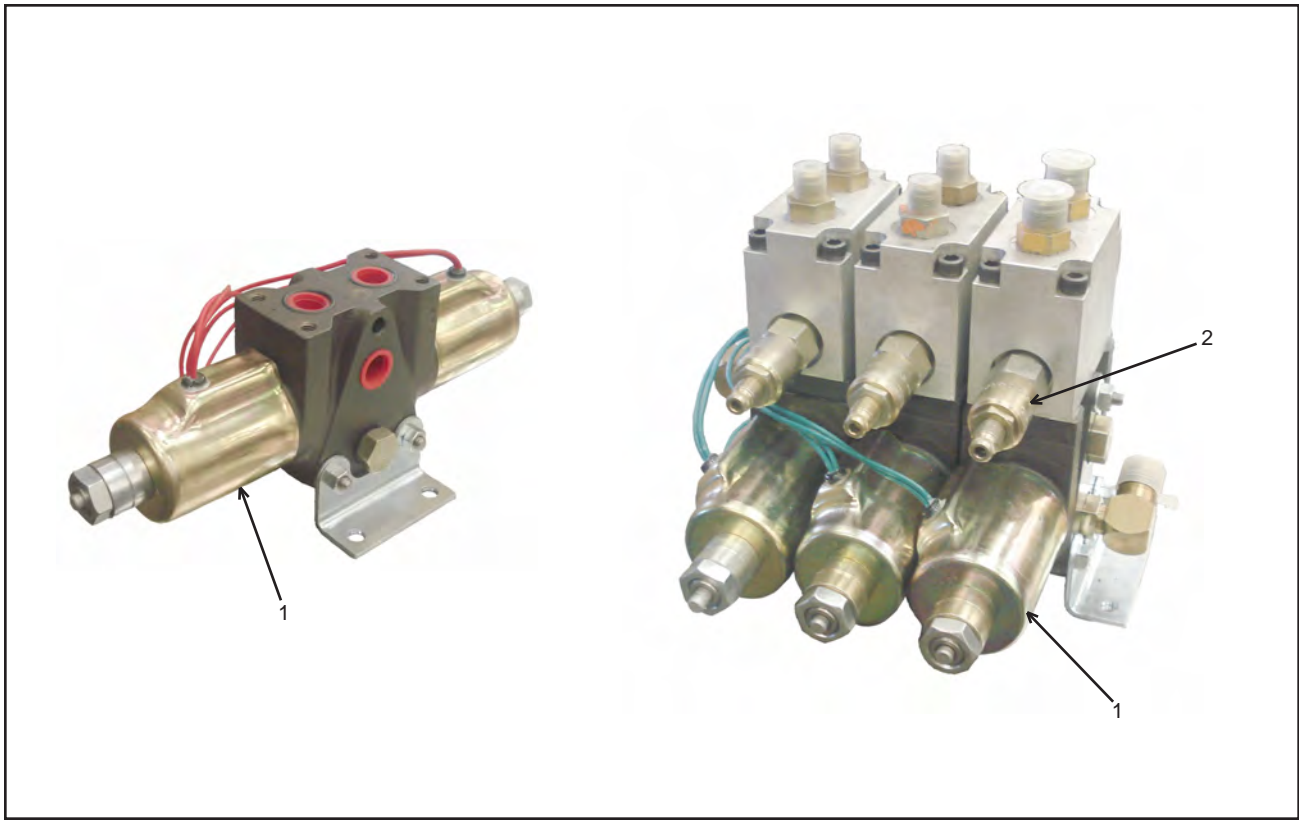
Husco Valve Section



LOCATION	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1.	900-3938-46	Solenoid Only - 12 Volt
2.	N/A	Pilot Port
3.	904-0003-48	Handle Kit
4.	900-3917-80	Main Relief - (3000 PSI Max.)
5 a.	900-3917-79	Low Pressure Port Relief - (1000 PSI Max.)
b.	900-3917-80	High Pressure Port Relief - (3000 PSI Max.)
6.	900-3938-47	Valve Section Seal Kit (Not Shown)

NOTE: Parts may not be exactly as shown.

FPS Valve



LOCATION	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1 a.	900-3938-12	Solenoid Only - 12 Volt
b.	900-3938-13	Solenoid Only - 24 Volt
2.	900-3908-23	Relief Only

NOTE: Parts may not be exactly as shown.

Kawasaki Joystick

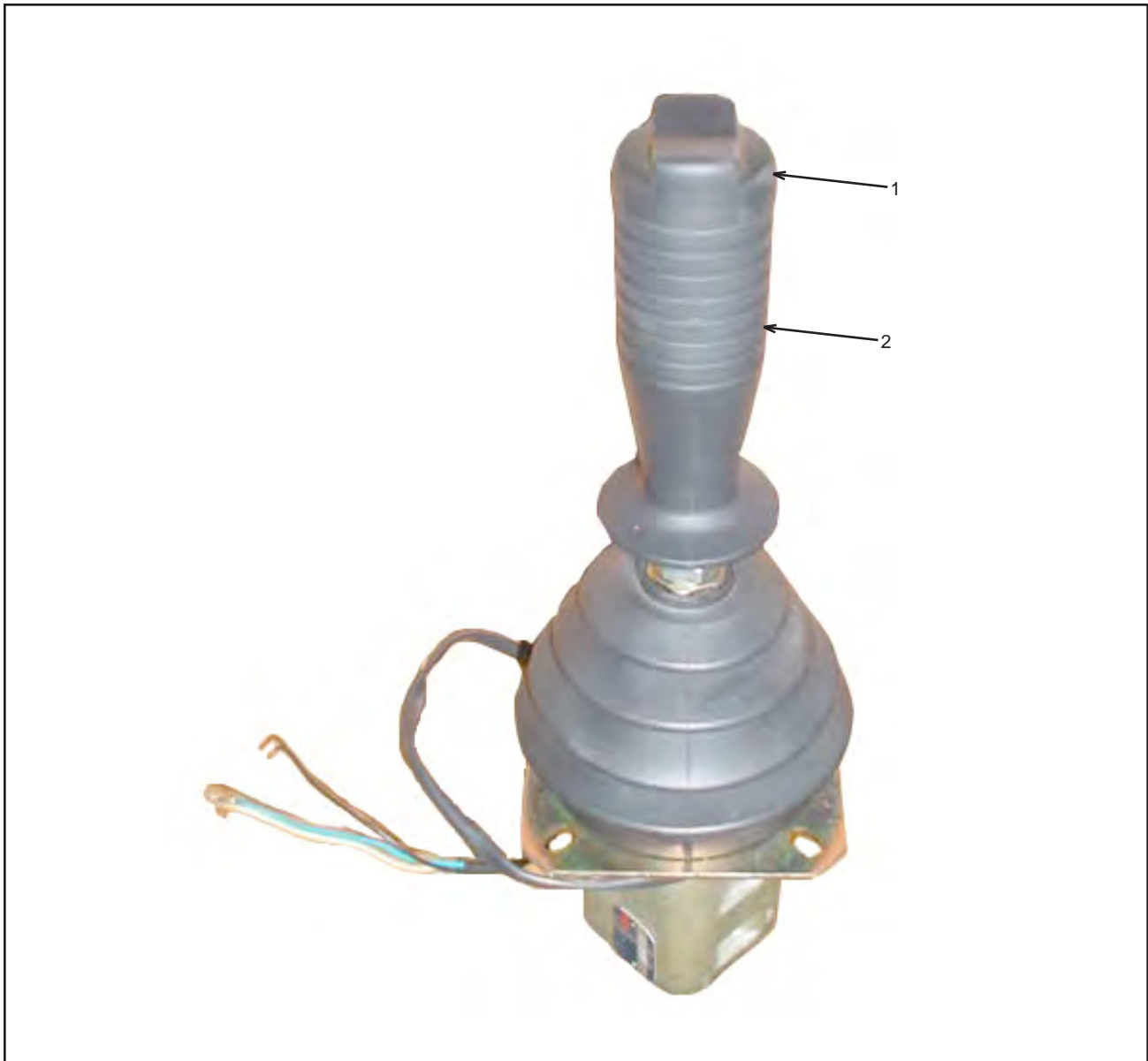


LOCATION	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1.	900-3938-54	Handle With Switches
2.	900-3938-58	Bellows
3.	900-3938-55	Joystick Lever (Not Shown)
4 a.	900-3938-56	Spring Used With Parker Valve Bank (Not Shown)
b.	900-3938-57	Spring Used With Husco Valve Bank (Not Shown)
5 a.	900-3934-35	Left Joystick Assembly Used With Parker Valve Bank
b.	900-3937-28	Left Joystick Assembly Used With Husco Valve Bank
6 a.	900-3934-36	Right Joystick Assembly Used With Parker Valve Bank (Not Shown)
b.	900-3934-29	Right Joystick Assembly Used With Husco Valve Bank (Not Shown)

NOTE: Parts may not be exactly as shown.

Bandit

Hydro Control Joystick



LOCATION	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1.	900-3930-80	Switch Boot For Top Of Handle
2.	900-2913-81	Handle Assembly
3 a.	900-2914-45	1/4" Spade Snap Action Switch (Not Shown)
b.	900-2913-82	3/16" Spade Snap Action Switch (Not Shown)
4.	N/A	Joystick Assembly

NOTE: Parts may not be exactly as shown.

Control Arms & Valve Linkages



NOTE: Parts may not be exactly as shown.

Bandit

Control Arms & Valve Linkages

LOCATION	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1 a.	626-0002-55	Control Arm Mount - 1 7/8"
b.	986-1113-19	Control Arm Mount - 3"
2 a.	980-0123-94	Hydraulic Control Arm - 16" Hole Center
b.	955-300055	Hydraulic Control Arm - 11 1/2" Hole Center
c.	911-300026	Hydraulic Control Arm - 20" Hole Center
d.	955-1009-73	Hydraulic Control Arm - 4 1/2" Hole Center
e.	955-1008-39	Hydraulic Control Arm - 11" Hole Center
f.	955-1008-26	Hydraulic Control Arm - 10 1/4" Hole Center
g.	955-300052	Hydraulic Control Arm - 5 1/2" Hole Center
h.	955-300056	Hydraulic Control Arm - 6 3/4" Hole Center
i.	955-1009-46	Hydraulic Control Arm - 9 1/2" Hole Center
3.	980-0125-74	Single Valve Linkage
4.	955-200092	Double Valve Linkage
5 a.	955-1010-17	Control Valve Linkage With Handle - 1850 With Loader
b.	900-9904-59	Vinyl Cap For Control Valve Linkage Handle
6.	955-1011-32	Hydraulic Control Arm - 1850 Track
7.	955-200101	Double Control Valve Linkage Assembly (Side By Side Valves)

**HYDRAULIC FILTERS - REFERENCE ONLY
(REFER TO CHECK SHEET FOR PART NUMBERS)**



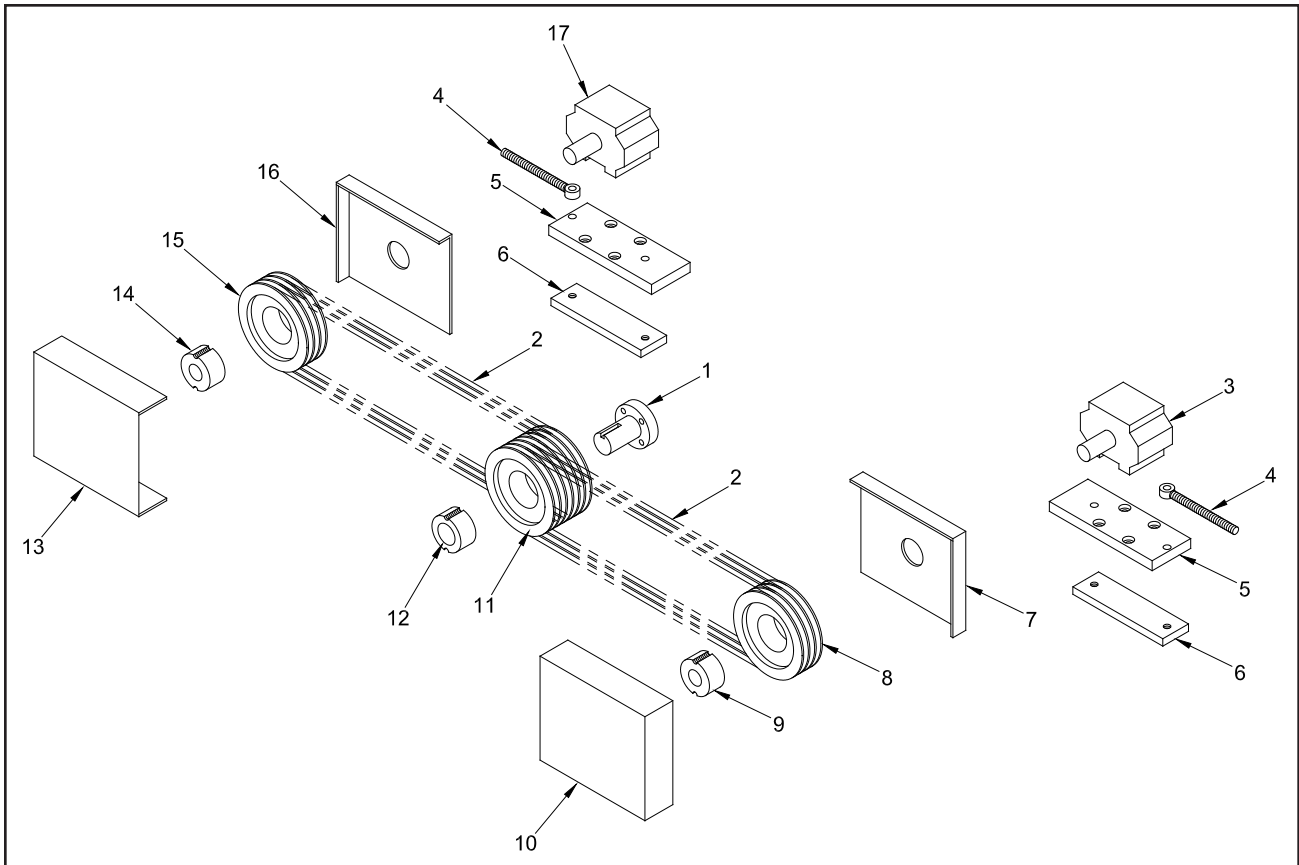
LOCATION	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1.	900-3932-95	Internal Hydraulic Return Filter Assembly (Includes Filter Element)
2.	900-3931-34	Filter Element Only For Internal Return Hydraulic Filter Assembly
3.	900-3910-18	External Hydraulic Return Filter Head
4.	900-3901-66	External Hydraulic Return Filter
5.	900-3934-84	High Pressure Filter Assembly (Includes Filter Element)
6.	900-3931-99	Filter Element Only For High Pressure Filter
7.	900-3914-16	High Pressure Filter Assembly (Includes Filter Element)
8.	900-3914-17	Filter Element Only For High Pressure Filter

**NOTE: Subject to change without notice,
reference the machine check sheet for the hydraulic part numbers.**

NOTE: Parts may not be exactly as shown.

Bandit

LOADER & TRACK PUMP DRIVES



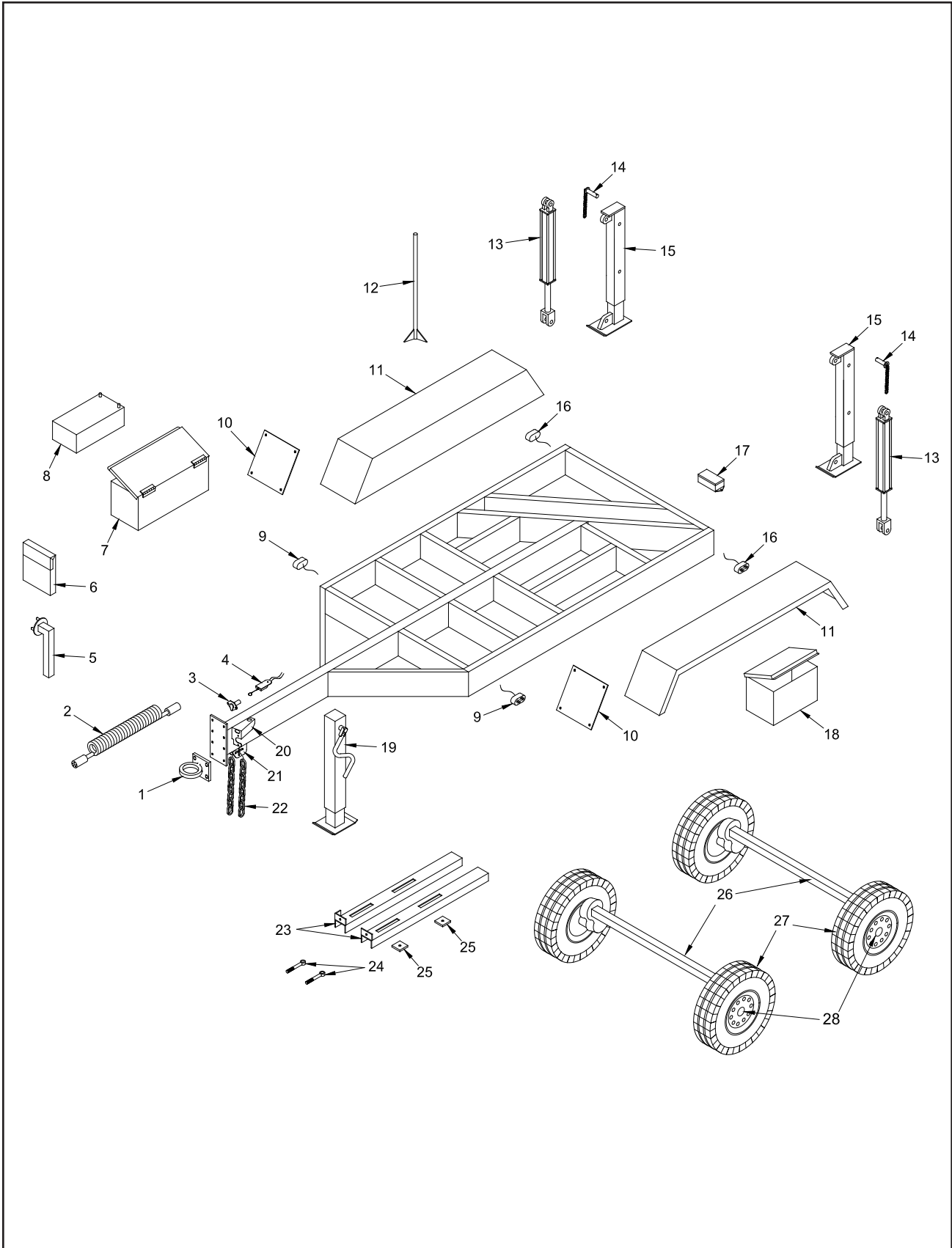
LOCATION	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1.	**	Stub Shaft For Engine
2.	**	Pump Belt
3.	900-3913-31	Pump Bearing Block
4.	900-4902-75	Pump Belt Tension Adjuster
5.	914-1005-52	Pump Mount Plate
6.	955-1010-91	Pump Mount Slide
7.	955-1011-25	Sheave Guard Mount
8.	**	Pump Sheave
9.	**	Pump Bushing
10.	955-1010-86	Sheave Guard Cover (Specify Right Or Left)
11.	**	Pump Sheave
12.	**	Pump Bushing
13.	955-1010-86	Sheave Guard Cover (Specify Right Or Left)
14.	**	Stub Shaft Bushing (Track Unit Only)
15.	**	Stub Shaft Sheave (Track Unit Only)
16.	955-1011-25	Sheave Guard Mount
17.	900-3913-31	Pump Bearing Block (Track Unit)

**** Components will vary order by Serial Number of machine or physical description.**

NOTE: Nuts, bolts, washers, and all other components can be ordered by physical description.

NOTE: Parts may not be exactly as shown.

Bandit



NOTE: Parts may not be exactly as shown.

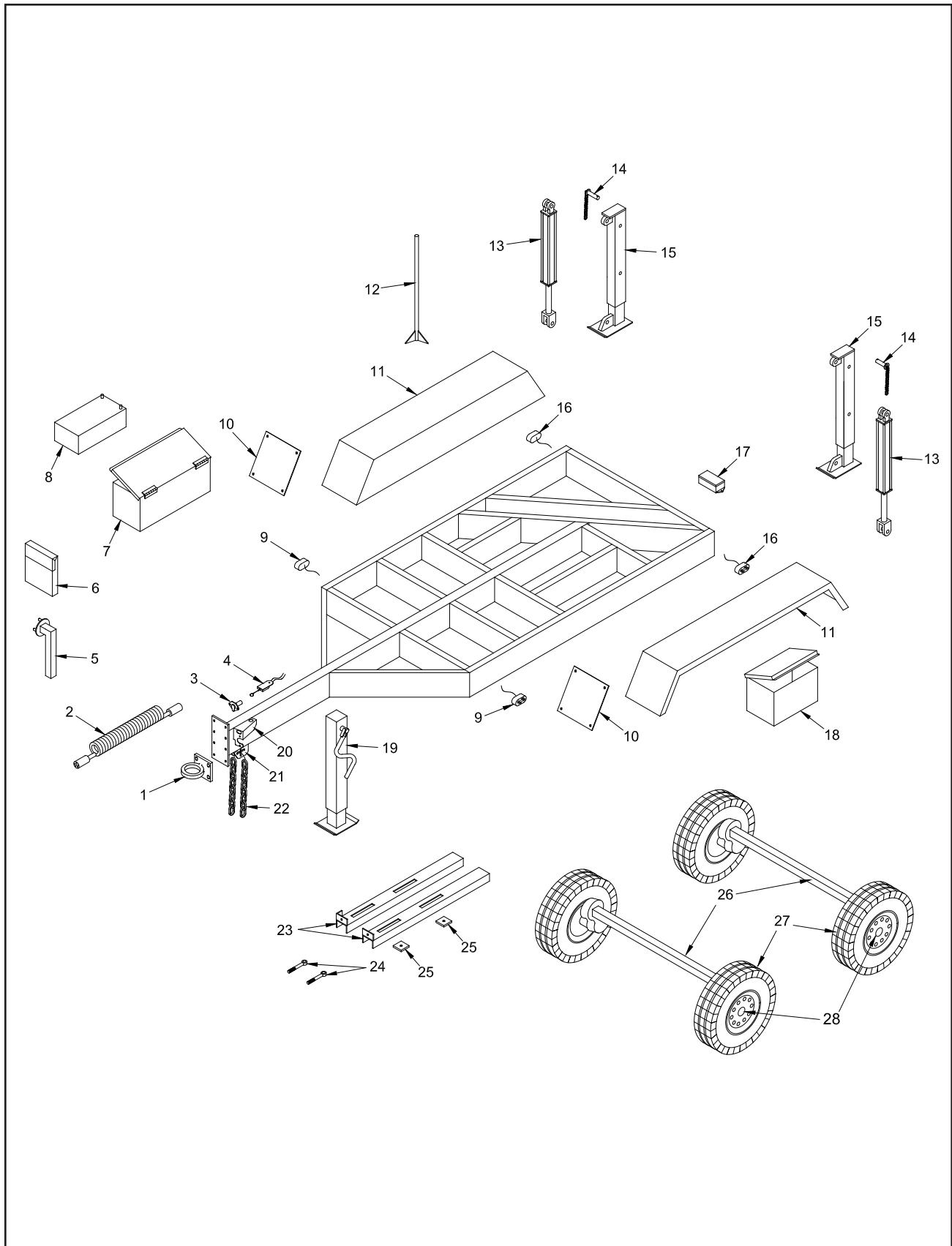
Bandit

LOCATION	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1 a.	900-5900-13	2 1/2" Heavy Duty Pintle Ring Hitch
b.	900-5905-73	3" Heavy Duty Pintle Ring Hitch
c.	*-*	Other Hitch Options Available
2 a.	900-2911-26	Coil Cable Assembly With 6 Prong Plugs - 12'
b.	900-2904-12	6-Prong Trailer Plug Male Plug Only
3.	900-2904-13	6-Prong Trailer Plug Female Plug Only
4.	900-5900-09	Electrical Breakaway Switch
5.	980-0510-51	Optional Spare Tire Mount
6.	900-9902-07	Manual Holder
7 a.	914-0503-57	Steel Battery Box For 1000 CCA Battery And Manual Holder
b.	955-0501-38	Aluminum Battery Box For 1000 CCA Battery And Manual Holder
c.	960-0500-51	Battery Box Assembly (300 Hp and over) (Not Shown)
8.	900-6900-73	1000 CCA Battery
9.	900-2909-92	Amber Marker Light
10 a.	955-300628	Optional Stone Guard - 14" x 13"
b.	955-1005-19	Optional Stone Guard - 16" x 13"
11 a.	955-1016-27	14" Wide Tandem Fender - Steel (under 10,000 lb axle)
b.	955-1015-73	16" Wide Tandem Fender - Steel (10,000 lb axle and over)
c.	937-300514	14" Wide Tandem Fender - Aluminum (under 10,000 lb axle)
d.	937-300426	16" Wide Tandem Fender - Aluminum (10,000 lb axle and over)
12 a.	955-200100	Optional Cone Holder For Mounting On Fender
b.	980-200202	Optional Cone Holder (Replaces 980-0508-30) (Not Shown)
c.	980-200215	Optional Bolt-On Cone Holder (Not Shown)
d.	980-200107	Optional Hoop Style Cone Holder (Not Shown)
e.	900-7900-86	Cap For Cone Holder (Not Shown)
13 a.	900-3934-24	Rear Stabilizer Cylinder - Welded
b.	900-3912-12	Rear Stabilizer Cylinder - Tie Rod
c.	904-0007-14	Pin For Welded Cylinder (Not Shown)
14.	914-1000-38	Lock Pin
15 a.	955-0502-21	Rear Hydraulic Stabilizer Assembly
b.	980-0509-53	Inside Tube Assembly Only
c.	980-0506-88	Rear Manual Stabilizer (Not Shown)
16.	900-2909-91	Red Marker Light
17.	900-2902-41	Junction Box for Wiring
18 a.	900-7900-78	Aluminum Tool Box
b.	980-0508-37	Steel Tool Box
19 a.	900-5904-82	10,000 Lbs. Drop Leg Jack (Start 4/04)
b.	900-5903-78	8,000 Lbs. Drop Leg Jack (3/02 - 3/04)
c.	980-0127-45	Mount For 8,000 Lbs. Drop Leg Jack (3/02 - 3/04)
d.	980-0127-44	Pin For 8,000 Lbs. Drop Leg Jack (3/02 - 3/04)
e.	937-1002-31	5,000 Lbs. Side Crank Jack (Pre 2/02)
f.	900-5905-71	Pivot Mount For 5,000 Lbs. Jack (Pre 2/02)

**** Order Brake Hub And Drum Assembly According To Axle Type.
(Grease Type, Oil Type, Never Lube Type).**

***-* Engine Rails And Adjusters Will Vary Depending On Engine And Component Options.
Order By Serial Number Of Chipper Or Physical Description.**

NOTE: Other Fenders And Fender Stone Shields Are Optional.



NOTE: Parts may not be exactly as shown.

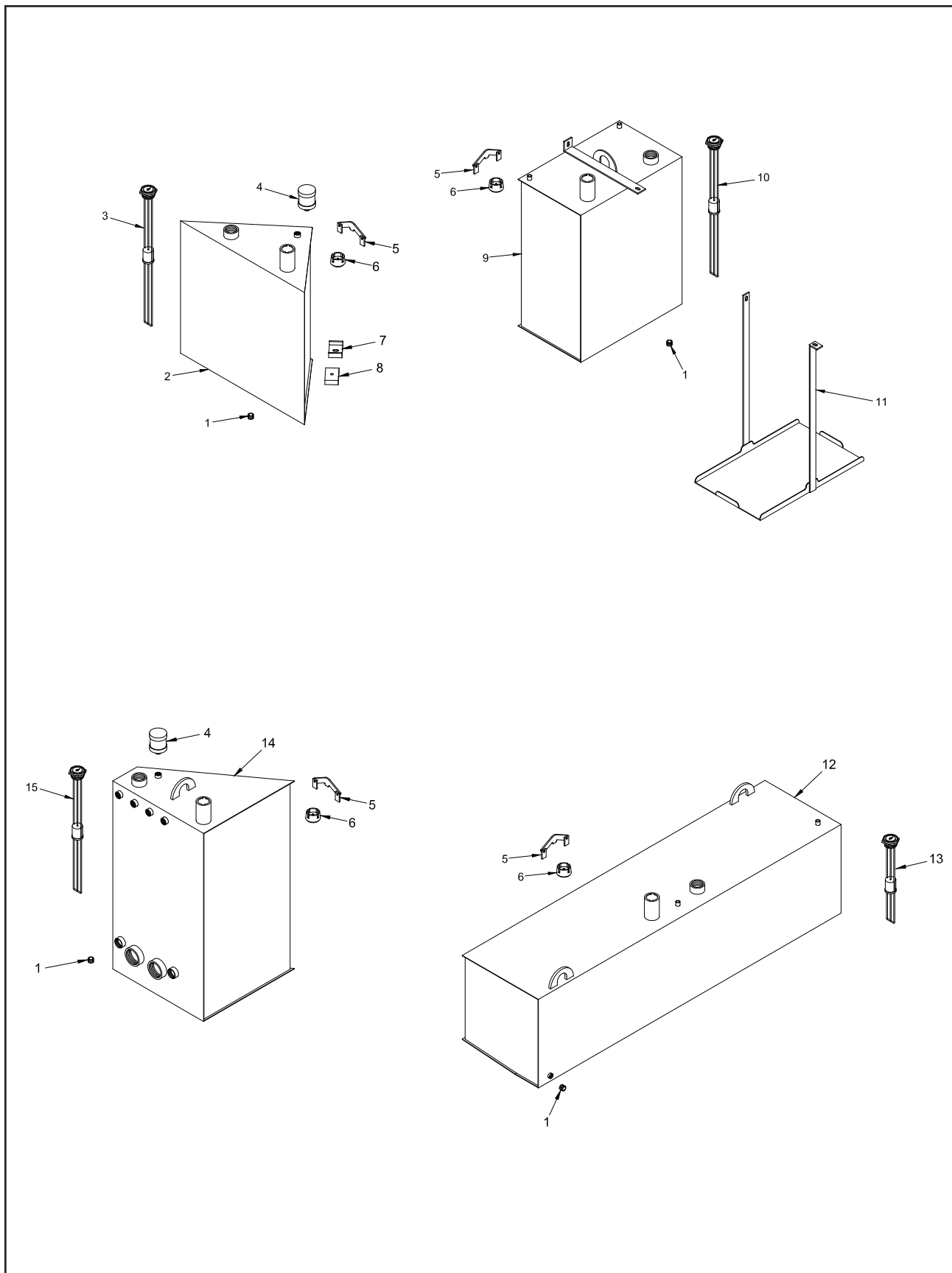
Bandit

LOCATION	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
20.	980-300106	Trailer Plug Receptacle Mount
21.	980-0121-31	Safety Chain Holder
22 a.	900-4912-71	Safety Chain W / Hooks and Spring Latches for Standard Tongue
b.	900-4905-77	Hook For Safety Chain
23.	*_*	Engine Rails
24.	900-4905-11	Engine Adjuster Rod End - 5/8"-11NC X 6"
25.	980-0101-33	Engine Mount Pad For 5/8" Engine Hold Down
26 a.	900-5902-70	7,000 Lb. Torflex Axle Assembly (Electric Brake)
b.	900-5903-93	10,000 Lb. Torflex Axle Assembly (Electric Brake)
c.	900-5904-06	12,000 Lb. Spring Axle Assembly (Electric Brake)
27 a.	900-5905-03	235/85R-16" Tire and White Spoke, 8-Bolt Rim
b.	900-5905-01	235/85R-16" Tire Only
c.	900-5904-22	16" x 6" White Spoke, 8-Bolt Rim Only
d.	900-5904-76	235/75R-17.5" Tire and Solid Gray, 8-Bolt Rim
e.	900-5904-48	235/75R-17.5" Tire Only
f.	900-5904-49	17.5" x 6.75" Solid Gray, 8-Bolt Rim Only
28.	**	Brake Hub and Drum Assembly
29 a.	980-0508-25	Optional Wheel Chock Holders Aluminum Bolt-On (Not Shown)
b.	980-0508-26	Optional Wheel Chock Holders Metal Weld-On (Not Shown)
30.	900-5902-32	Optional Rubber Wheel Chock (Not Shown)
31.	900-5900-62	Optional Safety Flags For Fenders (Not Shown)
32 a.	900-9904-94	Optional Vice (Not Shown)
b.	980-300113	Optional Weld-On Vice Mount (Not Shown)

**** Order Brake Hub And Drum Assembly According To Axle Type.
(Grease Type, Oil Type, Never Lube Type).**

***_* Engine Rails And Adjusters Will Vary Depending On Engine And Component Options.
Order By Serial Number Of Chipper Or Physical Description.**

NOTE: Other Fenders And Fender Stone Shields Are Optional.



NOTE: Parts may not be exactly as shown.

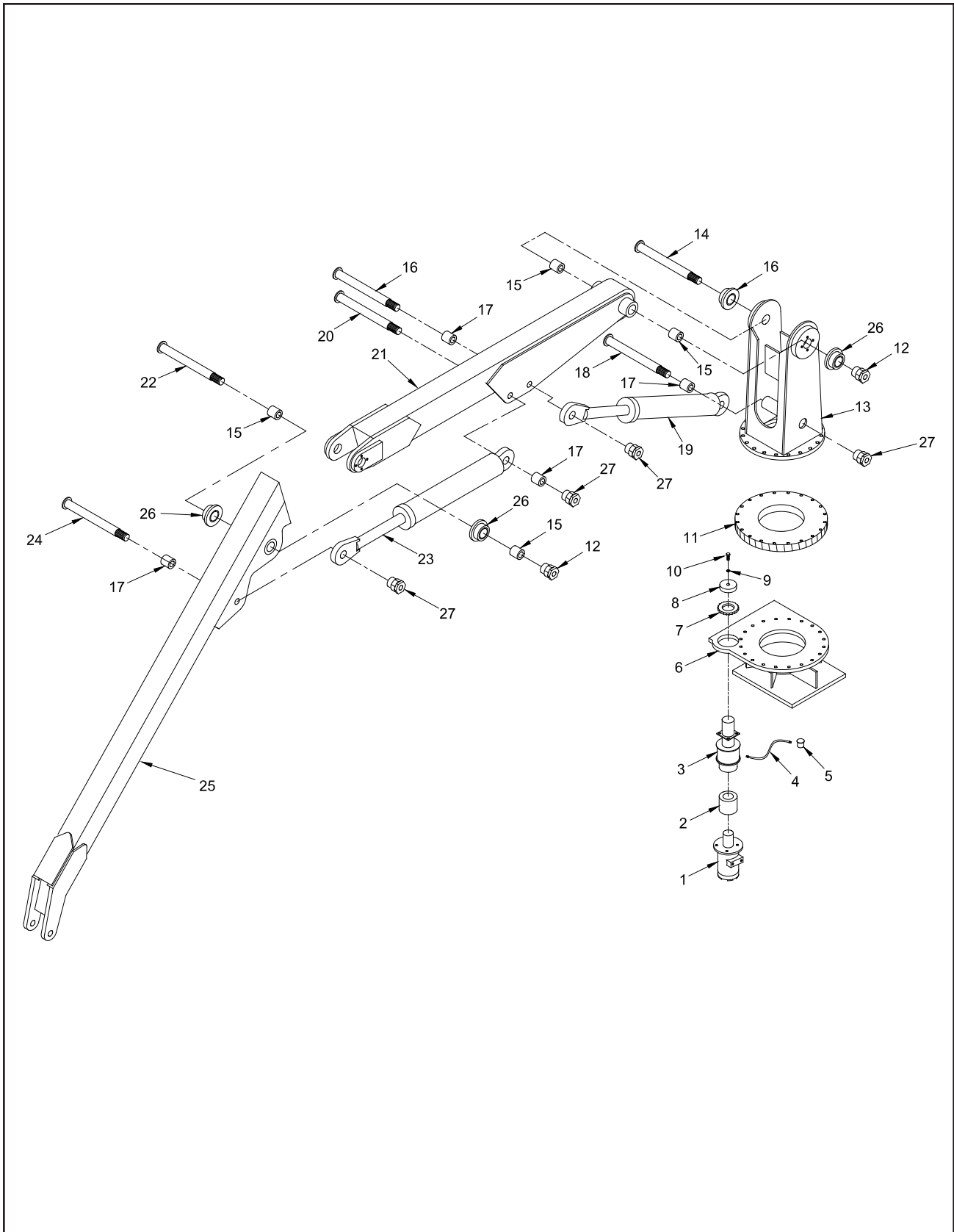
Bandit

LOCATION	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1.	900-3922-60	Magnetic Drain Plug
2.	955-0500-49	30 Gallon Triangle Hydraulic Tank Assembly
3.	900-2904-14	Rochester Sight Gauge For 30 Gallon Triangle Hydraulic Tank
4.	900-3913-68	Moisture Separator (If Equipped)
5.	980-0506-85	Fill Cap Lock Assembly For Steel Tank With 900-3917-71 Fill Cap
6 a.	900-3934-56	Fuel Locking Fill Cap - Green (Replaces 900-3917-71)
b.	900-3934-55	Hydraulic Locking Fill Cap - Black (Replaces 900-3917-71)
c.	900-3935-06	Keeper For Fuel & Hydraulic Locking Fill Cap (Not Shown)
d.	900-3913-72	Fill Cap - Non Vented (For Hydraulic Tank If Equipped With Moisture Separator)
e.	900-3907-66	Fill Cap With Dipstick (Steel Tank)
7.	980-0123-07	Tank Mount - Welded To Tank
8.	900-7900-14	Rubber Mounting Pad
9.	914-0502-10	60 Gallon Rectangle Fuel Tank Assembly
10.	900-2904-14	Rochester Sight Gauge For 60 Gallon Fuel Tank
11 a.	955-0500-38	Tank Mount Tray For 60 Gallon Fuel Tank
b.	900-0104-95	Rubber Fuel Tank Pad (Not Shown)
12.	955-0501-12	125 Gallon Rectangle Fuel Tank Assembly - 1850 Track
13 a.	900-2902-26	Electric Sight Gauge For 100 Gallon Rectangle Fuel Tank - 1850 Track
b.	900-2913-05	Electric Gauge Face
14.	955-0501-60	70 Gallon Triangle Hydraulic Tank Assembly - 1850 Track
15 a.	900-2902-26	Electric Sight Gauge For 70 Gallon Triangle Hydraulic Tank - 1850 Track
b.	900-2913-05	Electric Gauge Face
16 a.	900-4912-40	Padlock With Short Shackle For Tank With Locking Cap (Not Shown)
b.	P812	Key For Padlock (Not Shown)

**NOTE: Components vary with fuel type.
Specify gas or diesel when ordering fuel tank components.**

**NOTE: Tank assemblies vary with options.
Specify all options when ordering.**

MODEL 1700 LOADER (START 5/98)



NOTE: Parts may not be exactly as shown.

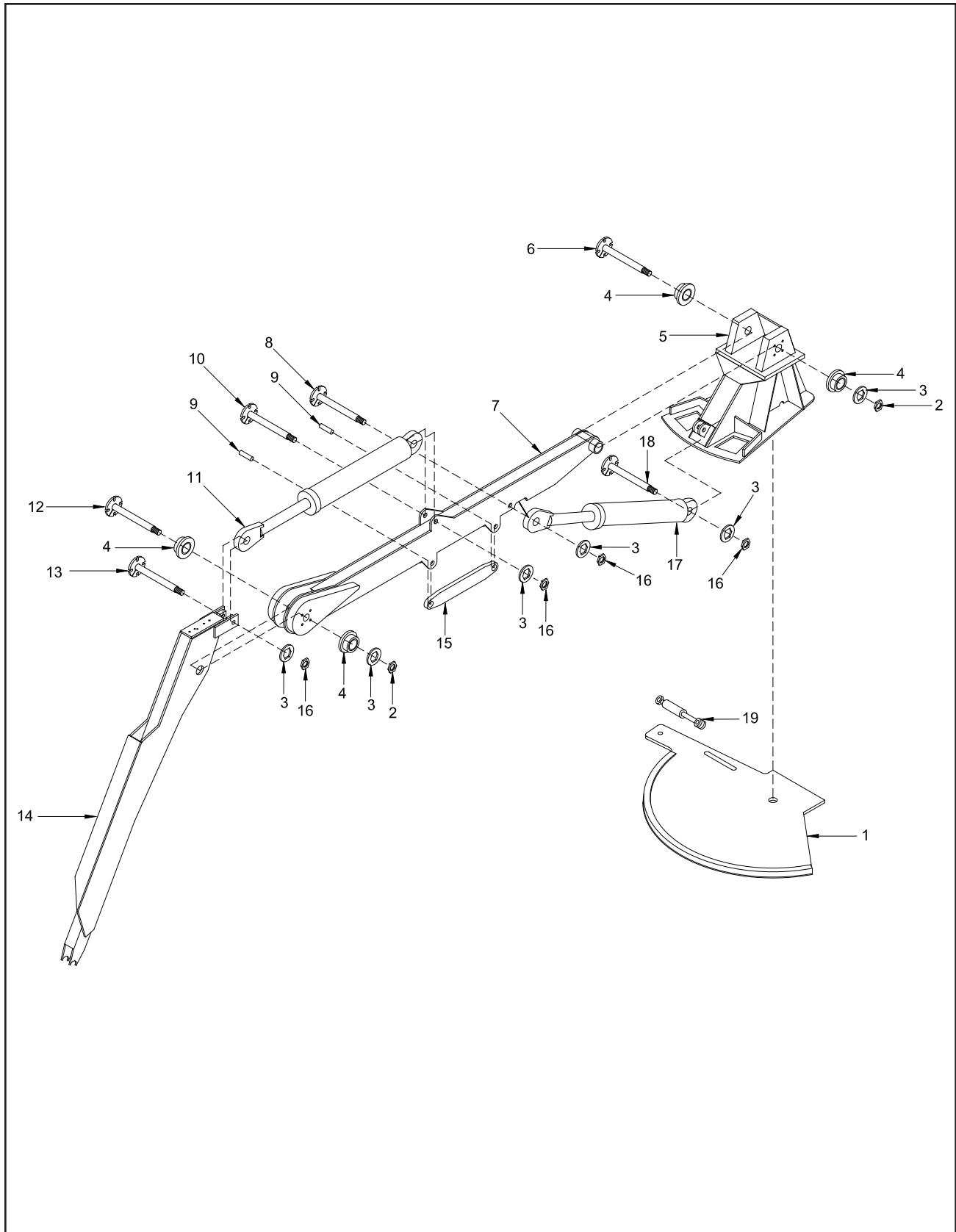
Bandit

MODEL 1700 LOADER (START 5/98)

LOCATION	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1.	900-3901-57	Loader Swing Hydraulic Motor
2.	900-3901-59	Input Shaft (Spline Adaptor)
3.	900-3901-58	Planetary Speed Reducer
4.	900-3934-85	Oil Hose For Planetary Speed Reducer
5.	900-3904-42	Oil Cup For Planetary Speed Reducer
6.	955-0500-80	Pedestal Base Assembly
7.	900-1903-47	Turntable Pinion Gear
8.	955-0501-01	Pinion Retainer Cap
9.	900-4906-86	Pinion Cap Retainer Washer (1/2" Lock Washer)
10.	900-4900-60	Pinion Cap Retainer Bolt (1/2"-20NF x 1 1/2" Hex Head Bolt)
11.	900-1903-87	Turntable Bearing
12.	900-4901-10	Pivot Pin Lock Nut
13.	916-0500-90	Pedestal Assembly
14.	955-0500-87	Main Boom Pivot Pin
15.	900-9900-35	Split Steel Bushing
16.	955-0501-04	Rod Cylinder Pin On Main Boom
17.	900-1901-90	Spherical Bushing
18.	955-0501-03	Base End Cylinder Pin In Pedestal
19.	900-3937-00	Main Boom Cylinder
20.	955-0501-04	Loader Cylinder Pin On Main Boom
21.	916-0500-94	Main Boom Assembly
22.	955-0500-88	Jib Boom Loader Pivot Pin
23.	900-3937-01	Jib Boom Cylinder
24.	955-0501-02	Loader Cylinder Pin On Jib Boom
25.	955-0500-83	Jib Boom Assembly
26.	960-0011-67	Replaceable Steel Bushing
27.	900-4902-31	Cylinder Pin Nut
28.	955-1015-11	Jib Boom To Grapple Pin (Not Shown)
29.	900-4902-35	Loader Swing Lock Pin (Not Shown)
30 a.	900-4902-26	Loader Safety Chain (Not Shown - Specify Length)
b.	900-4905-77	Hook For Safety Chain (Not Shown)

NOTE: Nuts, bolts, washers, and all other components can be ordered by physical description.

BACK HOE LOADER (PRE 5/98)



NOTE: Parts may not be exactly as shown.

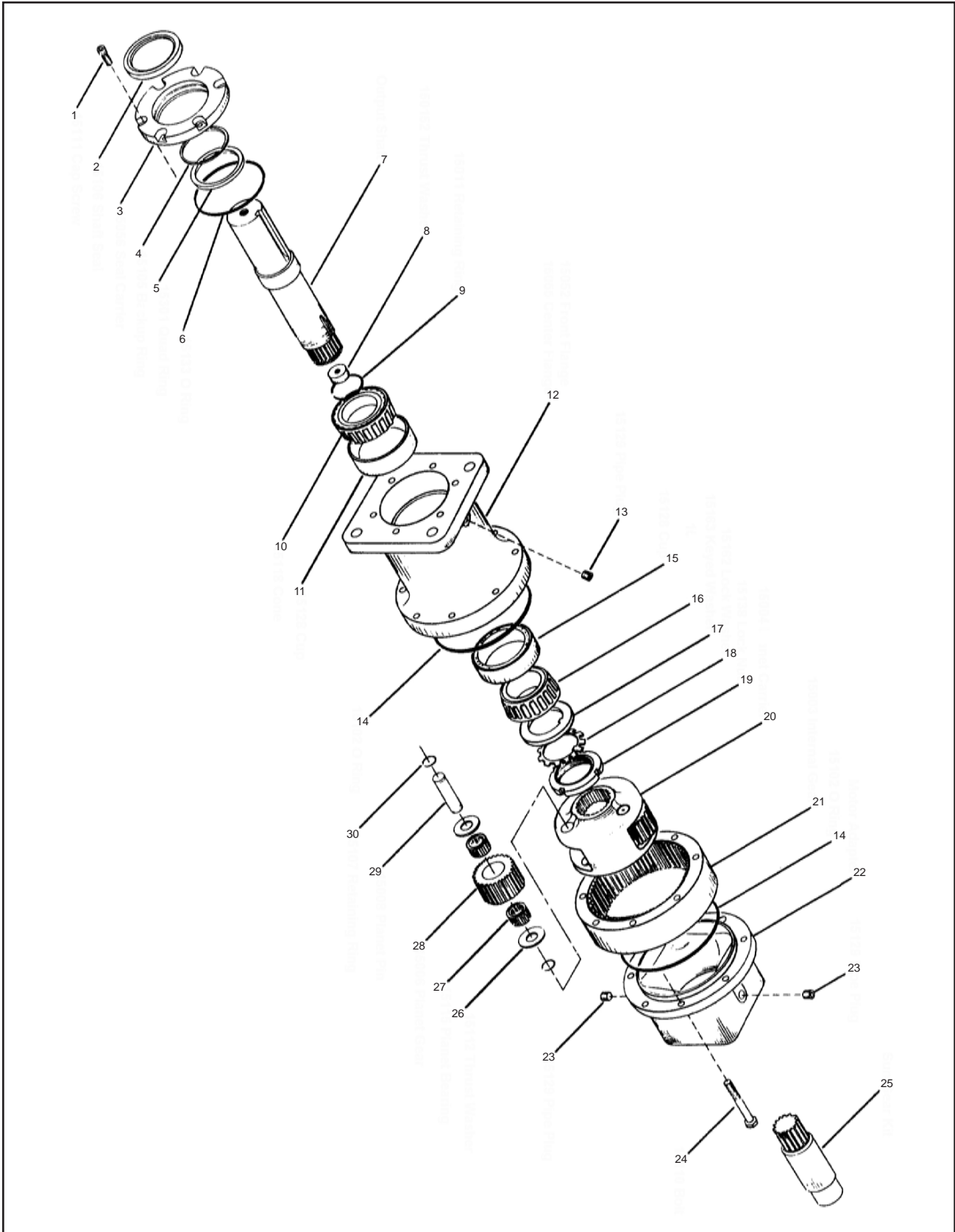
Bandit

BACK HOE LOADER (PRE 5/98)

LOCATION	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1.	955-0500-43	Loader Pedestal Assembly
2.	955-1010-72	Cylinder Pin Nut
3.	955-1008-64	Cylinder Pin Lock
4.	914-1012-14	Pivot Bushing Assembly
5.	955-0500-43	Pedestal Assembly
6.	914-0502-38	Main Boom To Pedestal Pin
7.	955-0500-41	Main Boom Assembly
8.	914-0502-36	Main Boom Cylinder To Main Boom Pin
9.	914-1012-19	Top Pivot Pin
10.	914-0502-37	Jib Boom Cylinder To Main Boom Pin
11.	900-3924-07	Jib Boom Cylinder
12.	914-0502-39	Jib Boom To Main Boom Pin
13.	914-0502-37	Jib Boom Cylinder To Jib Boom Pin
14.	955-0500-42	Jib Boom Assembly
15.	914-1010-78	Transport Brace
16.	955-1008-66	Cylinder Pin Nut
17.	900-3905-32	Main Boom Cylinder
18.	955-1007-96	Main Boom Cylinder To Pedestal Pin
19.	900-3903-01	Loader Swing Cylinder
20 a.	900-4902-26	Loader Safety Chain (Not Shown - Specify Length)
b.	900-4905-77	Hook For Safety Chain (Not Shown)

**NOTE: Nuts, bolts, washers, and all other components
can be ordered by physical description.**

PLANETARY SPEED REDUCER



NOTE: Parts may not be exactly as shown.

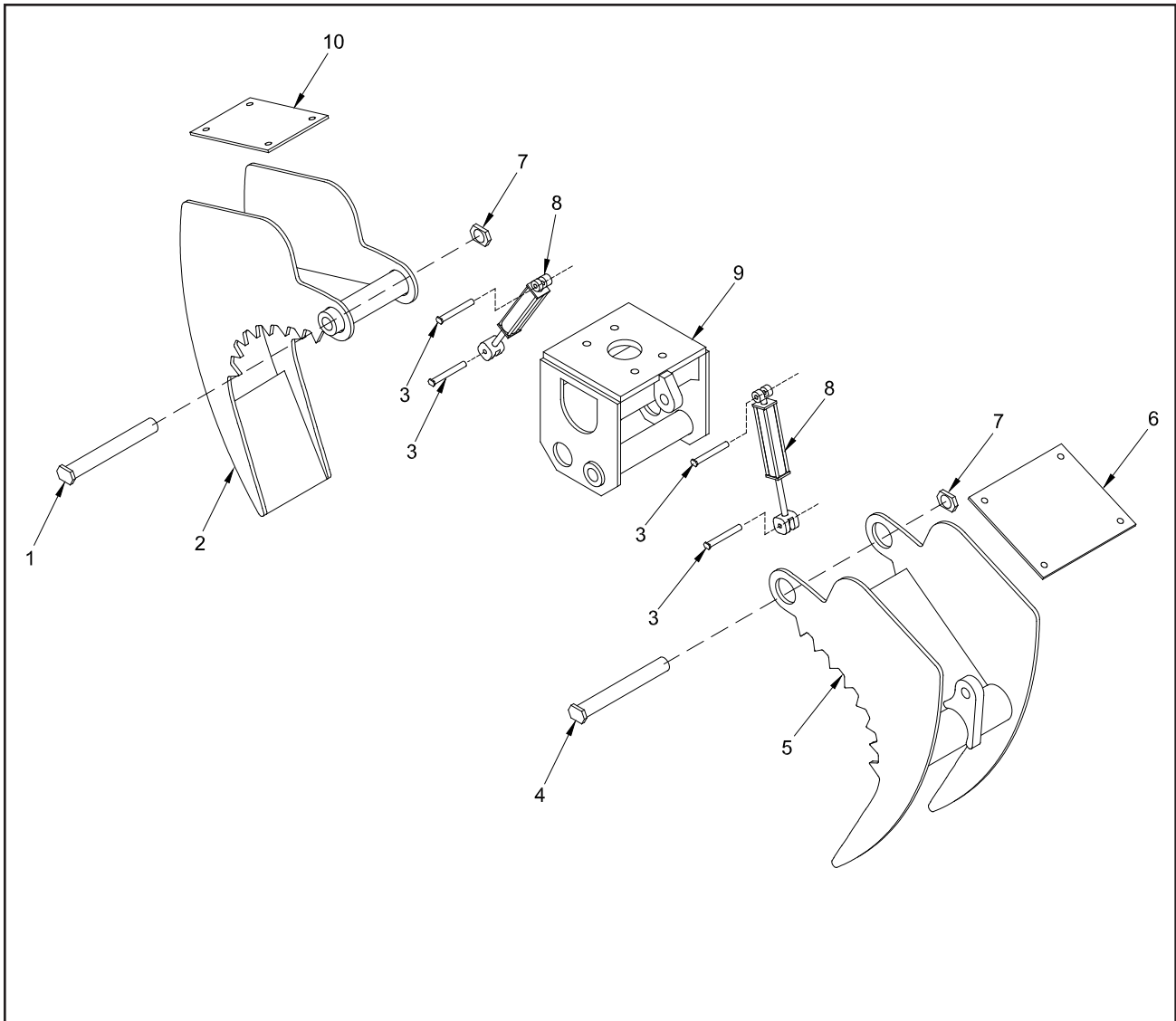
Bandit

PLANETARY SPEED REDUCER

LOCATION	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1.	15111	Cap Screw
2.	15106	Shaft Seal*
3.	15056	Seal Carrier
4.	15105	Backup Ring*
5.	15301	Quad Ring*
6.	15133	O-Ring*
7.		Output Shaft
	15053	2.25" Straight Keyed
	15054	2.25" Tapered
	15096	16T 8/16 Spline
	15057	4-Bolt Flange
	15224	5-Bolt Flange
8.	15015-2	Thrust Washer
9.	15011	Retaining Ring
10.	15118	Cone
11.	15128	Cup
12.	15052E	Bearing Housing
	15052	Front Flange
	15055	Center Flange
13.	15121	Pipe Plug
14.	15102	O-Ring*
15.	15128	Cup
16.	15118	Cone
17.	15163	Keyed Washer
18.	15162	Lock Washer
19.	15138	Lock Nut
20.	15004	Planet Carrier
21.	15003	Internal Gear
22.		Motor Adaptor
	15205	SAE A 2-Bolt
	15064	SAE B 2-Bolt
	15241	Ross MAB & MAE
23.	15129	Pipe Plug
24.	15110	Bolt
25.		Input Shaft (Sun Gear - Order Sun Gear Kit)
26.	15112	Thrust Washer
27.	15113	Planet Bearing
28.	15005	Planet Gear
29.	15008	Planet Pin
30.	15107	Retaining Ring
31 a.	15930	Seal Kit - Buna
b.	15932	Seal Kit - Viton
32.	900-3901-58	Entire Planetary Speed Reducer Assembly

NOTE: Seal kits include items indicated by *

DUAL CYLINDER GRAPPLE



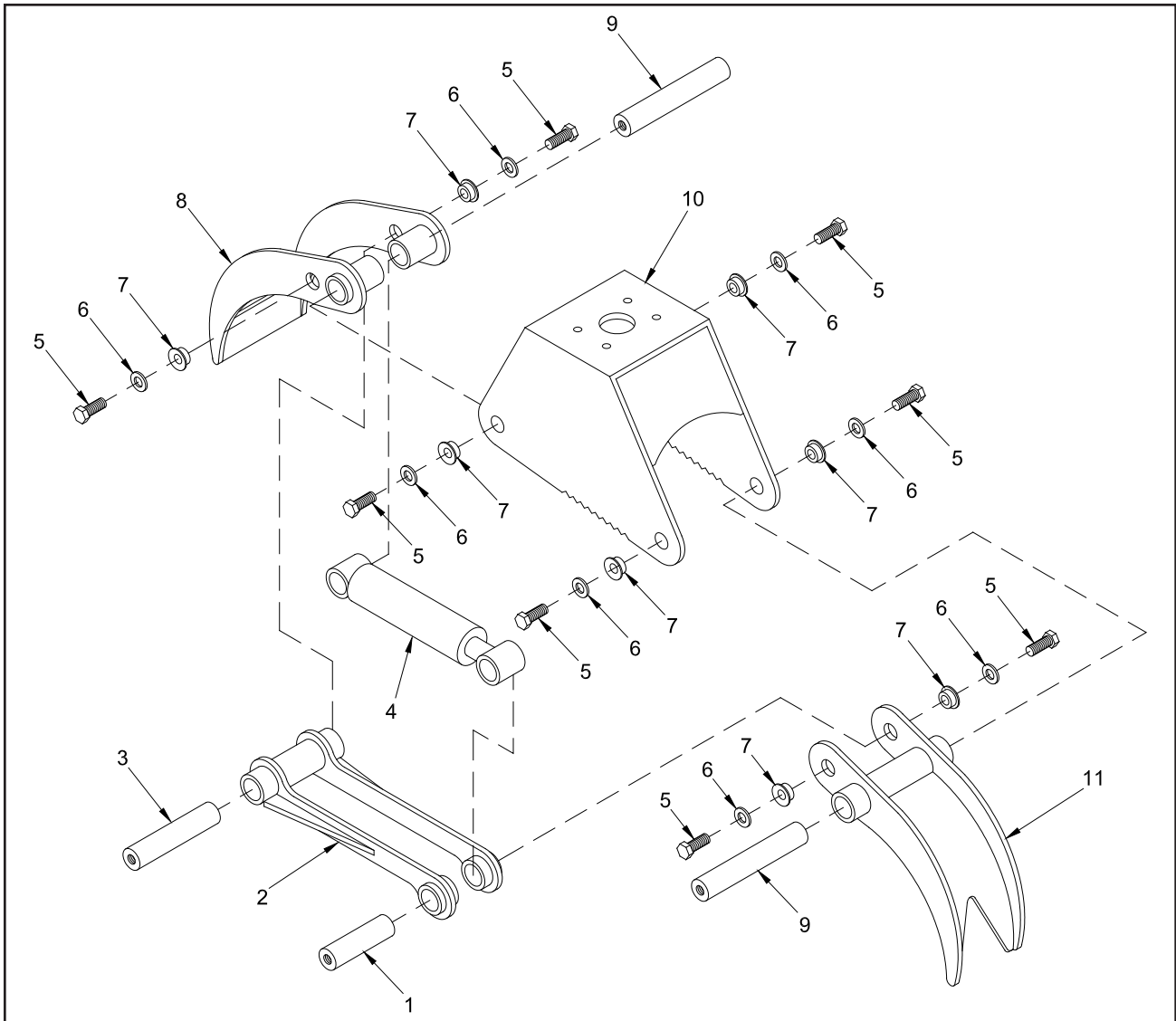
LOCATION	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1.	955-0501-52	Grapple Jaw Pin
2.	914-0503-11	Narrow Jaw Assembly
3.	914-0500-89	Grapple Cylinder Pins
4.	955-0501-52	Grapple Jaw Pin
5.	914-0503-12	Wide Jaw Assembly
6.	955-1011-67	Cylinder Cover Wide Jaw
7.	900-4903-70	Grapple Jaw Pin Nut
8 a.	900-3933-18	Grapple Jaw Cylinder - Welded (Started 1/06)
b.	900-3917-21	Grapple Jaw Cylinder - Tie Rod (Pre 1/06)
9.	914-0503-13	Grapple Housing
10.	955-1011-66	Cylinder Cover Narrow Jaw
11.	914-0503-14	Grapple Assembly (No Cylinders or Rotator)

NOTE: Nuts, bolts, washers, and all other components can be ordered by physical description.

NOTE: Parts may not be exactly as shown.

Bandit

SINGLE CYLINDER GRAPPLE



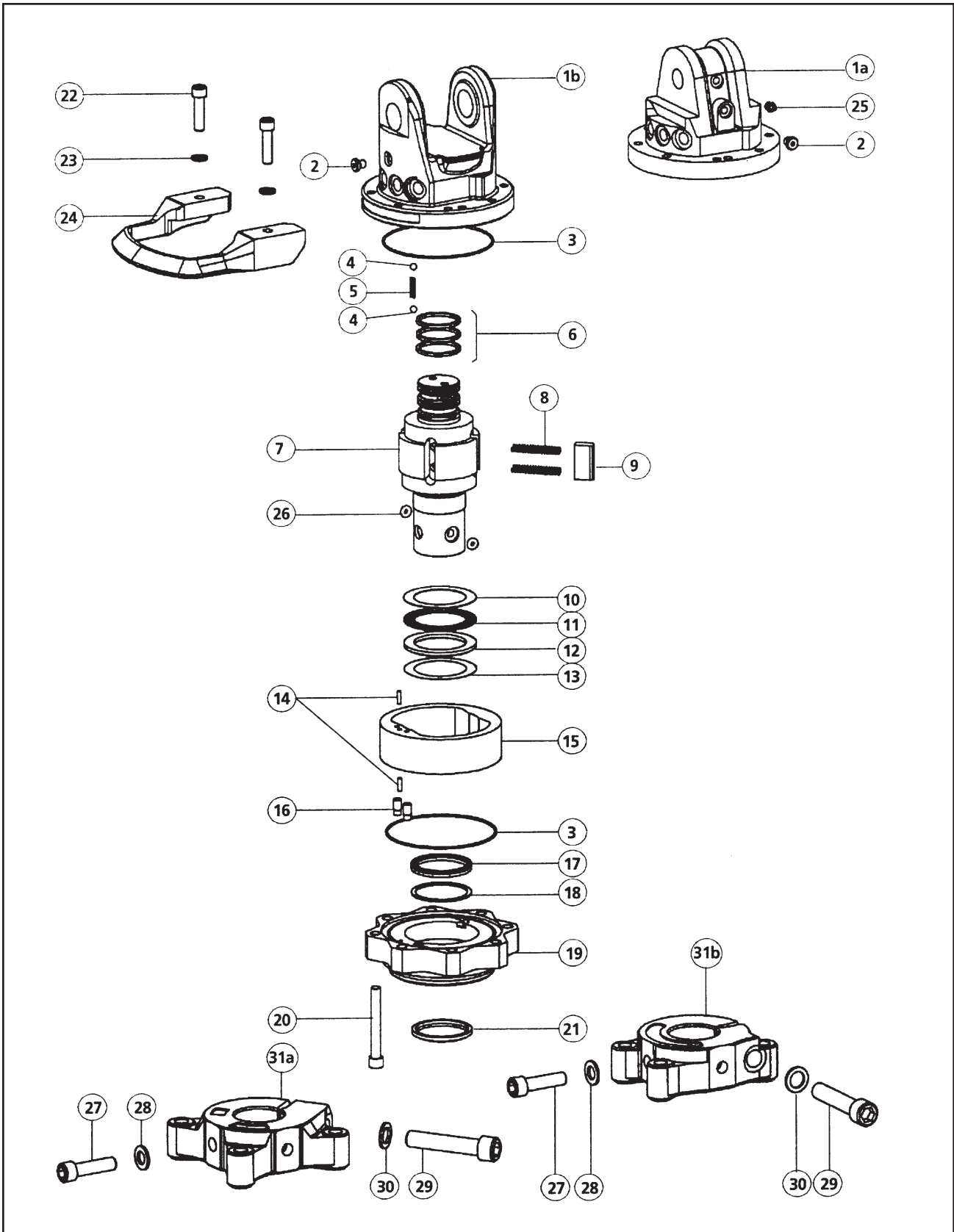
LOCATION	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1.	955-300043	Pivot Link Pin - 2" Diameter x 6 15/16"
2.	955-200026	Pivot Link Assembly
3.	955-300042	Pivot Link Pin - 2" Diameter x 9 1/2"
4.	955-200027	Cylinder Assembly
5.	900-4913-18	7/8"-9NC x 2 1/4" Hex Head Bolt
6.	900-4901-98	7/8" Mill Carb Washer
7.	938-300639	Bushing
8.	955-200023	Wide Jaw Assembly
9.	955-300044	Grapple Jaw Pin - 2" Diameter x 11 3/4"
10.	955-200021	Grapple Housing Assembly
11.	955-200024	Narrow Jaw Assembly
12.	955-200025	Grapple Assembly (No Cylinders or Rotator)

NOTE: Nuts, bolts, washers, and all other components can be ordered by physical description.

NOTE: Parts may not be exactly as shown.

Bandit

GRAPPLE ROTATOR



NOTE: Parts may not be exactly as shown.

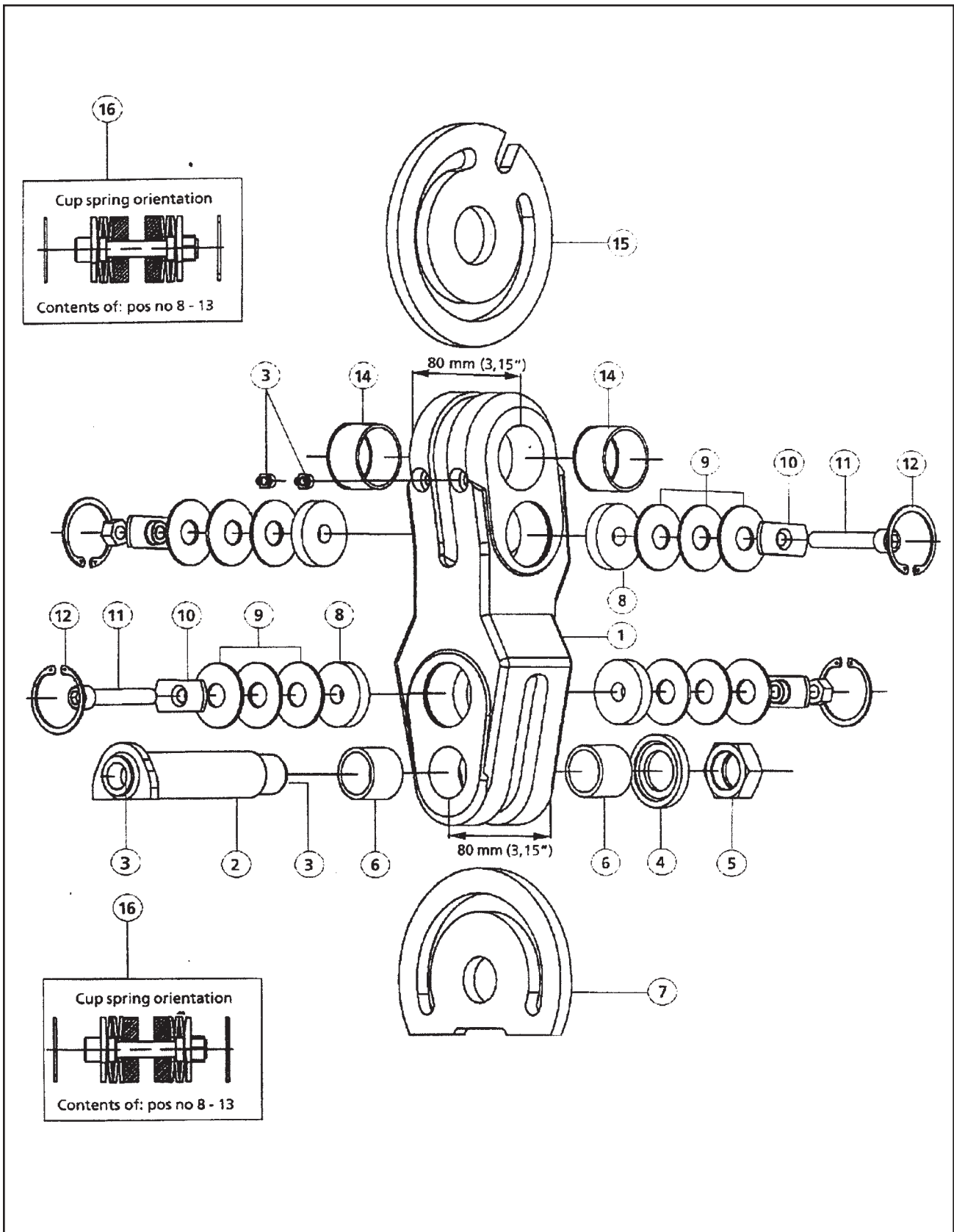
Bandit

GRAPPLE ROTATOR

LOCATION	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1 a.	5002-508	Stator Plate, Upper (Pre 9/02)
1 b.	5002-603	Stator Plate, Upper (Start 9/02)
2.	5001-381	Plug
3.	1024-025	O-Ring
4.	1005-545	Ball
5.	1020-536	Spring
6.	1024-082	Glide Ring
7.	5002-513	Rotator Shaft
8.	5006-030	Spring
9.	5002-525	Vane
10.	1024-058	Washer
11.	1024-041	Axial Needle Bearing
12.	1024-033	Washer
13 a.	5002-575	Shim Set
13 b.	5002-546	Shim 0.100 mm
13 c.	5002-547	Shim 0.125 mm
13 d.	5002-548	Shim 0.150 mm
13 e.	5002-549	Shim 0.178 mm
14.	1013-580	Roll Pin
15.	5002-512	Stator Frame
16.	5011-105	Valve
17.	1024-066	Seal
18.	1024-074	Support Ring
19.	5002-514	Stator Plate, Lower
20.	1022-649	Screw
21.	1024-090	Wiper Seal
22.	1014-950	Screw
23.	1015-304	Washer
24.	900-3935-49	Hose Guard
25.	1001-825	Grease Nipple
26.	1024-017	O-Ring
27.	1002-153	Screw
28.	1020-890	Washer
29.	1019-488	Screw
30.	1019-496	Washer
31 a.	5002-523	Lower Link FK
31 b.	5002-524	Lower Link FI
32.	5002-522	Seal Kit (Includes 3,6,17,18,21, & 26)
33 a.	900-3910-19	Entire Rotator Assembly (Pre 9/02)
33 b.	900-3918-89	Entire Rotator Assembly (Start 9/02)

**NOTE: Nuts, bolts, washers, and all other components
can be ordered by physical description.**

DUAL SWING BRAKE (START 9/02)



NOTE: Parts may not be exactly as shown.

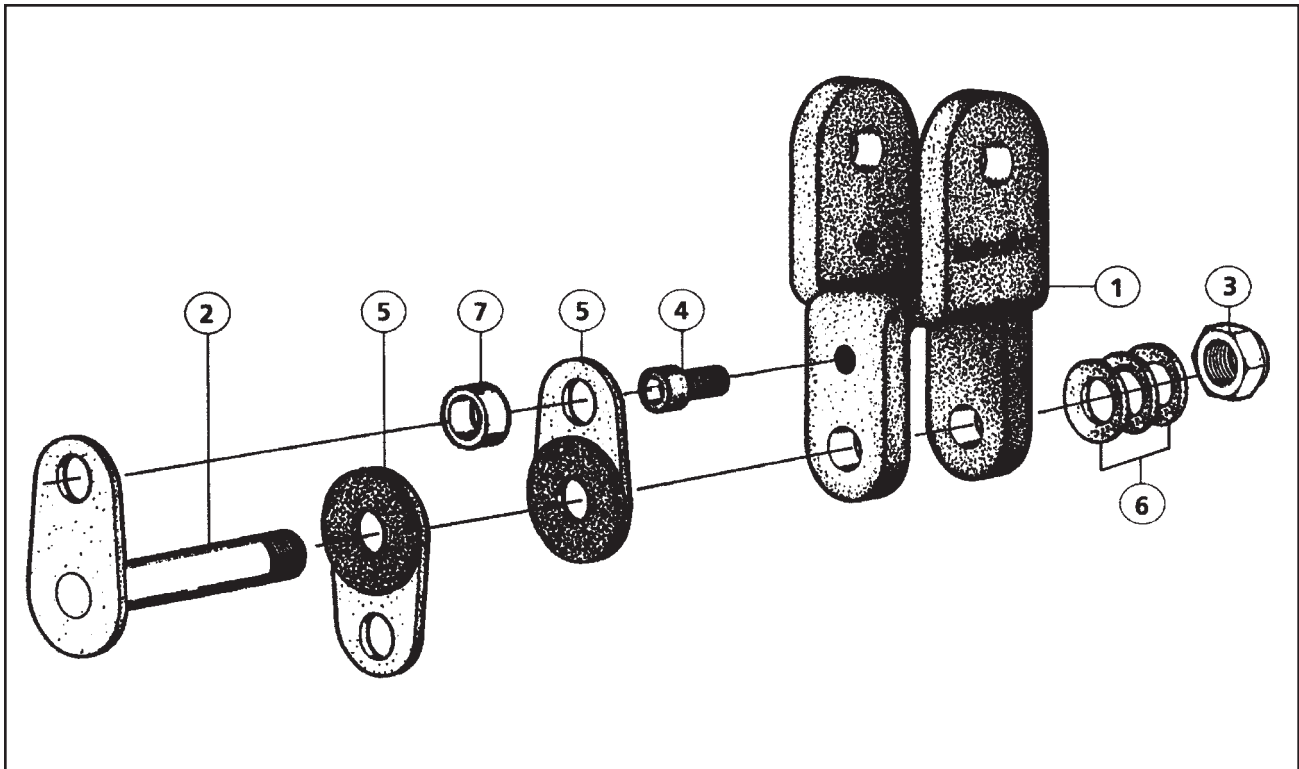
Bandit

DUAL SWING BRAKE (START 9/02)

LOCATION	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1.	5006-557	Dual Swing Damper Body
2.	900-4908-28	Pin - 35mm Diameter
3.	1001-825	Grease Nipple
4.	900-4908-31	Washer
5.	900-4908-30	Nut
6.	5006-670	Bushing - 35mm Diameter
7.	5016-274	Lower Brake Disc
8.	5016-125	Brake Block
9.	1026-616	Cup Spring
10.	5016-269	Positioning Flange
11.	1003-755	Socket Head Cap Screw
12.	1004-027	Retaining Ring
13.	1008-374	Lock Nut
14.	5002-429	Bushing - 30mm Diameter
15.	5016-276	Upper Brake Disc
16.	5006-650	Brake Kit (Includes 8 - 13) (2 Required Per Assembly)
17.	900-4908-32	Pin Kit (Includes 2, 4, & 5)
18.	900-4905-70	Dual Swing Brake Assembly
19.	1029-461	Users Manual

NOTE: Nuts, bolts, washers, and all other components can be ordered by physical description.

KNUCKLE SWING BRAKE (PRE 9/02)



LOCATION	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1.	900-4904-80	Damper Link Body
2.	5002-363	Pin
3.	1005-594	Nut (M24)
4.	1017-839	Screw (M16 x 30)
5.	900-4904-83	Brake Lining With Disc (2 Required Per Assembly)
6.	900-4904-84	Cup Spring
7.	5002-275	Washer
8.	900-4904-81	Pivot Kit With Brake (Includes 2 - 7) (2 Required Per Ass'y)
9.	900-4904-89	Damper Link Kit Assembly

NOTE: Nuts, bolts, washers, and all other components can be ordered by physical description.

NOTE: Parts may not be exactly as shown.

Bandit

OMNEX REMOTE

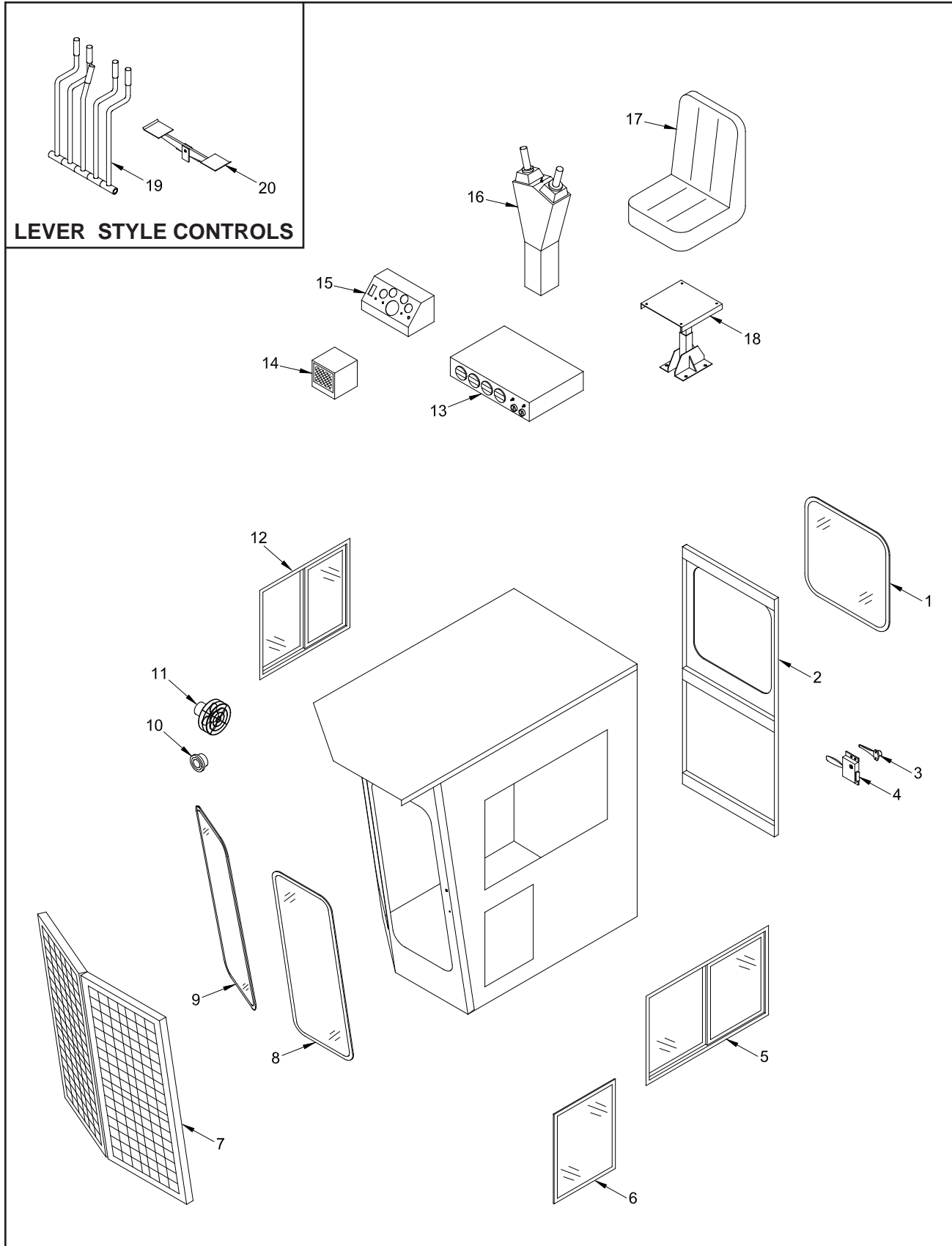


LOR REMOTE



LOCATION	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1.	900-2917-09	Omnex Radio Transmitter - Trailerized Unit
2.	900-2917-08	Omnex Radio Receiver - Trailerized Unit
3.	900-2917-56	Omnex Radio Remote Kit - Trailerized Unit (Includes 1-2)
4.	900-2912-81	LOR Radio Transmitter - Trailerized Unit
5.	900-2912-80	LOR Radio Receiver - Trailerized Unit
6.	900-2912-66	LOR Antenna
7.	900-2912-82	LOR Tether Transmitter - Trailerized Unit
8.	900-2912-79	LOR Radio Remote Kit - Trailerized Unit (Includes 4-7)

NOTE: Parts may not be exactly as shown.

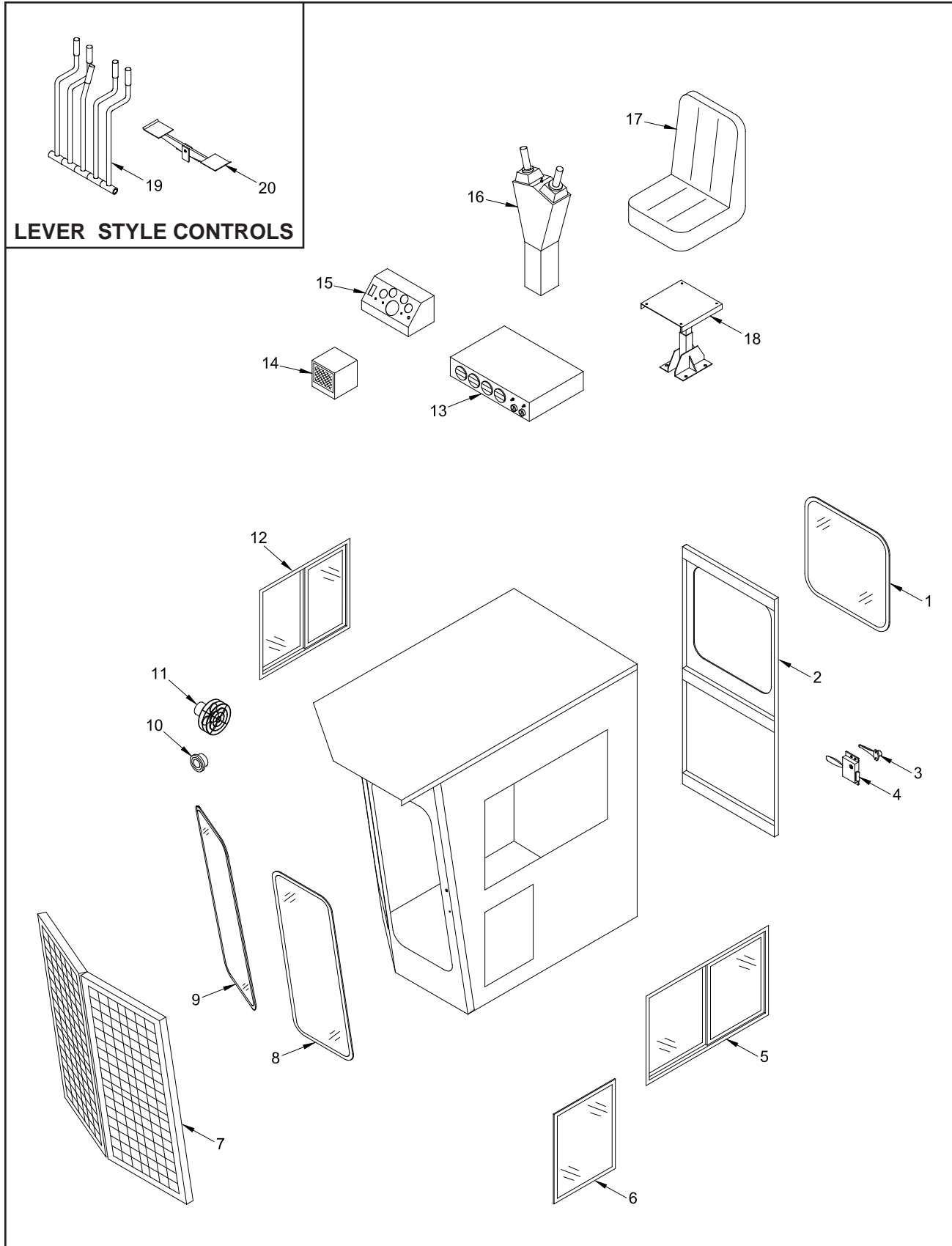


NOTE: Parts may not be exactly as shown.

Bandit

LOCATION	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1 a.	960-0003-98	Cab Door Window - Loader
b.	900-8900-01	Cab Door Window - Track
2 a.	960-0500-75	Cab Door Assembly - Loader
b.	900-9906-60	Cab Door Assembly - Track
3 a.	900-9900-29	Outside Door Handle
b.	AH112	Key Only
4.	900-9900-28	Inside Door Handle
5.	960-0004-03	Side Sliding Window (Curb Side)
6.	900-8900-00	Bottom Window - Track Only
7.	960-0500-94	Cab Window Guard - Front
8 a.	960-0003-99	Front Window - Loader
b.	900-8900-03	Front Window - Track
9 a.	960-0004-01	Front / Side Window - Loader
b.	900-8900-02	Front / Side Window - Track
10 a.	900-2901-17	Horn - 12 Volt
b.	900-2914-19	Horn - 24 Volt
c.	900-2900-54	Horn Button
11 a.	900-2900-91	Cab Fan - 12 Volt
b.	900-2907-82	Cab Fan - 24 Volt
12 a.	960-0004-04	Side Sliding Window (Road Side) - Loader
b.	900-9906-61	Side Sliding Window (Road Side) - Track
13 a.	900-9904-04	A/C Unit - 12 Volt
b.	900-9904-31	A/C Unit - 24 Volt
c.	900-9906-50	A/C Unit Filter (Not Shown)
d.	900-9906-51	30 Amp Breaker For A/C Unit - 12 Volt (Not Shown)
e.	900-9906-52	15 Amp Breaker For A/C Unit - 24 Volt (Not Shown)
f.	900-9903-48	A/C Compressor - 12 Volt (Not Shown)
g.	900-9903-23	A/C Compressor - 24 Volt (Not Shown)
h.	900-9904-13	A/C Blower Fan Assembly - 12 Volt (Not Shown)
i.	900-9903-70	A/C Blower Fan Assembly - 24 Volt (Not Shown)
j.	900-9903-26	A/C Receiver / Drier (Not Shown)
k.	900-9903-19	A/C Binary Boot Connector (Not Shown)
l.	900-9903-29	A/C Binary Switch (Not Shown)
m.	900-9902-35	A/C Unit Drain Hose (Not Shown)
n.	900-9904-15	A/C Thermostat (Not Shown)
o.	900-2915-21	A/C Control Knob (Not Shown)
p.	900-9903-22	A/C Condenser (Not Shown)
q.	900-9906-48	A/C Evaporator (Not Shown)
14 a.	900-9901-09	Cab Heater - 12 Volt
b.	900-9900-53	Cab Heater - 24 Volt
c.	900-2916-33	Cab Heater Fan Motor Only (Not Shown)
d.	900-2916-34	Cab Heater Fan Blades Only (Not Shown)
e.	900-2916-49	A.R. Linter Heater Control Switch (Not Shown)
f.	900-2916-50	Mill Supply Heater Control Switch (Not Shown)

**** Components will vary order by Serial Number of machine or physical description.**

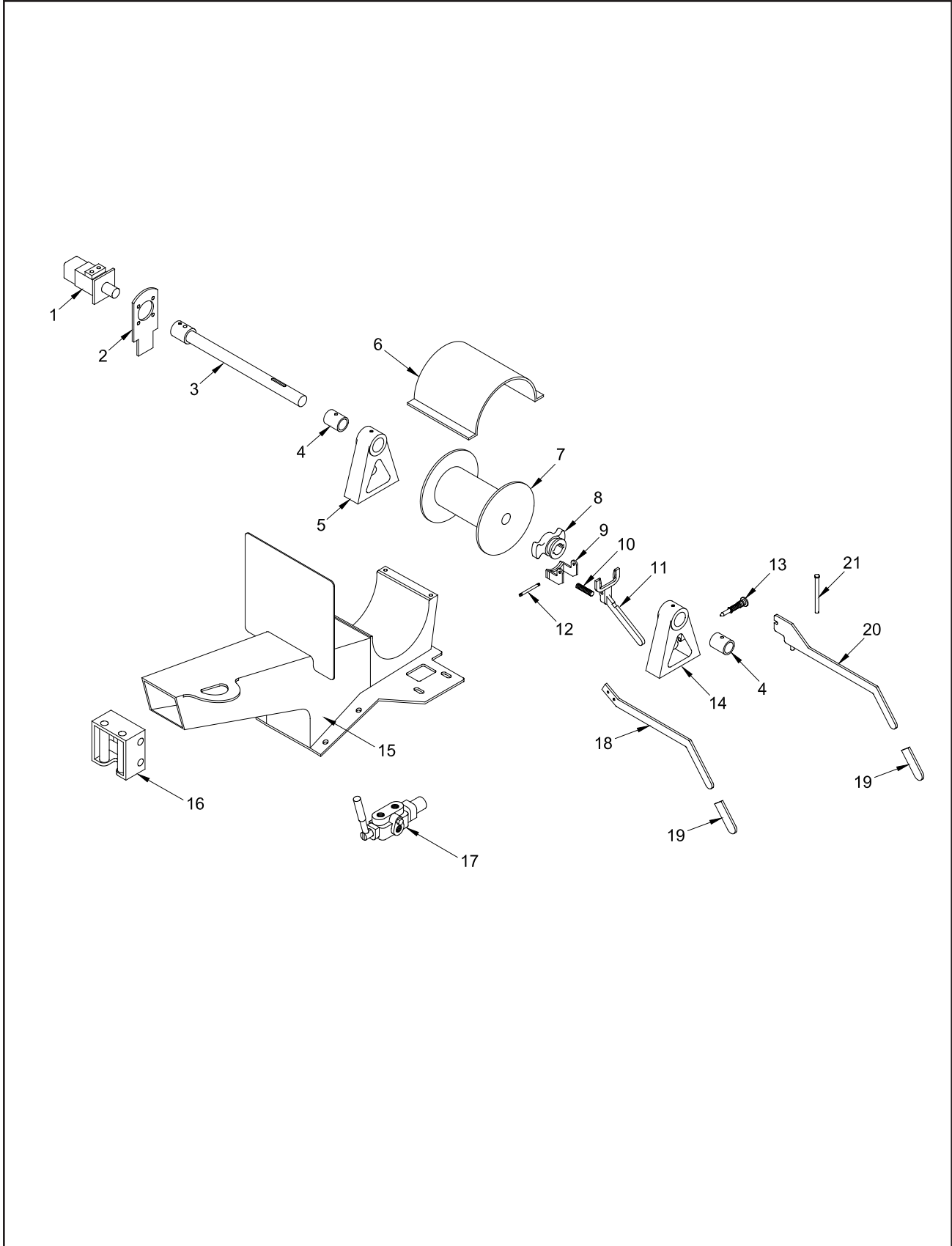


NOTE: Parts may not be exactly as shown.

Bandit

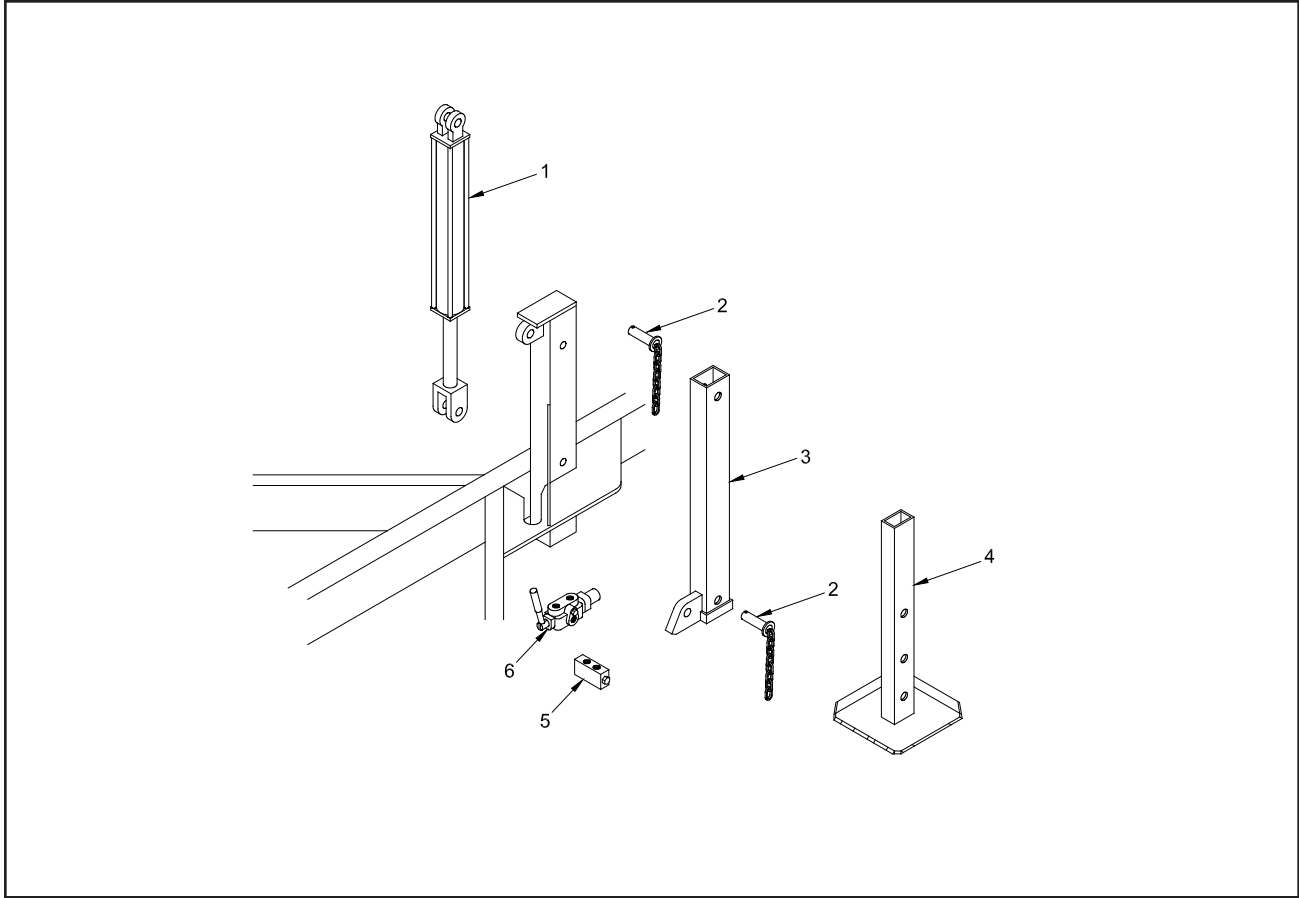
LOCATION	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
15 a.	955-0501-20	Gauge Panel
b.	900-2904-77	Visual Flashing Alarm Indicator - 12 Volt (Not Shown)
c.	900-2905-10	Visual Flashing Alarm Indicator - 24 Volt (Not Shown)
d.	900-2904-78	Audible Alarm Indicator (Not Shown)
e.	900-2916-51	Water Temperature Gauge (Not Shown)
f.	900-2916-52	Oil Pressure Gauge (Not Shown)
g.	900-2902-77	Fuel Level Gauge (Not Shown)
h.	900-2904-76	Hydraulic Fluid Electric Switch Gauge - 12 Volt (Not Shown)
i.	900-2905-11	Hydraulic Fluid Electric Switch Gauge - 24 Volt (Not Shown)
j.	900-2906-98	Throttle Toggle Switch (Not Shown)
k.	900-2904-88	Engine Kill Switch (Not Shown)
l.	900-2906-57	Blade Type Fuse Block (Not Shown)
m.	900-2900-96	Glass Fuse Holder (Not Shown)
n.	900-2900-95	30 Amp Glass Fuse (Not Shown)
16 a.	955-0501-22	Joystick Console
b.	See Pages 116-117	Joystick
c.	900-2907-00	Feedwheel Toggle Switch (Not Shown)
d.	900-2910-46	Track / Loader Toggle Switch (Not Shown)
17 a.	900-9900-06	Operator's Seat
b.	900-9903-11	Seat Belt (Not Shown)
18.	914-0502-24	Seat Pedestal
19 a.	960-0500-83	Control Lever Assembly
b.	900-9902-26	Rubber Grip For Lever
20 a.	955-0501-51	Foot Pedal Assembly
b.	900-4901-06	Foot Pedal Tie Rod Ends (Not Shown)
21 a.	900-2904-89	Cab Power Key Switch With Key - Current (Not Shown)
b.	CH506	Key Only (Not Shown)
c.	900-2900-97	Cab Power Key Switch With Key - Previous (Not Shown)
d.	DH08	Key Only (Not Shown)
22 a.	900-2901-51	Feedwheel Selector Switch Only - Previous (Not Shown)
b.	900-2901-06	Feedwheel Control Box Only - Previous (Not Shown)
c.	900-2901-05	Contact Block Only - Previous (Not Shown)
23.	900-2900-84	Terminal Block (Not Shown)

**** Components will vary order by Serial Number of machine or physical description.**



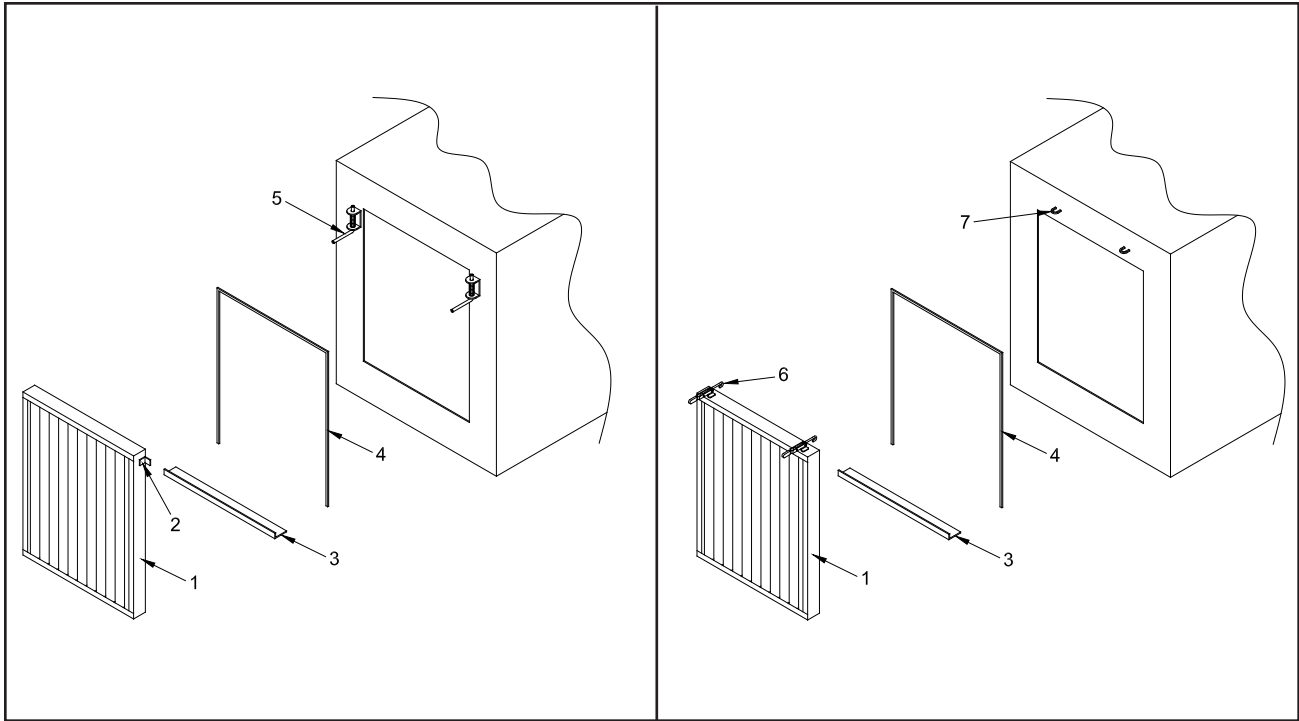
NOTE: Parts may not be exactly as shown.

LOCATION	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1	a. 900-3921-57	Winch Hydraulic Motor (SAE O-rings) "RS" - Square
	b. 900-3902-14	Winch Hydraulic Motor (Pipe Fittings) "RS" - Square
	c. 900-3924-39	Winch Hydraulic Motor (SAE O-rings) "RE" - Round
2	a. 981-1001-01	Winch Motor Torque Arm For "RS" Motor
	b. 955-1011-71	Winch Motor Torque Arm For "RE" Motor
3	a. 43626	Winch Shaft Only
	b. 900-3905-22	Winch Shaft With Keys
4.	40003	Winch Bushing For A Frame
5.	900-3905-21	Winch A Frame Arm (Also Includes # 4)
6.	980-300260	Winch Drum Cover
7.	900-3905-19	Winch Drum
8.	900-3905-17	Winch Clutch
9.	40473	Winch Brake Shoe Only
10.	40024	Winch Spring
11	a. 40469	Winch Shift Lever Only
	b. 900-3905-16	Winch Shift Lever With #'s 9 & 10
12	a. 40025	Winch Pin For Brake Assembly
	b. 41669	Winch Snap Ring For Winch Pin
13.	900-3905-14	Winch Release Lever Pin Assembly
14.	900-3905-18	Winch Arm (Includes #'s 4, 9 - 13)
15	a. 980-200162	Winch Tunnel Assembly
	b. 920-200027	Winch Tunnel Assembly For 2090 With Loader Or 1850 With Loader & Cab (Not Shown)
	c. 955-200076	Winch Tunnel Assembly For 1850 With Loader Or 2090 With Loader & Cab (Not Shown)
16	a. 980-0505-82	Winch Roller Assembly
	b. 914-1004-18	Winch Roller Only
	c. 900-4902-27	Winch Roller Bolt Only
17	a. 900-3920-01	Winch Valve (SAE O-rings)
	b. 900-3901-42	Winch Valve (Pipe Fittings)
18.	955-300376	Winch Shift Lever Extension (If Applicable)
19.	900-9904-59	Vinyl Cap For Handle Extension (If Applicable)
20.	955-300377	Lock Pin Handle Extension (If Applicable)
21.	900-4913-00	Pivot Pin For Winch Handle Extension (If Applicable)
22.	904-0002-60	Winch Kit (Includes #'s 1 - 17)



LOCATION	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1 a.	900-3934-24	Tongue Jack Cylinder - Welded
b.	900-3912-12	Tongue Jack Cylinder - Tie Rod
c.	904-0007-14	Pin For Welded Cylinder (Not Shown)
2.	914-1000-38	Lock Pin
3.	980-0131-50	Inside Tube Assembly
4.	980-0509-53	Drop Leg Foot Pad Assembly
5.	900-3925-94	Check Valve
6 a.	900-3920-01	Tongue Jack Valve (SAE O-rings)
b.	900-3901-42	Tongue Jack Valve (Pipe Fittings)
7.	980-0509-00	Hydraulic Tongue Jack Kit (Includes #'s 1 - 6)

NOTE: Parts may not be exactly as shown.



LOCATION	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1.	980-0508-17	Bandit H.D. Foldaway Radiator Screen Ass'y (specify latch type)
2.	980-0122-86	Spring Lock Tab Foldaway Radiator Screen
3.	*_*	Mount Tray For Foldaway Radiator Screen
4.	900-7900-57	Weather Strip
5 a.	900-4901-83	Spring Lock Plunger
b.	900-7900-93	Rubber Cap For Spring Lock - 1/2" Diameter
6.	900-4901-61	Hook Pull Clamp
7.	980-0128-77	Lock Tab For Hook

***_* Will Vary Depending On Engine And Component Options. Order By Serial Number Of Chipper Or Physical Description.**

NOTE: Parts may not be exactly as shown.

Bandit

